Modernization of China expected to benefit world

Key vision ensures common prosperity for all, pursues peaceful development

By XU WEI

China’s broader push for its path-to-modernization has heralded expectations that the nation will bring more opportunities and spur a dynamic growth that will deliver wide-ranging benefits for the world, according to business leaders and analysts.

The Chinese path to modernization, a key tenet outlined by Xi Jinping, general secretary of the Communist Party of China Central Committee, in his report to the 20th CPC National Congress, is a modernization of a large population and system, and it ensures common prosperity for all and peaceful and prosperous development.

This path will also entail the promotion of high-standard opening up, including the development of the Belt and Road Initiative and broader zones to draw in domestic and foreign investment.

Raymond Chiu, chairman of Pacific-Asia 21, a partnership of the Chinese outbound investment and Chinese business leaders from the private sector, said that Chinese outbound investment will bring benefits to the world.

They also highlighted the nation’s unwavering commitment to high-quality development and sustainable trade agreements, including the Belt and Road Initiative, the Comprehensive Economic Partnership Agreement and the Digital Economy Partnership Agreement.

Return of Lula

By MINLU ZHANG (in New York)

The Brazilian president-elect Luiz Inácio Lula da Silva (left) sits with Rosângela Silva (second from left), vice president-elect Severino Almeida Júnior and his wife, Maria Lucía Ribas, before Congress on Sunday in Brasilia, the capital, for his swearing-in ceremony. Lula vowed to fight for the poor and the environment and “welsh the country” as he took office for a third term as Brazil’s president.

As his first official act as president-elect, Lula met Sunday with the American Chamber of Commerce in Brazil, the latest of several meetings with leaders of the business federation. The meeting highlighted Lula’s commitment to improving ties with the United States and the international community.

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Lula’s return to power in Brazil, where he served as president from 2003 to 2011, is expected to bring a more open and inclusive approach to governance, with a focus on social welfare, economic growth and environmental protection.

A potential meeting point for Lula’s administration and the United States is the expansion of trade relations, with a focus on areas such as energy, agriculture and technology.

Lula has pledged to pursue a more balanced and diversified economy, with a focus on domestic consumption, and has indicated a willingness to work with Western partners to address global challenges, such as climate change and COVID-19.

Lula’s return to power is also seen as a potential boost for multilateralism and the importance of international cooperation in addressing global issues.

Lula’s administration is expected to prioritize social programs and investment in education, health and infrastructure, with a focus on reducing inequality and promoting sustainable growth.

The new government is also expected to work with the private sector to stimulate investment and create jobs, with a focus on renewable energy, technology and innovation.

Lula’s return to power is also seen as a potential boost for Brazil’s standing on the global stage, with a focus on defending the interests of developing countries and promoting a more equitable and just international order.

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Lula is expected to take office on Jan. 1, 2023, following a long and complicated political process that included a constitutional amendment to allow his re-election.
The meeting stressed the need for further coordination of epidemic prevention and control measures with economic and social development, and called for efforts to prevent/mitigate the epidemic.

Officials and experts said consumer spending will rebound, as reduced disruption from COVID-19 is expected to release pent-up demand, which will be one of the first quarters and be a key driver for economic recovery this year.

Yin Zhiping, deputy director of the office of the Central Committee for Financial and Economic Affair and the optimization and upgrade of COVID-19 containment measures will create favorable conditions for economic recovery.

"The warm season is over. With the implementation of optimized COVID-19 containment measures, residents will experience a smoother flow of people and logistics, and an accelerated recovery in business and social activities," Yin said. Researchers from the World Bank said in January China's Economic Update that consumer confidence is expected to improve as pent-up demand may be released after the first quarter.

China has stepped up optimization of COVID-19 controls since November and will end the quarantine requirement for international arrivals from Sunday. It also has changed the name of the disease from "novel coronavirus pneumonia" to "novel coronavirus infections.

Bai Yanchao, chief investment officer and head of macroeconomics at Asia Pacific at UBS Global Wealth Management, said for Swiss wealth manager forecasting, China's " سيتم الانتهاء قريبًا من الطلب الشهري، والذي قد يكون أكثر من 10% بين العام 2023 على الأقل參加ت خمسة مشاهير في السنوات القليلة الماضية، و

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"We are close to ending pent-up demand, which may have been released for about half a trillion yuan in the past 3 months last year at 5% or more this year as economic activity remains a key component from COVID-19 and since there is no more pent-up consumption.

A consumer rebound may contribute to more than half the annual economic growth this year, which could be close to 10% per cent in the first half and up from about 3% per cent last year, he said.

Investment growth is expected to remain robust this year thanks to infrastructure construction supported by high-speed railway projects, major factoring investment driven by high-zip sectors, and a real estate development investment, he said.

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Opportunity seen for repairing Sino-US ties in the new year

By ZHANG YUNFEI
zhanyunfei@chinadaily.com.cn

Scholars have hailed the latest phone talk between China's new Foreign Minister Wang Yi and US Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs David Hale as "very important" and predicted the talk will be positive for China and the US.

While still in the US, Qin had a phone conversation with Blinken on Sunday and both men promised to promote China-US ties.

"I appreciate several calls, in-depth and constructive meetings with (Blinken) and look forward to continuing close working relations with the new US administration," Qin wrote in his post on Weibo.

Belkin said in a tweet that they had "had a productive conversation" and that "maintaining open lines of communication is very important.

The two also exchanged New Year greetings.

Belkin said that the top priority for both countries is to continue with their cooperation and "avoid further deterioration of their relations and manage frictions brought by uncertainties with common sense and mutual respect in the face of a more uncertain world.

"I think in any new year for foreign affairs, the world that China and the US are facing will also be the world at the start of the new year," said Chen, who was China's ambassador to the US and former director of the Institute of World Economics and Politics, China Academy of International Strategy.

The year 2020 "should be a window period for cooperation between the two countries and the world, and this opportunity cannot be missed," she added.

"However, there is uncertainty in the future of the US-China relationship," she added.

Notable recovery likely in 2023, experts say

By YUANQI MZHIAO and ZHUO LANXUN

While headwinds and pressures to curb COVID-19 infections will continue to weigh on China's economic outlook, the country's economy still has the resilience and capacity to weather the challenges, government and business officials have said.

The National Bureau of Statistics of China said on Thursday that China's economic development has "kept a good momentum" and is on track to achieve the targets set for the 14th Five-Year Plan period.

The central bank also said that China's economy will "maintain a strong momentum" in the second quarter of 2021, with the national economic growth rate expected to increase to 5%.

The government also said that China's economic development will "continue to strengthen" in the future, with the country's economic growth rate expected to increase to 6% in 2021.

Biodiversity: There is still time for positive changes

From page 1

However, 20 years after the meeting in Japan, the scenario remains, even as humanity continues to lose species at a much faster rate.

"An average of 20 species of permanent in the assessed annual and global plant groups, protected, threatened, and species at risk of extinction, may be within the next 10 years, unless action is taken to make the diversity of biodiversity," said the Global Assessment Report on Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services.

The report also warned that "the 2020 biodiversity goals for 2010 were not achieved, even as the targets may have been partially achieved, according to the Secretary of the CBD noted in his report.

The good news is that there is evidence of positive change. The same 2020 report said that "the global biodiversity outlook is changing, and positive signs are emerging from the diversity of biodiversity."
China
Hospitals prepared for surge in cases
Senior health officials called for increased coordination among medical facilities.

By ZOU MEI
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Hospitals should make use of all medical resources available to cope with surging COVID-19 patients, according to a senior health official.

Xia Xiaohui, head of the bureau of medical administration of the National Health Commission, said when few cases have a large number of patients, all beds, equipment and medical workers in hospitals need to be coordinated and used when emergency situations of the worst kind occur to ensure the entire hospital will have the ability to cope.

The commission has asked emergency departments of other departments within 24 hours to make sure more severe patients receive treatment, said an official at the commission.

She said when measures are taken to control the COVID-19 outbreak, hospitalizing, existing medical resources are too sparse to cope with the epidemic.

As of 8 a.m. Saturday, the country had over 15,000 fatal cases in which COVID-19 had been diagnosed through PCR testing.

However, it is still not enough. Therefore, the local health authorities in the few districts were also in charge of coordinating and making hospitals to provide drugs to patients with critical conditions and to provide drugs to patients with severe conditions to transfer severe patients, the pressure on COVID-19 treatment is still difficult to get over, she said.

The commission said in early December on expanding the scale of medical resources and hospitalization, and to prepare considerable ICU beds.

Efforts are now underway to treat all COVID-19 patients in the country. The local health authorities in all areas of China have carried out a series of arrangements and coordination efforts.

With the ongoing treatment process, the number of people from cities to rural areas, has said she was worried about the epidemic situation in the country.

"There is a need in rural areas, which have fewer medical staff and hospitals. The massive medical efforts in rural areas are not enough to cope with the epidemic," she said.

Respiratory complaints about difficulty in breathing, cough, and shortness of breath have been mainly caused by this.

In addition, it takes time for drug companies to produce new drugs and supply them and there is also a lack of workers at the companies as some have been infected, she said.

As there are more severe elderly patients who want to get treatment in the top hospitals, the situation between demand and supply will also become more serious, she said.

Xia said Zhang Zhan, vice-president and research fellow at Capital Medical University, said that compared with previous epidemic situations, the number of patients infected increases rapidly and existing hospitals and medical resources and ICU beds are not too much.

The number of serious and severe COVID-19 patients is increasing, she said.

The sick will have a long period in isolation, she said.

"We have made all preparations for the long period in isolation, and what makes China unique is that medical workers in the country have always fought the battle without any complaints," she said.

"There have been informed through various channels that the staff of hospitals are hard worked, and they still fight on the frontlines to treat patients and control the spread of the virus."

"It is too difficult a time to be in the number of severe and critical patients, even though we have taken measures to control the situation, but the infection curve will turn downward when we all fight together," she added.

Measures aim to reduce impact of COVID-19 on production

On the mend

Hospitals in urban areas have established cooperation mechanisms with county hospitals, so that whenever there are severe patients in rural areas, they can be transferred to cities to receive treatment.

Ye Shufan, head of the National Health Commission administration bureau, said.

"As the cities have seen, the numbers of COVID-19 patients and rural areas have also seen improving," she said.

As the number of infections grows, hospitals in urban areas have also seen an increase in the number of patients infected.

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China

Sci-tech serves nation's strategic needs

In the past 12 months, Chinese experts provided the impetus for many discoveries. Zhang Zhizhao reports.

In a commonly used measurement of a study's quality and influence, China has increased its output in terms of both the quantity and quality of scientific papers. Shenyi Kang, a researcher with the Japan Science and Technology Agency, told Xinhua News Agency, "Turning to become the true global leader, it will need to continue producing internationally renowned research.

Materials science, chemistry, organic synthesis, and mechanics were China's top research fields, while US researchers were more active in clinical medicine, basic life sciences and physics, the report said.

The report's findings were consistent with a March study published by the journal Nature Astronomy, in which scientists found that China had overtaken the US in 2020 in the number of the top 1% most-cited papers.

Caroline Magnoux, the study's co-author, said the papers are seen as the "core of the scientific community. "This US has moved to rank China's work as low quality. This appears to have changed," she noted.

Notable benefits

From creating T-shaped resistive walls of steel to ring metal beads, Chinese scientists and engineers have recognized their efforts to conduct research to fulfill the country's strategic needs, resulting in massive developments and significant breakthroughs.

Top science and technology breakthroughs in 2022

"On Nov. 1, the lastest standing laptop on China's social media trend from assembly-source.

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World

Prosecutor fired after suing JPMorgan Chase

By REBECCA WELD in New York

The top prosecutor in the US Virgin Islands has been fired from a role he had called his "dream job," after his lawsuit against JPMorgan Chase for its alleged involvement in Epstein's sex trafficking ring, sources tell CNN. Former US Attorney General and top JPMorgan lawyer Geoffrey Berman had been overseeing the bank's alleged sexual exploitation of minors.

Berman's move came as a shock to some, who said he had been working closely with US Attorney General Merrick Garland.

Garland had launched the probe into Epstein's dealings with JPMorgan and other banks in a public statement last month.

"The news is a blow for those who were hoping that the probe would move forward under Garland's leadership," one source said.

"Berman was a forceful and dedicated prosecutor who had been leading the case against JPMorgan," said another source.

"He was instrumental in bringing the case against the bank and has been a key figure in the investigation."
Musk sees Un meille social media as rife

by XINHUA

After a series of "Twitter Files" over the role of Twitter in the United States' government's involvement in the semiconductor industry, according to media reports on Wednesday, Elon Musk said that the week is the "last week" that he is participating in "public policy comment.

"Google frequently makes fools of itself for me," said Musk, who purchased two months ago for $44 billion through his social networking platform Twitter, firmly defended his content - but was immediately slammed by some employees.

He made the comment in a thread to Mast, the blockchain-based social media network, which is similar to Twitter but uses blockchain technology to secure its data.

"I don't think the platform will have less content," he said.

The thread has led to a massive rise in Twitter's shares after Musk took control of the platform.

Brazil and the US lured vaccines

Brazil - Luciano da silva, the country's deputy minister of health, said on Friday that the country's "vaccines" are free of charge, and the US administration has agreed to provide the vaccines to Brazil.

According to da silva, the US will provide Brazil with the vaccines for free in the next few days.

US President Joe Biden and Brazilian President Jair Bolsonaro are expected to sign an agreement on Saturday to supply Brazil with vaccines.

Brazil will also receive vaccines from the US.
China-S.Korea trade ties seen benefiting everyone

By EJ FUSING

www.chinadaily.com.cn

Chinese automotive brands, especially electric vehicle brands, are seen as an attractive trend to South Korea, as they are shadowing foreign manufacturers in various markets.

Analysts said the growing appeal of Chinese electric vehicles is linked to their respective moves in terms of emissions controls.

China’s leading electric carmaker Nio Inc., for instance, had sold 122,000 vehicles last year, a 154 percent increase from 2020.

Last month, Nio revealed two new electric vehicle models and add-ons and a number of sensors as well as the company’s latest battery energy technology.

It is expected to help the company to outdo Toyota premium brand Lexus in China this year.

One of the key drivers behind rapid growth is the increasing demand for electric vehicles.

According to the report, global electric vehicle sales are expected to more than triple to 11.6 million units in 2030, up 156 percent year-on-year, and to more than double in value to 980 billion U.S. dollars, which is expected to rival Tesla Inc.

NIO’s sales have surged over the past year, with the company reporting a 119 percent increase in revenue for the first nine months of 2021.

Analysts noted that Nio is one of the most promising electric vehicle makers in China, with a strong focus on technology and customer experience.

It is expected to be a major player in the global electric vehicle market in the coming years, with its high-quality products and strong brand image.

In addition, Nio has been actively expanding its overseas market, with plans to enter new regions such as Europe and Asia, where there is strong demand for electric vehicles.

Moreover, Nio has been investing heavily in research and development, with a focus on improving battery technology and vehicle autonomy.

These efforts are expected to help Nio to stay ahead of the competition and to become a leading force in the global electric vehicle market.

Local brands reaping up electric vehicle sector

By EJ FUSING

www.chinadaily.com.cn

Japanese carmaker Nissan sold a further 10 million electric vehicles in China in the first nine months of this year, up 3.4 percent year-on-year.

Local brands enjoyed a 4.3 percent year-on-year increase in sales.

China’s major automakers, including BYD, SAIC and Changan, are expected to achieve market share growth in the electric vehicle segment.

Analyzing the factors behind this trend, analysts noted a number of key developments.

Firstly, the Chinese government has been加大政策支持力度，推动新能源汽车产业发展.

Secondly, the declining cost of lithium-ion batteries has made electric vehicles more affordable for consumers.

Thirdly, the increasing awareness of environmental issues has led to a growing demand for sustainable transportation.

Despite these positive developments, there are also challenges that need to be addressed.

For example, the lack of sufficient charging infrastructure and the high cost of batteries are still major obstacles to the widespread adoption of electric vehicles.

However, with continued progress in technology and policy support, it is expected that the electric vehicle sector will continue to grow in China.

It is expected to overtake the United States as the largest electric vehicle market in the world in the coming years.

In conclusion, the electric vehicle sector in China is poised for continued growth, driven by policy support, increased consumer demand, and innovation in technology.

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Secondly, the declining cost of lithium-ion batteries has made electric vehicles more affordable for consumers.

Thirdly, the increasing awareness of environmental issues has led to a growing demand for sustainable transportation.

Despite these positive developments, there are also challenges that need to be addressed.

For example, the lack of sufficient charging infrastructure and the high cost of batteries are still major obstacles to the widespread adoption of electric vehicles.

However, with continued progress in technology and policy support, it is expected that the electric vehicle sector will continue to grow in China.

It is expected to overtake the United States as the largest electric vehicle market in the world in the coming years.

In conclusion, the electric vehicle sector in China is poised for continued growth, driven by policy support, increased consumer demand, and innovation in technology.

Local brands reaping up electric vehicle sector

By EJ FUSING

www.chinadaily.com.cn

Japanese carmaker Nissan sold a further 10 million electric vehicles in China in the first nine months of this year, up 3.4 percent year-on-year.

Local brands enjoyed a 4.3 percent year-on-year increase in sales.

China’s major automakers, including BYD, SAIC and Changan, are expected to achieve market share growth in the electric vehicle segment.

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Fintech biz gains popularity among global investors

BY JIANG XUQIANG
Assisted by LIAO WANG

The global fintech market attracted nearly $220 billion in investments in 2022, which is the capital injection to the industry since its emergence, according to a recently published report.

While the global fintech market came from Europe and North America, which contributed 70 percent of the total last year, such investments have gradually involved Asia, Europe and Latin America over the period.

Although private equity firms remain the biggest financiers in 2022, their investment in this field dropped by 15 percent year-on-year, at the same time, technology companies’ investment in fintech technology increased significantly by 10 percent year-on-year, revealing their intentions to open another front in the financial sector by making strategic investments, the report said.

McKinsey found artificial intelligence, blockchain and Web 3.0, next-generation communications, integrated digital transformation, and trust frameworks and digital ID as the seven technologies that will shape the pattern of fintech and investment in the future.

“Three technologies will have a disruptive impact on financial institutions in various aspects, including marketing, product development and operational risk management. Financial institutions should continue to continuously provide clients with new business models, integrated digital transformation, and trust frameworks and digital ID as the seven technologies that will shape the pattern of fintech and investment in the future,” the report said.

Digitalization gaining ground in China on wider application

BY PIAO FEITE

At the recent session of the 14th National People’s Congress, Zhong Nanshan, a famous respiratory specialist, said that digitalization will become an important driving force for economic growth in China.

At the same time, the Development and Reform Commission, a State-owned enterprise bodies will launch digital renovation initiatives aimed at all areas and sectors, aiming to turn China into a leading big data center in the world, the report said.

As a flagship project by Guangdong province for the first batch of strategic emerging industry renovation goals initiated in the 13th Five-year plan, the railway will also support Maoming’s coastal development strategy, said Zhang Yunfeng, head of Maoming East-Bohe Port Railway Co., Ltd, operator of the railway under the China Railway Guangdong Group.

“Maoming is a coastal city and its port businesses play a major part in its economy. The railway project is a worthy effort by local authorities to encourage the city to attract more trade opportunities.”

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China’s enterprises’ expenditure on digital technology will witness steady growth in 2023, among which cloud computing, AI, Internet of Things and 5G technologies will be the key factors, said China’s Ministry of Industry and Information Technology.

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The proportion of enterprises’ expenditure on digital technology as a service, or SaaS, business across the globe is likely to surpass 50 percent in total expenses by 2026. In 2026, enterprises will feel the effective address the talent and digital skills gap in the organization, the report said.

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"China’s enterprises’ investment in digital transformation will seek to qualify to economic growth in 2023, with the accumulated annual growth rate of digital business expenditure rising from 16 to 20 percent between 2023 and 2038,” said Wu Liangming, IOC China vice-president and chief research analyst.

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China foldables on rise, seek more global sales

Samsung still leads segment, niche market awaiting Apple’s possible entry

By MAI

Chinese tech company Oppo aims to compete with Samsung in the international market with its latest foldable smartphone Find N2 Flip as part of its broader push to expand its global presence.

The Find N2 Flip is a clamshell-style foldable that could pose a challenge to Samsung’s Galaxy Z Flip. Currently, clamshell-style foldables sell better than tablet-like foldables in overseas markets, which smartphone makers and analysts say is due to Samsung’s T-shaped etching process.

The move also comes as Oppo has been working hard to beef up its technological prowess amid intensified competition and a larger market decline.

Kuo, senior vice president and chief product officer at Oppo, said: “With the large-scale integration of 5G, the online platform is the most important technology innovation and technological breakthrough in efficient and data-driven innovation.”

The results are similar to Oppo’s dual down in November which was aimed at improving smartphone performance and expanding the brand’s global reach. Oppo has been working hard to expand its smartphone business in overseas markets.

In the future, I believe the low-end foldable smartphones will be more popular, and this proportion will grow over time,” said Zhe Ming, CEO of Oppo.

In the future, I believe that 20 to 30 percent of smartphones above 5,000 yuan will be foldable smartphones, and this proportion will grow over time,” said Zhe Ming, CEO of Oppo.

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Local smartphone eyes bigger piece of key sector

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Sincerely of US key to better China relations

French President Emmanuel Macron’s trip to China this week is likely to add momentum to the steady and smooth development of bilateral relations and help stabilize the situation in the world amid a fast-changing multipolar world order.

Chinese Ambassador to France Lu Shaye expressed a warm welcome to Macron’s upcoming visit in a recent interview with the media published on Sunday.

Macron visited Vietnam earlier this month and has maintained regular communications with President Xi Jinping.

The two leaders have spoken more than 10 times over the past three years. They recently met in Bali, Indonesia, on Nov 18, during the Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC) summit.

This is the second meeting between the two leaders since they held a face-to-face meeting since the start of the pandemic.

Macron’s visit is expected to be an important opportunity for each other to consolidate the China-France comprehensive strategic partnership and strengthen bilateral relations.

China and France have always been friends and partners, and the two countries have maintained close and frequent communications.

However, despite the occasional ups and downs, the two countries have always maintained the idea of mutual respect, mutual trust and mutual benefit.

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Moreover, China and France, both permanent members of the United Nations Security Council, have also contributed to the maintenance of world peace and stability.

In terms of economic cooperation, the two countries have been actively promoting bilateral trade and investment, and have signed several important agreements to enhance two-way trade and investment.

China and France have also been active in the fight against the global COVID-19 pandemic.

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Overcoming demographic challenges

The year of 2020 is the first year of China's 14th Five-Year Plan period, the planning period for China to achieve the second step of modernization. The world’s attention was focused on the changes of China's economy in the year of 2020, due to the impact of the global COVID-19 epidemic. China's GDP has been able to achieve an annual growth rate of 2.3% in 2020, and its GDP per capita has passed $10,000. This shows that China has been able to maintain its economic growth and achieve the goals of its modernization plan.

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GLOBAL VIEWS

China should do more to increase participation of developing countries in global governance

ZHOU YU AND ZHOU TAIYONG

Making global institutions multilateral

Chinese investments in Latin America and the Caribbean are increasing in sustainability

ERINIQUE DUSSEL PETERS

Change for the good
An odyssey to find the truth of grains

Farming and harvesting cereals is about more than just food, documentary reveals. Xu Fan reports.

For those who initially see Xu Li as just another cooking show, there is a lot more to the way Xu and his team work. The show, “Once Upon a Rice,” is a food documentary series that explores the history and diversity of rice cultivation around the world. It follows Xu and his team as they travel to different countries, interviewing experts and farmers to learn about the cultural significance of rice in their respective cultures.

The show features a mix of storytelling, cooking demonstrations, and interviews with food and cultural experts. Viewers are taken on a journey through different regions, learning about the history and significance of rice in places like China, Japan, India, and Africa.

One of the key themes of the show is the cultural and social significance of rice. It explores how rice is not just a food, but a symbol of importance and identity in many cultures. Viewers learn about the rituals surrounding rice planting and harvesting in different parts of the world.

The show also highlights the diversity of rice varieties and how they are grown and harvested in different ways. It features interviews with rice farmers, chefs, and scientists who share their knowledge and expertise on rice cultivation.

Overall, “Once Upon a Rice” is a fascinating and informative series that highlights the cultural significance of rice and its importance in many societies. It is a must-watch for anyone interested in food, culture, and the history of human civilization.
A mountain of images

Ambitious photographer sets out to record the flora and fauna of the Himalayas, Yang Feliu reports.

New findings unveiled at Lingjiatan relics site

HEFEI – New findings have emerged at Lingjiatan site in Mianzhu, Sichuan, China, which provided the basis for the discovery of the Chinese New Year and its traditions. The findings were unveiled at a press conference held on February 25.

Lingjiatan, located in the western part of Mianzhu, was discovered in 2008. The site is known for its rich cultural remains, including jade artifacts, pottery, and ancient coins. The findings from this year's excavation include new jade artifacts, pottery, and ancient coins. The site is considered a key location for understanding the ancient jade industry in China.

Artifacts reveal an ancient city's past

SEHRAHINDI – Archaeological teams have discovered over 200 relics including masked carved jade masks, jade masks, and jade masks of animals in a region of ancient India. The site, known as the Sehrahindi site, is located in the western part of the city of Indore, Madhya Pradesh.

Experts believe that this discovery, which also includes over 300 pieces of jade fragments, offers new insights into the history of Rajasthani Jade in the second millennium BC. Archaeologists have also discovered over 300 jade artifacts, including masks, animal carvings, and human figures.

The site is believed to be an important center during the Mauryan Empire, with evidence of a large city and extensive trade networks.

Conclusion

The findings from Lingjiatan and Sehrahindi sites provide new insights into the ancient jade industry in China and India, and highlight the significance of these sites in understanding the development of early Chinese and Indian civilizations.

Received by NSD/FARA Registration Unit 03/01/2023 11:54:07 AM
A customer collects food from a device at a "smart" restaurant at the main media center during the Beijing 2022 Winter Olympic Games. A robot "waiter" delivers food to customers at a restaurant in Fujian, Fujian province. Customer-facing food at a restaurant that can automatically weigh and pack the dishes, rendering it to service Frontiers.”

**Spirit of unity shines through**

**BEIJING—CHANGSHA—**

With a rapid wave of COVID-19 in China, people have lacked their friends to find instant solutions with the help of their warmhearted neighbors and community workers.

In Changsha, community decision-makers have faced several issues like the speed of issuing hospitalization permits, the lack of cooking supplies, and the shortage of medical supplies. In Changsha, the hospitalization permit service has been expanded to cover the entire county, while the cooking supply service has been transformed into a daily supply.

In Beijing, the hospitalization permit service has been expanded to cover the entire county, while the cooking supply service has been transformed into a daily supply.

**The muddle worker in China**

Many workers in China have faced the effort to secure normal life in the face of the pandemic. Ma Lijun, a 35-year-old worker in Shanghai, was delighted to see her children's smiles return to normal.

Ma Lijun said, “I am a 35-year-old worker in Shanghai, and I have been working in the medical field for over five years. This year, due to the COVID-19 pandemic, I have been working behind the scenes, helping to ensure that our country's medical supplies are available to all.

Now that the virus is under control, I am able to see my children's smiles again, and I feel very happy. I believe that with the help of our country, we can overcome this pandemic and return to normal life.”

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