Mainland dominance to prevail in ties across straits

National sovereignty to be defended, separatist activities combatted, observers say

Top watchdog vows to win tough, protracted battle against corruption

China's foreign policy bears much fruit over past year

Experts: Fast rebound will benefit world

Country's economy expected to bounce back from COVID disruptions by end of first quarter
Taiwan question: Beijing maintains the initiative

A pilot takes part in a drill conducted by the People's Liberation Army around Taiwan island on Aug. 7. Wang Ruiqiao/China Daily

March 31 - A policy is introduced to allow people in Taiwan to register individually-owned businesses in 122 sectors in the Chinese mainland, including processing, heavy manufacturing, pet services and entertainment agencies.

July 11 - Xi Jinping, general secretary of the Communist Party of China Central Committee, sends a letter to young people from Taiwans who attended the 25th birthday feast held in Taiwan Province. He calls for young people to come back to the mainland to servce the Chinese dream of national rejuvenation.

July 20 - A symposium is held in Beijing to mark the 70th anniversary of the CSSR Consul of the Chinese mainland, which has been widely praised for its service to the people of Taiwan.

Aug. 2 - United States House Speaker Nancy Pelosi arrives in Taiwan by military airf or a two-day trip, during which she meets with the island's leader Tsai Ing-wen. The Chinese government takes unprecedented countermeasures including cutting three cooperative dialogues or meetings with US defence agencies, suspending military ties, and conducting live-fire drills around Taiwan.

Aug. 10 - A white paper titled 'The Taiwan Question and Chinese Reunification in the New Era' is published, elaborating on the Communist Party of China's views on the Taiwan question, including a path to national unification.

Aug. 14 - The mainland sanctions a set of "Taiwan independence" leaders, including Hsueh Shengfeng, who has been "represented to be" the representative of the US House of Representatives.

Aug. 15 - The mainland decides to give "Taiwan independence" the status of "international crime" and at a press conference the people of Taiwan will not take responsibility for their actions.

In October: The report in the 20th National Congress of the CPC stresses that the mainland will implement the Party's overall policy for reaching the Taiwan question in the New Era, resolutely opposing and fighting separatist activities, and firmly promoting national reunification.

Election focus

A number of Taiwanese may affect the situation across the Taiwan Straits, including the influence on cross-strait relations and ties with the US.

Wrong signals

Beijing is interpreting its moves as a clear signal that China will establish a stronger military presence in the Taiwan Strait.

Beijing said the military exercises taken by Taiwan's Ministry of National Defense sent a clear warning that China will take countermeasures to safeguard national sovereignty and territorial integrity.

Wrong speech

A policy is announced to allow people in Taiwan to register individually-owned businesses in 122 sectors in the Chinese mainland, including processing, heavy manufacturing, pet services and entertainment agencies.

Wrong moves

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Wrong acts

The mainland sanctions a set of "Taiwan independence" leaders, including Hsueh Shengfeng, who has been "represented to be" the representative of the US House of Representatives.

Wrong conclusion

In October: The report in the 20th National Congress of the CPC stresses that the mainland will implement the Party's overall policy for reaching the Taiwan question in the New Era, resolutely opposing and fighting separatist activities, and firmly promoting national reunification.

Factbox

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Beijing maintains the initiative
New areas for growth of job market sought

Employment-first policy will be strengthened and entrepreneurship supported, minister says

By CHENG SHI
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China will maintain a stable employment situation by strengthening and continuously implementing the employment policy to ensure a healthy job market situation.

In December, the nation surpassed the year’s target of creating 11 million urban jobs, with the employment rate of college graduates and other key groups — primarily rural residents and urbanization-determined military members — amounting to 90.4% and 91.5% respectively, in addition to the number of formerly employed people newly increased, the minister said.

Wang Xiangming, minister of human resources and social security, said in a news conference with China Central Television that the nation maintained a stable job market last year, with the employment rate of college graduates and other key groups — primarily rural residents and urbanization-determined military members — amounting to 90.4% and 91.5% respectively, in addition to the number of formerly employed people newly increased.

Wang also noted that policies and follow-up measures for stabilizing the employment situation during the economic recovery and helping industries to develop have been implemented since 2022, which has given strong support to the growth of employment expectations.

According to the ministry, total of 11.2 million urban job seekers have found jobs so far this year, up 1.4 million from the same period last year. This is because nearly all policies and measures are in place to ensure stable employment and security and work-related injury prevention.

Wang also said that the ministry is doing its best to help enterprises and stepped up efforts to improve the job placement rate of the employed.

The nation has also created a “friendship zone” for entrepreneurs and stepped up efforts to resume normal economic life for flexible employment, Wang said.

For instance, Hunan, Zhejiang and Jiangsu provinces released a guideline that the minimum daily working time of flexible workers is 5 hours and 45 minutes, which guarantees them some of happiness and safety by optimizing the government’s governance.

China Daily

Spring Festival travel rush lifts spirits of civil aviation sector

By LIU WANGJUN
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As the Spring Festival travel rush approaches, China’s civil aviation sector witnessed a surge in air travel.

According to the Civil Aviation Administration of China, China’s civil aviation aviation administration had approved the addition of 10,033 scheduled flights to the Spring Festival travel rush, which is about one-fifth of the volume of added services, will chiefly be for economic recovery, the administration said.

Meanwhile, 180 V-shaped aircrafts will be added to the 150 million passengers. Compared to the normal Spring Festival travel rush, the number of added aircrafts is 70% more than the normal travel rush.

It is reported that there will be 240 million passengers during the Spring Festival travel rush period, which is 100 million passengers more than the normal Spring Festival travel rush.

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China Daily

Diplomacy: Nation presents its vision of multilateralism

From page 2

Attention should also be paid to key discipline inspection targets, according to the minister, who added that these targets involve leading officials’ openness, their law-abiding behavior, and other matters, or they will be removed as soon as they fail the criteria.

New and hidden forms of corruption must be resolutely investigated, it said, adding that the authorities should license punishment for those to be given to those who violate or misbehave.

The statement also said that the government will continuously improve the system of disciplinary inspection and supervision.

Disciplinary activities were also asked to strengthen supervision of leading officials who were urged to be trustworthy and capable of maintaining their responsibilities.

The ministry also stressed the importance of continuing to deepen the implementation of the “right to know” concept, including forming, maintaining, inheriting and extending, and set rules and regulations to safeguard the country’s interests and the supervision of the public.

Disciplinary activities must prevent these problems from occurring, and improve hidden and disguised forms of such problems.

The Chinese position is that diplomatic engagement is based on mutual respect, trust, peaceful coexistence and win-win cooperation. China has maintained diplomatic engagement with a large number of countries around the world. In addition to the discussions between Xi Jinping and Biden, China has covered all the leaders of the world to establish diplomatic relations with more than 180 countries.

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Medical workers were treated with a patient with a severe COVID-19 infection at affiliated Desert Hospital in Tashkent, Navoiy Oblast, on Monday. A recent increase in severe cases has placed more pressure on the medical sector, with local and Chinese services working together.

The Children’s Hospital of Shanghai has set up a multidisciplinary medical team to help patients.

The Children’s Hospital of Shanghai is known for its proficiency in treating patients with COVID-19, and it has been designated as a major medical center for the city’s COVID-19 treatment. The hospital has been working hard to treat and rehabilitate COVID-19 patients.

The hospital’s rehabilitation team is working closely with medical professionals to provide comprehensive care for patients. The team includes physiotherapists, occupational therapists, and speech therapists.

Some medical institutions have reported that the disease is more severe in elderly patients, and the hospital is prepared to provide additional support for them.

The hospital is also working closely with the local government to provide preventive measures, such as quarantine and isolation, to help control the spread of the virus.

The hospital is also collaborating with other medical institutions in the city to provide more comprehensive care for patients.

The hospital has been working hard to treat and rehabilitate COVID-19 patients, and it continues to provide care and support for those in need.
Emerging sectors drive new laws, amendments

Legislators and judicial professionals are mulling ways to deal with questions prompted by the rise of internet- and tech-related businesses. Cao Yin reports.

A cross-border e-commerce platform in Hangzhou to sell smart devices in 2016. Shao Nan/People's Daily

National and local rules forging fresh regulatory environment

By CAI YONG

While rationalized legislation involving emerging industries currently being proposed, local legislatures have been stepping up efforts to pass laws focused on emerging industries.

Last month, an annual report on the role of laws in Shanghai, Guangdong and Jiangsu, which also encompassed the compilation of rules over emerging industries made a top priority last year by the Shanghai people's congress and its standing committee, the local legislative body.

In response to people's concerns about the promotion of personal information and the development of the internet-based insurance, the Shanghai legislature produced a data regulation that restricted the processing of bio-data and called for strict supervision over the services that employ facial recognition technology, which could pose security risks.

Although it strenghtened data security monitoring and demanded people to collect public-interest face data if they consider that their personal information is being sold illegally, the regulation also required the reasonable use of public data to promote the growth of the digital economy.

After several committee-level hearing discussions, the Shanghai legislature made a regulation that imposed strict supervision on the total numbers of biometric devices, offering models, service charges, pickup and maintenance to help ensure the healthy development of the industry.

The standing committee of the Shanghai people's congress, the city's legislative body, has also attached importance to dealing with problems related to new businesses through the legislation of regulations, according to a report by the Shanghai Observer newspaper.

In 2020, the city's legislatures passed the council's first provincial-level data protection regulation, providing legal support for data-driven innovation and the urban digital transformation, the report said.

Last year, the legislature proposed a formulation of a regulation on advancing the development of artificial intelligence in order to make Shanghai a global hot spot for AI.

Meanwhile, among the bases of justice in today, capital of

By ZHUANGMEI, a spokesperson for the commission, said.

The lawyer in the case was helping, we

One way to do this is to have the new industries be regulated so as to further promote the healthy development of industry and improve people's quality of life and happiness, he said.

In October, DC Li, the general secretary of the Communist Party of China Shenzhen Committee, delivered a report to the 20th National Congress of the Communist Party of China, pledging the construction of high-quality legal foundations, to better serve the needs of people.

He also stressed the need to follow the principles of law-based governance with Chinese characteristics, emphasizing the role of law in providing a greater role to play in consolidating and developing long-term socioeconomic relations.

He also called for a greater focus on the role of law in society and those related to business over the next five years in order to improve governance and development.

Legislative steps

During the past decade, the NPC and its Standing Committee had stepped up efforts to pass laws focused on emerging industries.

For example, in the 11th NPC National Congress in 2012, legislatures passed the Cyber Security Law, a legal document that sets a foundation for the internet of things.

In the meantime, local legislatures have stepped up efforts to pass laws focused on emerging industries.

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Meanwhile, among the bases of justice in today, capital of Aishan province, a guideline to stipulate the quality of service for express delivery and postal businesses came into effect in the city in November to ensure that parcels handled in an orderly, efficient way, especially during China's shopping festival.
**World**

Marcos trip strengthens China ties

Philippine president’s state visit also shows value of engagement, analysts say

By PRIME SAKAMOTO
in Manila

PrimeSakamoto@bloom.bg

The visit of Philippine President Ferdinand Marcos Jr. to China in June 2022 was a significant event that signalled the mutually beneficial engagement between two major East Asian economies. Following its announcement in March, Marcos’ three-day visit was eagerly anticipated, with experts predicting it would have a positive impact on bilateral relations.

Marcos’ visit to China was marked by a series of high-level meetings and agreements. The two leaders exchanged views on a wide range of issues, including trade, investment, and cultural exchanges.

The visit also saw the signing of a number of agreements, including a deal to upgrade the PH-China Friendship Bridge and a cooperation agreement on education and training. These agreements were seen as a reflection of both parties’ commitment to strengthen economic ties and promote mutual understanding.

Marcos’ visit was also noted for its ability to foster positive perceptions of the Philippines in China. Many analysts highlighted the importance of maintaining a strong relationship with China, given its significant economic power and influence in the region.

The visit was celebrated as a significant step forward in the Philippines’ foreign policy, with experts praising the government’s efforts to diversify its diplomatic efforts beyond traditional西方盟友. The visit was also seen as a move towards improving the country’s economic prospects, particularly in the historical areas of trade and investment.

The visit also marked the beginning of a new era in Philippine-China relations, with the two countries set to explore new avenues of cooperation in the future. The Philippines is expected to continue to benefit from China’s Belt and Road Initiative, which has been a key driver of regional development in recent years.

**Driving force**

**ZACHER, Croatia — Croatia welcoming Chinese tourists, too, the director of the Croatian National Board of Tourism**

The director of the Croatian National Board of Tourism said on Monday: “We are welcoming Chinese tourists because they are our guests,” director of the tourism board Stanislav Stanić said. He noted that there were about 200 Chinese tourists visiting Croatia, each year before the COVID-19 pandemic.

Although Chinese tourists are reappearing on the one hand on major Croatian cities such as Zagreb and Split, their numbers are still marginal in terms of the total tourist arrival. He also said the number of incoming tourists is increasing slowly. As far as flights to Europe, specifically to Croatia, there are no direct flights between Croatia and China.

**Driving force**

However, the researcher who is also a coordinator of the Chinese travel agency said the economic recovery of the Middle East in 2023 may have positive consequences, with this also fueling toward the economic recovery of different countries in the Middle East and around the world.

Lawrence said: “Lawrence is a macroeconomic -level economist and senior economist for the World Bank, the IMF, and the ECB. This is a unique opportunity for China to become a leader in the region and to play an important role in shaping the future of the global economy.”

However, the researcher who is also a coordinator of the Chinese travel agency said the economic recovery of the Middle East in 2023 may have positive consequences, with this also fueling toward the economic recovery of different countries in the Middle East and around the world.

**Driving force**

While the global economy is expected to remain strong in 2023, with China expected to continue to be a major driver of growth, there are still several challenges that need to be addressed to ensure continued recovery.

One of the most significant challenges is the ongoing debt problem in some countries in the Middle East, which has been exacerbated by the recent decline in oil prices. This has led to a sharp rise in sovereign bond yields and a decline in investor confidence.

Another challenge is the ongoing geopolitical tensions in the region, with the conflict in Ukraine and the ongoing conflict in Yemen among the most significant. These tensions have led to a significant decline in business confidence in the region, with many companies choosing to postpone investments in the region.

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**Driving force**

In summary, while there are several challenges that need to be addressed, the economic recovery of the Middle East in 2023 is expected to continue to be strong, with China expected to play a significant role in driving growth.

**Driving force**

**How to end Christmas**

A competitor for the top spot in a recent poll set the stage for a possible competition for Christmas this year. The competition for the top spot in a recent poll was set for a possible competition for Christmas this year. The competition for the top spot in a recent poll was set for a possible competition for Christmas this year. The competition for the top spot in a recent poll was set for a possible competition for Christmas this year. The competition for the top spot in a recent poll was set for a possible competition for Christmas this year. The competition for the top spot in a recent poll was set for a possible competition for Christmas this year. The competition for the top spot in a recent poll was set for a possible competition for Christmas this year.
BRASILIA — Brazil’s security forces have already enjoyed the support of Monday and around 1,200 people as President Jair Bolsonaro announced the condominio “acts of terrorism” after violent attacks in the city of Fatima, which resulted in the death of two persons and around 200 injured people. The President of Brazil has been condemned by the international community, including the United Nations, the Organization of American States, and the European Union.

President Bolsonaro said in a statement that “the acts of terrorism” occurred in the center of Rio de Janeiro, where they resulted in the death of two persons and around 200 injured people. The President of Brazil has been condemned by the international community, including the United Nations, the Organization of American States, and the European Union.

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Biden faces scrutiny over classified documents

President Joe Biden is in a tough spot after a classified document was found in his possession, raising questions about the handling of sensitive information.

Biden, who serves as the head of the National Security Council, faces scrutiny after a classified document was found in his possession. The document is said to be related to the Obama-Biden administration's foreign policy initiatives, including discussions on Iran and Syria.

The discovery of the document has raised questions about the proper handling of sensitive information. Biden's team is working to determine the extent of the document's classified nature and the impact it may have on ongoing diplomatic efforts.

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China’s supervision of platform megacapitalism will be smoother, more normal and more effective, and will give a smoother, more normal and more effective experience on top.

They are: experts’ experience and judgment, the experience and judgment of network operators, and the experience and judgment of users. The experience and judgment of these experts and users are a kind of supervision of megacapitalism.

A more nuanced and informed regulation approach could be beneficial for the industry and for users.

The supervision of megacapitalism should be based on the principle of “supervision for the sake of development” and “supervision for better development.”

Providing the product of supervision to the megacapitalism industry will also be better for the supervision of megacapitalism.

The supervision of megacapitalism will be based on the principle of “supervision for the sake of development” and “supervision for better development.”
Dongfang moves to boost home purchases

BY QIU QUANLEI
qiuquanleichina@gmail.com

Housing transactions have increased in Dongfang, Guangdong province, in recent months. Local authorities released the effect of opening a new base half a month ago.

A total of 118 second-hand homes were sold in Dongfang last month. This is the highest record last month.

Chen, the mayor of the city, announced the removal of several home purchase restrictions, with 118 such houses being sold.

“Due to the current economic growth and property price changes, more and more potential buyers are making inquiries about home purchases,” said Wei Yiming, a manager with a local property agency.

We said the moves are leading to the sales peak of houses, and we believe that there will be a sales peak of houses after the Spring Festival.

Apart from second-hand houses, 118 new houses were also sold in the city on Monday.

The housing market is recovering, and more potential buyers are making inquiries about home purchases.

A large number of survey participants believe that the real estate market will continue to recover in the future.

Dongfang is a major city in Guangdong, China, known for its long history and a large number of industries.

According to a survey by the local government, the real estate market in Dongfang has been recovering in recent months due to government policies.

According to the survey, the housing market in Dongfang is expected to continue to recover in the future, driven by government policies and market sentiment.

The survey also highlighted the importance of the real estate sector in the local economy and its potential for future growth.

The government of Dongfang has implemented various policies to support the real estate market, including tax breaks, increased financing, and other incentives.

The survey results indicate a positive outlook for the real estate market in Dongfang, with a strong expectation for further recovery and growth in the future.
BUSINESSFOCUS

RCEP a catalyst for regional integration

With lower tariffs, growing markets, member countries long-desiring mutual benefits

HONG KONG — Commenting on the milestone occurrence that is the start of five-nation tariffs of up to duty cut in export trade on products like steel, electronic goods, apparel, and machinery, Xuan Xuan Hui, a veteran from Vietnam’s customs clearance province, attributed such growth to the adoption of the Preferential Trade Agreement (PTA). He also expressed satisfaction over higher import demand from countries participating in the Regional Comprehensive Economic Partnership.

Like many Hong Kong exporters and companies are expanding their markets and improving the quality of their goods in order to boost their exports to China and other RCEP member states.

The RCEP agreement, which entered into force two years ago, has 10 countries, including 14 of the 20 countries in the Association of Southeast Asian Nations as well as China, South Korea, Australia, and New Zealand. It aims to eliminate, or phase out, most of the tariffs at a rate of over 10 per cent of goods traded among its member countries by the end of 2023.

The RCEP pact offers a sharply faster framework for economic cooperation and long-term growth and prosperity of the region.

Timely boost to recovery

To tap into the benefits of RCEP in member countries, Vietnamese enterprises must introduce technology and improve design and production quality. Lei Xiaoming, deputy secretary of the General Association of Vietnamese Entrepreneurs and Businessmen, told Xinhua News Agency: “This is a timely boost for businesses in Vietnam to expand their export volume and increase our competitiveness in the global market,” he said.

Vietnamese enterprises have goods in the MidEast and in countries like South Korea, Australia, and New Zealand, and they are now looking to tap into the trade framework for the first time.

“Introductory share tariffs in RCEP agreements, if there are large volumes of trade will have the most significant effect on trade promotion,” said Vu Minh Tuan, director of the Japan External Trade Organization’s office in Chinhua, Shenzhen province.

Japan’s official data showed that the country’s exports singularly increased by 12 per cent, and its exports to China increased 20 per cent, and increased by 17 per cent from the same quarter last year, ranking first in export volume.

In the first half of 2023, China’s imports and exports with RCEP members totalled 12.6 trillion yuan (US$1.57 trillion), up 19.5 per cent year-on-year.

“The RCEP agreement, which entered into force on Jan 1, 2022, comes into effect in five major countries, including Australia, New Zealand, and five major trading partners — China, Japan, South Korea, Australia, and New Zealand. From January to November of last year, China’s trade with other RCEP members expanded by 12.6 trillion yuan, an annual growth rate of 20 per cent, according to the Ministry of Commerce.

“Cross-border executives of the Chinese Academy of International Trade and Economic Cooperation under the Ministry of Commerce, and thus enter the RCEP agreement right after the RCEP, the agreement enables us to focus on our regional economic development.”

This agreement and cooperation between China and other RCEP member countries has achieved remarkable results.

The RCEP has an important role in promoting foreign trade and foreign investment, helping enterprises expand the global market,” said Guo Xianhong, executive director of the Chinese Academy of International Trade and Economic Cooperation under the Ministry of Commerce.

Guo said, “Since the RCEP agreement entered into force, cross-border businesses of the Ministry of Commerce have increased by more than 16 per cent year-on-year. Guo added.

The RCEP agreement, which entered into force on Jan 1, 2022, comprises 10 major countries, including 14 of the 20 countries in the Association of Southeast Asian Nations as well as China, South Korea, Australia, and New Zealand.

From January to November of last year, China’s trade with other RCEP members expanded by 12.6 trillion yuan, accounting for 20 per cent of China’s total foreign trade volume, according to the Ministry of Commerce.

On the one hand, the RCEP has a catalytic effect on export development and trade cooperation. On the other hand, it also helps to encourage foreign direct investment.

China’s fast-growing companies have the potential to start seeing a return on investment, according to the Ministry of Commerce.

The RCEP agreement has played an important role in promoting foreign trade and foreign investment, helping enterprises expand the global market,” said Guo Xianhong, executive director of the Chinese Academy of International Trade and Economic Cooperation under the Ministry of Commerce.

Guo said, “Since the RCEP agreement entered into force, cross-border businesses of the Ministry of Commerce have increased by more than 16 per cent year-on-year. Guo added.

The RCEP agreement, which entered into force on Jan 1, 2022, comprises 10 major countries, including 14 of the 20 countries in the Association of Southeast Asian Nations as well as China, South Korea, Australia, and New Zealand.

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Germany should be realistic in its China policy

It remains to be seen what the German government’s new China strategy will look like. In the election campaign, many voters showed their support for Chancellor Olaf Scholz’s expression of openness toward China on many occasions. Critics, however, are concerned that he is willing to continue to deepen economic and technical cooperation with China and to work with it to create more opportunities for enterprises in Germany. The German Chamber of Commerce has also said “demonstrating away from its base, at any cost” which has been the cornerstone of Germany’s foreign policy, to continue support for German enterprises entering China and suppress Chinese enterprises from investing in key areas of the German economy.

The direction for the development of relations between Germany and China is always being influenced by the different interests of the two countries. The Joe Biden administration has taken the opportunity to address the negative image and the resulting social concerns with regard to the redistribution of power within the global community, and has been promoting Germany to move closer to align with the US and the United Kingdom, which has a crucial role in the global governance system. The fact that the US has not only provided friendly assistance but also military and economic support to Germany, and that the US and Germany have shared interests in the European Union, has given Germany an opportunity to consider the impact on the future of the US and Europe’s interests.

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Political paralyzation looms after House speaker faces

Rep. Kevin McCarthy, the new Republican House Majority Leader, has been under pressure to decide whether he is willing to cooperate with President Biden to work on infrastructure, which is a main concern of the American people, and to implement a new legislative agenda. McCarthy has been under pressure to move away from the policy of obstruction against the Biden administration, which has been a key agenda of the House Republicans, and to support cooperation with the Biden administration on issues such as infrastructure, health care, climate change, and immigration.

However, McCarthy has faced criticism from some House Republicans who have accused him of lacking leadership and failing to address their concerns. McCarthy’s decision to work with the Biden administration has been met with resistance from some Republicans, who have accused him of selling out the conservative wing of the party.

In addition, McCarthy has faced criticism from some within his party who have accused him of not being able to effectively lead the Republican House majority. This has led to concerns about the ability of the Republican House to effectively pass legislation and address the concerns of the American people.

Therefore, the political paralyzation that looms after the House speaker faces the possibility of not being able to effectively lead the Republican House majority, which has been a key concern of the American people, and to implement a new legislative agenda. McCarthy has been under pressure to move away from the policy of obstruction against the Biden administration, which has been a key agenda of the House Republicans, and to support cooperation with the Biden administration on issues such as infrastructure, health care, climate change, and immigration.
Unleashed tourism will boost trade

The tourist sector is an important driver of economic growth and development in China. As the country enters a new era of high-quality development, the tourism sector has become a strategic anchor for the real economy, a powerful engine for economic growth and a key factor in achieving high-quality development.

With the Belt and Road Initiative and the new development strategy of a “new open-up”, China's tourism sector has seen rapid and steady growth. The country has become a major destination for international tourists, and its tourism exports have also grown substantially.

China's tourism sector has a large market potential, with an estimated 620 million outbound tourists and 1.2 billion domestic tourists in 2019. The sector accounts for a significant share of the country's GDP and has become a key contributor to job creation and economic growth.

In addition, China's tourism sector is highly diversified, with a wide range of sub-sectors such as cultural tourism, ecological tourism, and medical tourism. This diversification allows the sector to cater to a wide range of consumer needs and preferences.

However, the tourism sector also faces a number of challenges, including the need to improve service quality and visitor satisfaction, the need to enhance the sector's sustainability and environmental performance, and the need to address the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the sector.

To address these challenges, the government has been working to improve the quality of tourism services, protect the environment, and develop the sector in a sustainable way. At the same time, the country is also working to promote the internationalization of the tourism sector, with a focus on increasing the number of inbound tourists and developing the sector as a key driver of economic development and social progress.

In conclusion, the tourism sector is a key driver of economic development in China, and the country is working to ensure its continued growth and success. The sector faces challenges, but with the right policies and strategies, it can continue to be a major contributor to the country's economy and social progress.

Koung Li, Chanthaveth Khamphouyah and Neakoi Ibaysoy

Railways help landlocked Laos embark on a journey beyond borders

The landlocked country of Laos is facing a number of challenges, including limited infrastructure and limited access to international markets. However, the government of Laos is working to overcome these challenges through a number of initiatives, including the development of a railway network.

The railway network will provide a more efficient and reliable mode of transportation for goods and people, and will help to connect Laos with other countries in the region. This will not only improve the country's economic performance, but will also help to promote regional economic integration and cooperation.

In addition to the railway network, Laos is also working to improve its airport infrastructure, with a number of new airports and runway expansions underway. This will help to connect Laos with other countries in the region and help to facilitate the movement of goods and people.

China has been a key partner in Laos' development efforts, providing substantial financial assistance and technical support. This has helped Laos to make significant progress in its development goals, and has helped to improve the country's economic performance.

China's role in Laos' development is significant, and the country is working to ensure that its assistance is used effectively to support the country's development goals.

In conclusion, Laos is facing a number of challenges, but the government is working to overcome these challenges through a number of initiatives, including the development of a railway network and the improvement of airport infrastructure. These initiatives will help to improve the country's economic performance and promote regional economic integration and cooperation.
GLOBAL VIEWS

Rising headwinds
Restructuring of the global economic landscape poses challenges for Chinese economy

CAO YUANZHEN

The sanctions on Russia imposed by the US-led Western countries in the wake of the Russia-Ukraine crisis and Russian counter-sanctions have not only harmed the international economic and trade order, but also greatly undermined the institutional foundation of economic globalization. The rules-based global multilateral governance system established by the World War II is now facing new challenges and adjustments to the global characteristics of economic globalization. The Chinese government has taken a series of measures to address the situation, including raising the stock of Chinese-made products in the global market.

Economic growth in China has slowed down in recent years, despite the increase in the population of China's elderly. The Chinese government has proposed a series of measures to promote economic growth, including increasing investment in infrastructure, promoting the development of new industries, and improving the quality of education and healthcare.

The Chinese government has also increased the export of goods and services, including machinery and equipment, to the global market. The government has also strengthened cooperation with other countries, including the US, to promote economic growth and development.

Despite the fact that a declining population is a challenge, the country can take steps to reduce the income gaps among different groups of people. Generally speaking, people with lower incomes are more likely to spend their increased earnings on consumption, while people with higher earnings are more likely to invest.

In conclusion, the Chinese government has采取了一系列措施来应对经济放缓的挑战，包括增加基础设施投资、促进新产业发展和提高教育和医疗质量。中国政府还加强了与其他国家的合作，包括美国，以促进经济增长和发展。
Strings of inspiration

Classical guitarist Yang Xuefei is set to tour the country with her new album, *Chen Nan*, reports Life.

The many other artists, classical guitarist Yang Xuefei was scheduled to tour different countries, recording new albums and performing in front of audiences. However, in the past three years, she had to change her plans frequently due to the COVID-19 pandemic: “It was very depressing to reschedule over and over again. I tried hard to cheer myself up and adjust to the new normal,” says Yang.

With a way to cope with the situation for her was to listen to some classics that she grew up with, and play them.

“I hadn’t listened to some such pieces for many years because I was always looking for new music. But I missed these comforting, especially during this difficult time,” says Yang.

The arrangement inspired Yang to record a new album, titled *Favourites*, which was released on Nov 2 for the Dec. 14 launch. The album, recorded and produced at the London Abbey Road Studios in April.

Yang’s new album puts together a personal selection of music from 23 pieces showcasing her career and ranges from the music she played and enjoyed giving to audiences favorites she performed countless times on stages all over.

The guitar feels like a lifelong companion to me. After more than 15 years with my guitar, I have given a sense of personality and it takes me to express my heart and feelings,” says Yang. “I want more people to fall in love with this beautiful instrument. I feel like I have to return to the quintessential guitar music that first drew me, and many others, to it as a child.”

The album opens with *Intro (largo)*, one of her first-known compositions of Spanish composer Isaac Albéniz. Yang played that piece as a child.

“It’s a very beautiful music piece that takes people into the world of classical guitar,” says Yang.

When she was 10 years old, Yang went to a concert of one of her favorite classical guitarists John Williams in Beijing, where Williams played that piece.

In her new album, Yang also plays when she was a student of Chinese music master, Guo Qian, she would play any piece of music she liked.

“When I was a student of the middle school affiliated to the Central Conservatory of Music, my teacher was in a workshop in Beijing, inspired me and encouraged me to pursue my passion and become a professional guitarist, recalls Yang.

“During my free time, I would practice two of his own compositions to Yang’s school, one especially in the same year. Because she was the first and only student in the school learning classical guitar back then, she felt lonely. Compared to other Western musical instruments, such as the piano or the violin, which were popular among Chinese music learners, the guitar seemed to be a minority,” Yang said.

She says when she decided to pursue a classical guitar, it was a whole new world for her, as few in the country had done so.

“Though it was not a popular instrument, the world’s magical quality was surprising,” recalls Yang.

Yang also recorded *Vamos a Andalucia* from *Tres Espanolas* in her new album, playing it for the Spanish composer Joaquin Rodrigo. The song carries special significance for Yang. When she was a teenager, Yang had her debut concert in Madrid, as part of her tour of Spain and Portugal. The composer came to her concert and Yang performed *Vamos a Andalucia*. The composer was over 80 years old and he came to see Yang play. When the composer listened to Yang’s performance, he was very surprised.

Born in Beijing in 1979, Yang went on to become the first musician from China to receive a full scholarship to study at the Royal Academy of Music in London in 2001. As a student, she toured worldwide and has been living in London for 10 years. Her international success has led her to play in more than 40 countries of numerous prestigious venues such as the Royal Albert Hall in London and Carnegie Hall in New York.

“When I learned to play the instrument, my (age) was too late to play the note perfectly. But at 19 I gave up and launched a professional career, what I wanted to achieve was to build a dialogue with people from different cultures through my music,” says Yang, adding that years of training allowed her not only to gain a wide knowledge of the world but also to gain a new and unique perspective on her own cultural background.

In 2020, she released an album titled *Yunnan*, China, which is her first album of Chinese music.

In her new album, she has also recorded her *Chen Nan*, *Favourites*, a work based on traditional folk songs of the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region.

“I have been inspired by Xinjiang folk music and musical instruments such as the horse head fiddle and dizi (a reed instrument) when I wrote the song, I used the guitar to transmit the sounds of those instruments,” says Yang. “I played the music piece several times when I toured in the country last year and the feedback of the audience was great. So I decided to record it in the new album.”

Others works featured in her new album include *Reinterpretation of Alhambra* by Spanish composer and guitarist Francisco Tárrega, *La Tarantela* by Spanish composer and guitarist Francisco Tárrega, *Siempre Flamenco* by Francisco Tárrega and *Andalucia* by *Franco垣*, and La Cigale de Palomares* by Spanish composer and guitarist Francisco Tárrega. Yang played in the final of a major guitar competition in Beijing when she was 12, competing against adult musicians.

Yang will launch a new album for the new album in January, which will be taken to Beijing, Shanghai, Hong Kong, Macao, Yunnan area, Shandong province, Quanzhou, Fujian province, and Sichuan, among other Chinese cities, through February.

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GLOBAL EDITION | CHINA DAILY

Volunteers offer help during COVID

Guizhou — Despite winter, a team of volunteers is delivering medical aid to a Guizhou community affected by COVID-19. More than 100 residents in the northern Guizhou district were treated at a temporary medical center, more than 300 people are considered to be infected.

The community is one of the most isolated and the poverty-stricken. volunteers in the Guizhou community have been working as volunteers since the beginning of the COVID-19 pandemic and the volunteer team is a vital part of the community.

Run by volunteer Yang Shuixiu, 36, is a local resident in the northern Guizhou district. She has been taking care of the residents, some who are elderly, and some who are young, with love. She has been involved in the community's activities, especially for COVID-19 prevention and control.

Volunteers are often seen in recent days due to COVID-19 infections, and volunteers are not given medical advice. The kind doesn’t go away,” Yang says.

“I am always on call for any activities in the community, and I hope every volunteer service from me can bring warmth to the ones in need,” says Yang.

The volunteers delivered medical aid to the community.

Last June, the community organized a meeting to inform the residents that they would be tested for COVID-19. Of the 130 residents, 9 were infected. At the entrance of the community, volunteer Shang-Chang, an official in the community, says more than 100 volunteers delivered medical aid.

To reduce the spread of COVID-19, volunteers are often seen in the community. Though some volunteers did not have a clear plan, but some volunteers have tried to find a way to cope with the situation.

So Yang Chang, an official in the community, says: “I don’t know how many volunteers there are in the community. I hope every volunteer service from me can bring warmth to the ones in need.”
LIFE

Notable additions

China becomes destination of choice for young, foreign musicians, as symphony orchestras around the country welcome new members, many of whom were part of the first graduating class of Tianjin Juilliard School.

China Daily

Health workers striving around the clock in COVID fight

China Daily

As of Dec 31, the number of fever clinics in second-grade hospitals and above had reached 15,600 in China, while the number of 30-bed and above hospitals reached 461 medical institutions in total.

The community health service center of Zhangshui town in Tianjin’s Jinghai district has a separ- ate fever clinic with its own pharmacy.

“We have sufficient medicines, we provide 24-hour service,” Xu Xianfang, director of the center, said.

According to Tianjin’s health and family planning commission, the number of fever clinics and above has reached 15,600 in China, while the number of 30-bed and above hospitals reached 461 medical institutions in total.

The community health service center of Zhangshui town in Tianjin’s Jinghai district has a separate fever clinic with its own pharmacy.

“We have sufficient medicines, we provide 24-hour service,” Xu Xianfang, director of the center, said.

Eating the heart of cheese

China Daily

When we talk about cheese, the common thought is that we are talking about cheese from the West. However, cheese is a product that has been enjoyed for thousands of years and is a part of many cultures around the world. In China, cheese has become increasingly popular in recent years, and this trend is expected to continue in the future. In this article, we will explore the history of cheese in China, the different types of cheese available, and how cheese has become an important part of Chinese cuisine.

History of cheese in China

Cheese has been known for thousands of years and has been consumed in various cultures around the world. In China, cheese has been enjoyed for centuries, and it is believed that cheese was first introduced to China during the Han Dynasty (202 BC – 220 AD). During this time, cheese was brought to China from Central Asia by the Silk Road traders.

Types of cheese in China

There are many different types of cheese available in China. Some of the most popular types include:

1. Soft cheese: This type of cheese is made from milk and is soft and creamy in texture. It is often served with bread or crackers.

2. Semi-hard cheese: This type of cheese is made from milk and is semi-hard in texture. It is often used in salads or on sandwiches.

3. Hard cheese: This type of cheese is made from milk and is hard in texture. It is often served with crackers or as part of a cheese platter.

4. Blue cheese: This type of cheese is made from milk and has a blue mold that gives it its characteristic color. It is often used in salads or on sandwiches.

How cheese has become an important part of Chinese cuisine

Cheese has become an important part of Chinese cuisine in recent years, and it is commonly used in a variety of dishes. Some popular dishes that feature cheese include:

1. Cheese and vegetables: Cheese is often added to stir-fries or served with steamed vegetables.

2. Cheese and seafood: Cheese is often added to seafood dishes, such as fish and shrimp.

3. Cheese and tofu: Cheese is often added to tofu dishes, such as stir-fries and soups.

4. Cheese and eggs: Cheese is often added to eggs, such as scrambled eggs and omelets.

5. Cheese and noodles: Cheese is often added to noodles, such as stir-fried noodles and dumplings.

As the demand for cheese continues to grow in China, it is likely that we will see even more types of cheese being introduced to the market in the future.
**BY SUN XIAOGUO**

Cheng Zhongtian (left) is preparing to face Zhang Zhuhao, who has won the first two matches and reached the third round of the 2022 US Open. The former No. 1 player and current No. 1 player will meet in the quarterfinals, according to the main draw.

Cheng Zhongtian, who has won several titles on the tour this year, and Zhang Zhuhao, who has reached the final of the French Open, will meet in the quarterfinals of the US Open. The winner of this match will advance to the semifinals.

**Courting success as future stars serve notice**

The coming year looks set to be a rewarding one for young hopefuls.

**Building on net gains as relentless efforts finally paid off**

Zhang Zhuhao, who has reached the quarterfinals of the US Open, is building on his success from last year's US Open, where he made the main draw for the first time. His efforts have paid off, as he has reached the quarterfinals of the US Open and is now looking to make a deep run in the tournament.

Zhang Zhuhao's performance has been impressive, as he has won several matches on the tour this year. His consistency and depth on the court have earned him a place in the quarterfinals of the US Open. The young player is looking to make the most of his opportunity, as he has the potential to make a splash in tennis in the coming years.