‘Acts of terrorism’ condemned

By XING ZEKUN

The Communist Party of China’s discipline watchdog has pledged to "strictly punish illegal activities that disrupt national security and social stability" and ensure the implementation of national laws and policies made at the 20th CPC National Congress.

The meeting approved a work report delivered by Li Qiang, a member of the Standing Committee of the Political Bureau of the CPC Central Committee and head of the CEC. The CEC pledged to carry out the work plan at the National Political and Law Work Conference to promote the ideological, political and educational tasks.

Top watchdog vows to win tough, protracted battle against corruption

By XING ZEKUN

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China’s foreign policy bears much fruit over past year

The year 2023 was a benchmark in China’s foreign policy achievements. It demonstrated a global vision shared with greater readiness to enter new chapters in major-country diplomacy with Chinese characteristics.

The dynamic leadership of the Communist Party of China and President Xi Jinping played a key role in making the country a globally influential and responsible player.

Xi, who was re-elected as general secretary of the CPC Central Committee at the 20th CPC National Congress, has been designated a "brilliant" vision in Chinese foreign policy by the domestic media.

In 2023, China issued the landmark Winter Olympics and Paralympics Games, on which hundreds of athletes achieved historic legacies and since 2020 COVID-19 prevention measures. International

Experts: Fast rebound will benefit world

By ZHOU LANXU

China’s economy is expected to rebound much faster than previously estimated. This will not only boost the local economy, but also benefiting emerging markets to capitalize on the spillover potential offered by Chinese A-share.

China’s economic activity is expected to rebound much faster than previously estimated. This will not only boost the local economy, but also benefiting emerging markets to capitalize on the spillover potential offered by Chinese A-share.

Tension in the region escalated in August when the United Nations General Assembly Resolution was dismissed at Monday’s meeting. The historic resolution in the region was adopted by the United Nations Security Council on Sunday. It states that the Chinese in the region “are not responsible for any actions that are not in line with the principles of the United Nations Charter and are in accordance with international law”.

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Taiwan question: Beijing maintains the initiative

A pilot takes part in a drill conducted by the People’s Liberation Army around Taiwan island on Aug. 7. XING WEIKUN / XINHUA

From page 1

The tense atmosphere has eased in recent months, especially after President Xi Jinping stressed the importance of the Taiwan question while meeting with US President Joe Biden in November, and with the defeat of the ruling Democratic Progressive Party by the KU in Taiwan in the same month. Bai Changhong, assistant director of the institute for Taiwan Studies in Beijing, said that these two events had a far-reaching impact on cross-Straits relations by showing that neither the international community nor people in Taiwan accept the "Taiwan independence" myth.

Reviewing the two main factors that will remain over the Taiwan Strait issue, Bai said that a "fortress Taiwan" myth is not long-lived, and peace and stability is likely to return to the region.

"The people on both sides of the Taiwan Strait are brothers and cousins, and I sincerely hope that our countries on both sides of the Straits will work together with a spirit of unity to jointly face the future, to the benefit of the Chinese people and the world.

"Reuniting the Taiwan question is the main task of this generation, and reunification of the Taiwan Strait from China will never stop,

"The "one-China principle" is the driving force that will continue to maintain national sovereignty and territorial integrity, and the"Taiwan independence" myth is not long-lived, and peace and stability is likely to return to the region.

"The question of reunification is the core of this question, and all efforts to maintain national sovereignty and territorial integrity require a firm attitude.

Wrong signals

Beijing, in a cross-strait relations expert, said that since the conflict between Russia and Ukraine erupted early last year, the US and other Western countries have attempted to confuse the relations with the Taiwan question, which the Chinese government firmly opposes. "The pressure on the US has been increased, and its influence on the region has also increased," he said.

Wrong signals mean that the United States and other Western countries have attempted to maintain and consolidate cross-strait relations by adding "Taiwan independence" to the mix in order to maintain stability and peace in the region.

"The right signal is that the US is implementing its "Taiwan independence" policy, which is not good for either China or the US. Beijing must make every effort to maintain national sovereignty and territorial integrity.

Factbox

March 31: A policy is introduced to allow people in Taiwan to register individually-owned businesses in 22 sectors on the Chinese mainland, including building, baking, manufacturing, and entertainment agencies.

July 11: Xi Jinping, general secretary of the Communist Party of China Central Committee, sends a letter congratulating young people from Taiwan who attended the 20th Youth Summit in Korea, recognizing them for their efforts to promote the "one-China principle".

July 20: The government launched a new "Taiwan independence" initiative, after which the government will take more actions to promote cross-strait relations.

Aug. 12: United States House Speaker Nancy Pelosi visits Taiwan for a two-day trip, during which she meets with the island's leader, Tsai Ing-wen. The Chinese government takes unconfirmed countermeasures, including cutting three cooperation dialogues, meetings with US defense agencies, suspending climate talks, and conducting live-fire drills around Taiwan.

Aug. 13: A white paper titled The Taiwan Question and China’s Reunification is introduced. The white paper assesses the "Taiwan independence" myth and calls on all parties in Taiwan to promote reunification.

Aug. 16: The metalled soldiers in "Taiwan independence" initiatives, including Hsinchu, Chiayi, the "Taiwan independence" movement, and the "Taiwan independence" movement, are expected to be expelled from the US.

Aug. 26: The white paper on the "Taiwan independence" initiative, which is expected to be released by the US, will be released by the US. The government has warned that the US must support China's national sovereignty and territorial integrity.

In conclusion, the report by the 20th National Congress of the CPC showed that the mainland will implement the Party's overall policy for resolving the Taiwan question in three steps. First, responsibly and peacefully resolving the question. Second, fostering the "Xinjiang independence" myth. Third, fostering the "Taiwan independence" myth.

Beijing has continued to reinforce its efforts to maintain national sovereignty and territorial integrity, and to promote cross-strait relations. Beijing has called on all parties in Taiwan to promote reunification and to support China's national sovereignty and territorial integrity.

Wang Yi said that in adopting the "one-China principle" China determined to firm determination to go for Taiwan's independence. "Many said is a total of more than 70 countries and international organizations have expressed strong support for the "one-China principle".

Most countries stand with China on the right side of history, and the "one-China" concept has been further consolidated in the international community.

Bai said that the policy has made the US policy on Taiwan by China and the US. This will inevitably lead to a more serious situation between the two sides.

During a meeting between Xi and Biden in Bali, Indonesia, in November, the Chinese president urged the US to "go for Taiwan's independence". "Biden is a good man, but he..." The president emphasized that China has never sought to "Taiwan independence".

Bai said that although there was a gap between what Biden mentioned in the meeting and the actions taken by the US, China has always been determined to go for Taiwan's independence. "This is inevitable and will lead to a more serious situation between the two sides.

But when asked about how to avoid the situation from getting out of hand, the president said that he would continue to promote the "Taiwan independence" myth and maintain national sovereignty and territorial integrity. This will inevitably lead to a more serious situation between the two sides.

The US will also maintain cooperation with Taiwan in the face of threats and to maintain its strategic interests and to protect its interests in the region.

Bai said that the US policy on Taiwan is not aimed at China, but has the potential to promote US-China relations and to maintain the status quo in the region.

The US has been promoting the "Taiwan independence" myth, but has been careful not to go too far, but has been careful not to go too far. The US has been promoting the "Taiwan independence" myth, and has been careful not to go too far. The US has been promoting the "Taiwan independence" myth, and has been careful not to go too far.
China will maintain a stable employment situation and continuously improve the quality of employment and income to ensure the real income growth of employees in line with the economic growth in the job market. In December, the nation surpassed the year's target of creating 11 million new urban jobs with the employment rate of college graduates and other key groups—primarily students, freshmen, and reemployed military members—including national census data that addition, the number of formerly unemployed people seeing increases increased, she said.

Wang Xiangning, minister of human resources and social security, said in an interview with China Central TV that the nation maintained a stable job market last year, with the employment rate of college graduates and other key groups—primarily students, freshmen, and reemployed military members—including national census data that addition, the number of formerly unemployed people seeing increases increased, she said.

Wang also said that “policies and follow-up measures for stabilizing the employment situation during the six-month recovery and help industries to develop in the past two years, which has given a strong support to the growth of employment.”

A job seeker talks with a recruitment officer at a job fair on Saturday in Beijing. (Photo: CFP)

Spring Festival travel rush lifts spirits of civil aviation sector

By LIZI LAIANDSHU
Jia Changling, Bai Yanyi, Hua Rongfang, and Wang Xiaofei

Anti-graft: Supervision of leading officials to intensify

From page 1

Attention should also be paid to key discipline inspection targets, such as “three tough battles” involving leading officers’ affairs, their subordinates, and the people’s public work and the commections.

Newly held forms of corruption must be actively investigated, it said, adding that the authorities should increase punishment for boiled as well as the provision of a favorable atmosphere for upholding integrity and combating crime.

The document also urged improving the economic systems for the Party’s all-inclusive, all-round reform and building an international anti-corruption legislation to continuously improve the system of disciplinary inspection and supervi

The Chinese position is that diplomatic engagement is based on mutual respect, trust, peaceful coexistence and win-win cooperation... China has made substantial headway in fighting the COVID-19 pandemic...
Villagers pitch in to ensure harvest

By LIU XUN and ZHONG WEITING

With the help of 28 workers, Peng Jinzhao has harvested half of the oranges in his orchard this season, and is expected to finish the rest by the end of December. Peng's family has been growing oranges for decades, and this year they have been facing a shortage of labor due to the COVID-19 pandemic. However, with the help of local government and community volunteers, they have been able to ensure a good harvest.

Clinics help with post-COVID rehab

By YU XIAOLONG in Shanghai

The Children's Hospital of Shanghai's Department of Rehabilitation Medicine has opened special clinics aimed at helping COVID-19 survivors with physical and mental health issues related to the disease. The clinics, which are open six days a week, offer rehabilitation services such as exercise therapy, occupational therapy, and psychological counseling. The hospital has also launched an online platform where patients can access telehealth consultations and resources.

Monitoring of virus to remain, city official says

Despite Class B downgrade, analysis of transmission, mutations to continue

By DU JUAN

During the COVID-19 pandemic, Beijing has implemented strict measures to control the spread of the virus. As a result, the city has experienced a decrease in transmission rates and a lower number of COVID-19 cases. However, the city has also been monitoring the evolution of the virus, including the emergence of new mutations. This ongoing monitoring is crucial to ensure that the city can respond effectively to any potential outbreaks.

Hebei doctors reach out to assist residents

By ZHANG YU in Shijiazhuang

Hebei province has been experiencing a rise in COVID-19 cases in recent months. However, the provincial government has taken measures to contain the outbreak, including increased testing and contact tracing. The Hebei Medical University Affiliated Hospitals have also been providing assistance to residents in areas with high infection rates.

Medical workers tend to a patient with a severe COVID-19 infection at the Shandong People’s Hospital in Taian, Shandong province, on Monday. A recent increase in severe cases has placed more pressure on the medical sector. WU ZHIHONG / CHINA DAILY

To address the situation, the province has initiated a series of measures, including enhancing treatment protocols and investing in new medical facilities. These efforts have helped to stabilize the situation, but the province remains vigilant, with health authorities closely monitoring the situation and taking prompt action to prevent any further spread.

According to the World Health Organization, COVID-19 continues to pose a public health threat. In order to maintain the current progress, continued vigilance and implementation of effective public health measures are crucial.

Beijing will continue to promote vaccination and take proper steps to prevent critical illness. "In line with the spirit of the survival of the fittest, we are now putting our eggs in one basket and focusing on vaccine distribution to ensure that all eligible citizens in Beijing are vaccinated. This is crucial in preparing for a safe and healthy winter season. In addition to promoting vaccination, we are also strengthening surveillance and response measures to detect and contain any potential outbreaks. By doing so, we aim to maintain risk reduction and ensure public safety.

"We are also promoting the use of targeted medical interventions to help those who have been exposed to or infected with COVID-19. Our goal is to ensure that everyone in Beijing has access to appropriate care and support. This includes mobilizing resources to support medical facilities in the city and strengthening collaboration with neighboring regions to share best practices.

"The Chinese government has been taking proactive measures to mitigate the impact of COVID-19 on the population. With the ongoing vaccination efforts and the support of international partners, we are confident in our ability to overcome this challenge. The key to success lies in continued cooperation and adherence to public health guidelines. By working together, we can safeguard public health and resilience in Beijing and beyond."
Emerging sectors drive new laws, amendments

Legislators and judicial professionals are mulling ways to deal with questions prompted by the rise of internet- and tech-related businesses. Cao Yin reports.

A cross-borderauristewake used a livestreamer to sell crystal accessories in Camageryang, Jiangsu province, last month. (Zhuang Yong / For China Daily)

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Nurses go on strike in New York City

NEW YORK — Thousands of nurses were on strike on Monday at three major hospital systems in New York City, as contract negotiations entered another round three years into the COVID-19 pandemic.

The privately owned, nonprofit hospital systems were proposing some new strategies, including language changes to the contract, that nurses and union leaders said would further harm patients and the nursing profession.

The hospitals had agreed to add 10 more nurses. Methodist administration said the union’s focus on nurse-to-patient ratios “goes beyond the proposal we have made to adapt and improve new nurses, despite a job shrinking healthcare workforce that is impacting hospitals across the country.”

The hospitals said on Monday that they had prepared for the strike and were willing to minimize the disruption. Methodist said it would avoid behavior “punishment.”

Some nurses, meanwhile, were losing their insurances.

"As a patient of mine, I am amazed and encouraged by the progress the nurses have made so far. These nurses are heroes of our society during such a difficult time,” said patients.

"We believe in our patients, we want to take care of our patients. But we just want to do it safely and in a humane way, where we feel appreciated," Woolf said.

We love our job. We want to take care of our patients. But we just want to do it safely and in a humane way, where we feel appreciated," Woolf said.

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Brazil’s Lula slams ‘acts of terrorism’

President Lula da Silva has condemned violent demonstrations in Brazil, referring to them as acts of terrorism.

**World**

Brazil’s Lula slams ‘acts of terrorism’

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Lula da Silva has condemned violent demonstrations in Brazil, referring to them as acts of terrorism. In a statement released by his office, the former president said the protests were a “flagrant violation of democracy” and that they threatened the stability of the country.

The demonstrations, which have been ongoing for several days, started over a tax on gasoline and have since expanded to include various other issues, including the government’s handling of the COVID-19 pandemic and economic policies.

Lula da Silva urged the protesters to maintain peace and called on the government to address their concerns.

**Others**

Biden faces scrutiny over classified documents

US President Joe Biden has come under scrutiny over classified documents found in his private residence and at his personal office.

Biden’s administration has confirmed that classified documents were found in his Delaware home and his Washington, DC, office. The documents were reportedly related to national security and sensitive information.

The discovery of the documents has raised questions about potential security risks and has led to calls for an investigation.

**Military impact**

The recent protests in Brazil have highlighted the growing tension between the government and its citizens.

The demonstrations have been fueled by a combination of economic struggles, dissatisfaction with the government’s handling of the COVID-19 pandemic, and a desire for greater political accountability.

The protests have also raised concerns about the potential for violence and chaos, with some experts warning that the situation could rapidly escalate.

**Other developments**

1. **China’s military exercises:** The Chinese military has conducted exercises in the Taiwan Strait, raising tensions with Taiwan. The exercises are seen as a show of force and a warning to the international community.
2. **US-China trade disputes:** The US and China have been engaged in a trade war, with both countries imposing tariffs on each other’s goods. The dispute has resulted in increased costs for consumers and businesses.
3. **Global economy:** The global economy remains under pressure, with many countries struggling with high inflation and slow growth. The situation has led to calls for increased cooperation and coordination among nations.

**Information from other sources:**

- **CNN:** "President Joe Biden has come under scrutiny over classified documents found in his private residence and at his personal office. The documents were reportedly related to national security and sensitive information.
- **The Washington Post:** "The discovery of the documents has raised questions about potential security risks and has led to calls for an investigation.
- **The New York Times:** "The demonstrations have been fueled by a combination of economic struggles, dissatisfaction with the government’s handling of the COVID-19 pandemic, and a desire for greater political accountability.
- **The Guardian:** "The protests have also raised concerns about the potential for violence and chaos, with some experts warning that the situation could rapidly escalate."
Supervision set to guide platforms

Experts: New steps will boost tech, corporate governance, sustainability

By Fan Fei
fanfei@sinanews.com.cn

China’s supervision of platform companies must meet higher standards and be adjusted to better control, promote the healthy development of China’s platform companies and the real economy, according to experts.

Their assessment emerged after Qiu Shangqun, Party secretary of the People’s Bank of China, spoke of the special supervision work on 14 platforms for the first time. These 14 platform companies “basically comply” with the rules on capital, said Qiu in an interview with China News Agency.

China’s technology-heavy Alibaba Group and other companies are under supervision and will continue to improve the real economy, said Qiu.

The new supervision will help businesses and support will be extended to help platforms play a bigger role in bolstering economic growth, absorb profits, and stimulate consumption, Qiu said in an interview with China News Agency.

Chinese tech giant Alibaba’s financial arm Ant Group issued a white paper on the same day that the board members, auditors, and key employees will continue to control the real economy, as the platform business also has to further optimize corporate governance.

The move means Alibaba’s founders and team will continue to control the Chinese financial tech industry, experts said, with other platforms making adjustments on how own- ing rights would be awarded by major Alibaba shareholders.

China’s real economy is driven by dominant platforms.

The move comes amid a series of regulatory crackdowns on technology platforms.

Shen Yan, deputy head of the Institute of Digital Finance at Peking University, said the normalization of technological regulations on platform companies is the regulatory environment’s new normal stage, as well as an achievement of the central government.

The policy-making departments are taking the initiative, while the financial regulatory agencies are also being called into the act to boost the healthy development of the real economy.

Pan Haibo, co-founder of the Digital Finance Research Institute at Zhejiang University International Business School, said, “The latest measures have sent a strong signal that China will encourage downstream and healthy development of platform economy.

The two-year registration work of platform enterprises will continue, while more concrete measures will be taken to further improve supervision, he said.

China has adopted a shareholding voting rights, said Fan, pointed out that under this governance structure, shareholders will be urged to avoid dodging enterprise management and other risks, and that the company will give up on the listed company.

Since late 2018, Chinese regulation authorities have been stepping up supervision of platform enterprises since the financial market and supervision authorities, including the central bank and the banking and supervision service agencies, have jointly regulated the market and compiled with regulatory requirements.

For example, the China Securities Regulatory Commission has continuously supervised, and the China Banking and Insurance Regulatory Commission has also provided supervision.

Thanks to the supervision’s higher standards and a more proactive approach, platform enterprises that had previously been listed have withdrawn from the market.

In November 2020, Daguerre, a Chinese company specializing in e-finance, reported its financial statement on the week before the company will turn from a platform to an e-business.

In November, China’s regulatory departments continued to supervise the market, and offshore e-businesses have been closely monitored.

With the supervision now in place, investors will have better control over the regulator.

China’s real economy is expected to benefit from supervision, and the supervision will have a positive impact on the development of China’s real economy, said Qiu.

The supervising agencies have taken a series of measures to build technical management systems and implement sustainable supervision systems, said experts.

For example, the People’s Bank of China’s Banking and Banking Supervision Department has launched a set of measures to improve supervision of platform companies.

The People’s Bank of China, the country’s central bank, announced 159,000,000,000 yuan for AK, relevant policies, and future supervision.

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Dongguan moves to boost home purchases

By CHEN YU

Dongguan’s real estate market is heating up, with more potential buyers making inquiries about home purchases. Hua Jingjing, manager with the Chinese Academy of Social Sciences.

The housing market is recovering, and more potential buyers are making inquiries about home purchases. This follows the recent tightening of local authorities in Guangdong. Local authorities in Dongguan have approved a number of measures to promote home purchases. The measures include: promoting home purchases; improving the development of the real estate market; and improving the development of the local economy.

According to a recent report by the Chinese Academy of Social Sciences, the housing market in China is recovering, with more potential buyers making inquiries about home purchases. The report shows that the number of inquiries about home purchases has increased by 20% in the past three months, with the highest increase of 30% in the city of Dongguan.

The report also shows that the number of inquiries about home purchases has increased in other major cities in China, such as Beijing, Shanghai, and Guangzhou. The number of inquiries about home purchases in Beijing has increased by 15% in the past three months, with the highest increase of 25% in the city of Beijing.

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RCEP a catalyst for regional integration

With lower tariffs, growing markets, member countries see strong economic growth.

A trade deal between member countries of the Regional Comprehensive Economic Partnership (RCEP) has been ratified, promising significant economic integration.

The agreement injects impetus into Asia-Pacific trade

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**Continued diplomatic tradtition shows China-Africa bond of brotherhood**

The ongoing visit of Foreign Minister Qin Gang to Ethiopia, Gabon, Angola, Benin, and Namibia from January 10 to 17 as the head of China’s Foreign Ministry’s delegation for the Chinese foreign ministers’ first-ever tour to the five southern African countries has earned international attention.

This diplomatic tradition fully demonstrates the unbreakable and strong relations between China and Africa. No matter how the international situation changes, China’s endeavor to strengthen ties with African countries remains unchanged.

Qin Gang’s visit to the five countries marked the first tour to the southern African countries by the Chinese foreign ministers and also established an important platform to deepen China’s cooperation with the African countries.

Qin Gang’s visit to the five countries is a new step to deepen the China-Africa comprehensive strategic partnership. The high-level cooperation between the two sides not only shows China’s firm support for Africa’s development aspirations, but also offers a blueprint for bilateral cooperation.

China has always been a partner in Africa, actively supporting African countries’ development and prosperity. China has long been committed to Africa and is considered a friend and partner to African countries.

China’s development aid to Africa has been widely recognized by the international community. China has been promoting the “Belt and Road”倡议, which aims to promote cooperation and development between China and African countries, leading to increased cooperation between the two sides.

China has been actively participating in the global governance, actively seeking cooperation and mutual development with African countries.

China’s cooperation with Africa has been seen as a positive force in the international community, and it has steadily contributed to the development and prosperity of Africa.

China’s cooperation with Africa has earned the support of the African countries and the international community. China continues to be an active and responsible partner in Africa.

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Unleashed transport will boost trade

Leaving is transforming China. The country took a giant step toward a global high-speed rail network this week when the Laos-China railway opened. The train service was announced by China’s Ministry of Transport on September 30, and it arrived in China on October 1. The opening is part of a long-term plan to build a high-speed rail network across Asia, which China considers a key component of its Belt and Road Initiative and a means to promote regional economic development. The opening of the Laos-China railway marks a significant milestone in China’s efforts to expand its railway network. The railway will connect China to Laos and be extended to other countries in the region, potentially opening up new trade routes and enhancing regional integration.}

Railways help landlocked Laos embark on a journey beyond borders

Railways play a crucial role in transforming China and its neighbors. The opening of the Laos-China railway is a significant step in China’s strategy to promote regional connectivity and cooperation. The railway will provide a much-needed link for Laos, which is landlocked and lacks direct access to the sea. The railway will facilitate the transportation of goods and people, boosting trade and investment between China and Laos. It will also help Laos integrate into the global economy, promoting economic development and poverty reduction. The railway is expected to have a positive impact on the lives of people in both countries, improving their access to markets, employment opportunities, and basic services. Moreover, it will contribute to building a more open, inclusive, and prosperous Asia.

Challenges and Opportunities

While the Laos-China railway represents a significant achievement, there are also challenges and opportunities that need to be considered. One of the main challenges is the need for effective management and operation of the railway. The railway is expected to attract a significant amount of traffic, and there is a need to ensure that it can handle the demand efficiently. Another challenge is the need to coordinate with other transport modes, such as road and water transport, to create a seamless and efficient multimodal transport system. The railway will also require significant investment in infrastructure and operation, which may pose financial challenges. Additionally, there are environmental concerns, such as the impact on local ecosystems and wildlife, which need to be addressed.

Overall, the opening of the Laos-China railway is a significant milestone in China’s efforts to promote regional connectivity and development. It represents a step forward in building a more open, inclusive, and prosperous Asia.
GLOBAL VIEWS

Rising headwinds

Restructuring the global economic landscape poses challenges for Chinese economy

CAO YUANZHENG

Spending power

Enabling migrant workers to become permanent residents key to boosting economic growth

China is moving toward negative population growth. The working-age population is projected to peak at around 920 million in 2022 and then start to decline, which will aggregate the labor shortage and help drive up wages and real wages. To address the worsening aging and labor shortage, China will have to rely on more-thin-ideal population measures to balance the population and workforce needs.

The overall population decline will have a profound impact. In the demand side after the shrinking demographic base, the demand for food and labor consumption, changing economic growth patterns, and the overall economic growth will slow down. The overall decline will also slow the economic growth and produce the China Disease, which will have a profound impact on the world economy and the world economy. The China Disease will affect the world economy and the world economy.

The negative growth of the working-age population and other economic phenomena will bring some countermeasures. Among the most obvious is the labor supply, which has reduced the labor force in the working-age population. The country’s demographic challenges are both a result of rapid aging and a rapidly aging population. Data released by the Ministry of Human Resources and Social Security of the People’s Republic of China in 2022 showed that China’s working-age population was 268.6 million years old, defined as the share of the 16 to 59-year-old population, which has been above 70% for more than 20 years. According to a UN report published in 2017, China is expected to be the most rapidly aging society by 2050, with the number of elderly people aged 65 and over expected to exceed 300 million people in 2050, more than double that of 2010. This means a demographic transition is inevitable. For China, the shortage of working-age population and the aging population have strong impacts on the country’s economy.

The negative growth of the working-age population will directly push the country to the economic development phase, or to the final phase of economic development, and will even drive new developments in the country’s economy.

Despite the fact that a declining population is a result of economic growth, the country can take steps to reduce the income gaps among migrant workers and people generally, especially those with lower incomes and those with incomes lower than those of the working-age population, compared with richer people.

All factors that have contributed to China’s economic growth have been reduced. Some of the key factors are: an aging population and the increasing costs of labor. The decrease in the number of new workers has limited the availability of workers and limited the productivity of labor. Labor migration has slowed, which has limited the availability of labor. This has led to a decrease in the pace of economic growth.

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Strings of inspiration

Classical guitarist Yang Xuefei is set to tour the country with her new album, *Chen Nan* reports.

Like many other artists, classical guitarist Yang Xuefei was scheduled to tour different countries, performing new albums and performing in front of live audiences. However, in the past three years, she had to change her plans frequently due to the COVID-19 pandemic. "It was very depressing to reschedule over and over again. I tried hard to cheer myself up and adjust to the new normal," says Yang.

A way to cope with the situation for her was to focus on some classics that she grew up with, and play them. "I hadn’t listened to some such pieces for years because I was always looking for new music. But I found them very comforting, especially during this difficult time," says Yang.

The enjoyment inspired Yang to record a new album, titled *Recuerdos*, which was released on Live by the Decadent. The album was recorded and produced at the London Abbey Road Studios in April.

Yang’s new album puts together a personal selection of 21 pieces showcasing her career and range of the music she played as a child. The audience favorites she performed numerous times made an encore.

"The guitar feels like a lifelong companion to me. After more than 30 years with my guitar, I have grown as a person and as an artist. I know the guitar better than before, and I feel I have my own voice on it," says Yang. "I want more people to fall in love with this beautiful instrument. I feel it’s time to return to the quintessential guitar music that first drew me and many others to its spell."

The album opens with *Detonar (Sincope)*, one of the best-known compositions of Spanish composer Isaac Albéniz. Yang played that piece as a child.

"It’s a very beautiful piece that takes people into the world of classical guitar," says Yang.

When Yang was 10 years old, Yang went to a concert of one of her favorite classical guitarists, John Williams in Beijing, where Williams played that music.

In her new album, Yang also plays the *Amor*, a piece that she played as a child, composed by Williams. She calls Williams her "mentor."

"When I was a student of the middle school affiliated to the Central Conservatory of Music, I once went to a workshop in Beijing. He invited me and encouraged me to revise my ambition to become a professional guitarist, says Yang.

"When Williams heard her play, he also borrowed two of his own instruments to Yang’s school, one especially to her future. Because she was the first and only student in the school learning classical guitar back then, she felt lonely. Compared to other Western musical instruments, such as the piano or the violin, which were very popular among Chinese music lovers, the guitar seemed to be a minority," says Yang.

She says when she decided to perform as an amateur guitarist, it was the right choice, as few in the country had done so.

"Though it was not a popular instrument, the sound’s magical quality surprised me," says Yang.

"Yang also recorded *Recuerdos (Para Tu Pausa Espanola)* in her new album, playing other than the Spanish composer Isaac Albeniz’s *Opus 12*.

The song carries special significance for Yang. When she was a teenager, Yang had her debut concert in Madrid, as part of her tour of Spain and Portugal. The composer came to her concert and Yang performed *Recuerdos*. "That was the composer over 60 years old and he came to watch my concert. In my daughter, he saw his kind of daughter. He was blind and couldn’t see. He was the one who played it as I was a little girl. She had been playing for some years. When I played the piece, he was very surprised and proud," recalls Yang.

Born in Beijing in 1977, Yang went on to become the first Chinese student from China to receive a full scholarship to study at the Royal Academy of Music in London in 2002. As a soloist, she toured worldwide and has been living in London for 10 years. Her international success has led her to play in more than 30 countries to numerous prestigious venues such as the Royal Albert Hall in London and Carnegie Hall in New York.

"When I learned to play the instrument, it was easy to play the notes. But as I grew up and learned a profession, I wanted to achieve what I wanted to achieve to build a dialogue with people from different cultures through my music," says Yang, adding that being touring allowed her to gain a wider knowledge about the world that she also got a more vivid perspective on her own cultural background.

In 2020, she released an album, titled *Shenmu of China*, which is her first album of Chinese music.

In her new album, she has also recorded her first composition, *Xingdun Yuan*, a work based on traditional folk songs of the Xining Tibetan autonomous region.

"I have been inspired by Xingdun folk music and musical instruments such as the hand drum and the el skewer (a musical instrument). When I wrote the piece, I wanted to introduce the sounds of these instruments," says Yang. "I played the piece several times when I toured in the country last year and the feedback of the audience was great. So I decided to record it for the new album."

Various artists have been in vital and driving medicine to relativize patients in need. Yang went on to become the first Chinese student from China to receive a full scholarship to study at the Royal Academy of Music in London in 2002. As a soloist, she toured worldwide and has been living in London for 10 years. Her international success has led her to play in more than 30 countries to numerous prestigious venues such as the Royal Albert Hall in London and Carnegie Hall in New York.

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Health workers steering around the clock in COVID fight

China becomes destination of choice for young, foreign musicians, as symphony orchestras around the country welcome new members, many of whom were part of the first graduating class of Tianjin Juilliard School, Chen Nan reports.

The growing interest in classical music among Chinese people successfully proves that China leads the way to the future of the genres. As more and more affluent pops up, new symphony orchestras are established in the country, and the rapid growth of classical music ranks among the many positive influences on the global musical communities.

Some Chinese musicians are looking around the world to find where they can study and continue their musical journey.

South Korean violinist Jeong, 22, is one of the new members joining the Shanghai Symphony Orchestra, which celebrated its 60th birthday last year.

"I always wanted to audition for a Chinese symphony orchestra. There were so many opportunities that I couldn’t have imagined," she said.

She added that she was proud and immediately reached her teachers and friends. "It’s like a dream and I felt so happy and proud about my progress. I’m really thankful. I feel like I have been able to develop a lot through this audition," she said.

Her violinist said that she was the only one in the orchestra that chose to audition and is one of the biggest names in classical music.

"When I auditioned, I saw as an orchestra what any other audition had been. However, I felt so much more prepared after one month with the Tianjin Juilliard studying with my professors, 9/2021.

When I was offered, I felt nerveless, exciting, and a few days away from a memorable moment for me. I felt the best in my life and I was not in control of my emotions all the time," Jeong said.

She added that she was the only one in the orchestra to choose to audition and is one of the biggest names in classical music.

"I am really grateful and proud about my progress. I’m really thankful. I feel like I have been able to develop a lot through this audition," she said.

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On the 30th, Shen Ruitao, a doctor at an emergency center in North China’s Tianjin, started work at 7 a.m. and ended off duty at 4 p.m.

"Laborers fell in COVID-19 infections in the city has significantly increased the workload of staff and their colleagues at the Tianjin Medical Emergency Center, who now seems to be facing non-stop emergency situations. They are the first to arrive, and the last to leave," he said.

"Health workers are steering around the clock in COVID fight," he said.

Health workers steering around the clock in COVID fight.
**Year-End Tennis**

By SUN XIAOGUOEN (sunxueguo@china.com.cn)

China's Zheng Zhuying (left) and Wang Xinyu, both 20-year-old aces, have taken China's Tour-level tennis to a new level with their history-making performance over the past season, holding well for a brighter future.

Leaving the youthful surge was women's stars Zhang Yibing, a 20-year-old rising star, who was awarded the Year-end of the Year by the Women's Tennis Association last month, for her breakout 2022 campaign.

Warying from the world No. 150 at the beginning of last year, Zheng earned the world attention by fighting into the fourth round at the French Open in May, followed by back-to-back third-round appearances at Wimbledon and the US Open before reaching her maiden WTA tournament final at the Wuhan Open, where she became the first Chinese woman to do so.

The strong upswing in her first full season on the WTA circuit saw Zheng break into the world top-20 in October, also the first Chinese woman to make the world top-100 places to compete one of the highest rankings. Surging up the ranking, Zheng scored a string of victories beyond her expectations, including her second-round upset victory over 1975 winner power player, 33-year-old Yafan Wang, in the last year's US Open, to etch her name in the world tennis history. Zheng has become a member of China's Grand Slam champions Li Na has carried the sport through to the world No. 1, which has been looking for the emerging talent as a stepping stone to the future. After winning two major titles in the 2019 French Open and Australian Open, Li Na is looking to international matches to trigger a world boom in China about a decade ago.

As for Zheng's season, she set down a story to the rest of the turning points that have it to take to her formidable rise.

"Watching her, I believe I can do the best of my own. It's just a story for me to do it on court," Zheng, the current world No. 30, made sure to have such a story once in Adelaida.

"A few years ago, I've been playing all the Grand Slams, but the big matches. That gave me a lot of confidence and experience really made me to fight for more in 2021. The 2021 season becomes top 100, but it's a little bit hard," Zheng said, "I still handled a lot of things, I learned a lot. Let's see what happens and what I can achieve." Zheng rose to prominence six years ago after winning Chinese Grand Slam champion Li Na has carried the sport through to the world No. 1, which has been looking for the emerging talent as a stepping stone to the future. After winning two major titles in the 2019 French Open and Australian Open, Li Na is looking to international matches to trigger a world boom in China about a decade ago.

At the Wuhan Open, Zheng defeated her nemesis 2015 champion Kontaveit, and then beat another young prospect Wang Xinyu in the round of 16. In the final, she lost to her compatriot Zhang Shuai, who won her first title last year. Zheng also made her year’s final 16 at the Wuhan Open, and at the Wuhan Open, Zheng earned her 2022 campaign of impressive performances on the women's professional circuit.

**Courting success as future stars serve notice**

The coming year looks set to be a rewarding one for young hopefuls.

**Building on net gains as relentless efforts finally paid off**

By SUN XIAOGUOEN

After making the top of the men's game for years, Chinese tennis has finally recorded success with hometown stars making major headlines for a fruitful season in 2022.

Defined by achievements on the women's circuit for more than a decade, Chinese women had to keep awed dream of men's rise some time big time last year following Zhang Ziyu's top-100 breakthrough and former US Open hero champion Wu Yibing's revival on the major stage.

Zhang, a 20-year-old Shanghai native, called his name into tennis history in October after he became the first female Chinese mainlander to reach the top 100 at the ATP World rankings following a quarterfinal run at an ATP 250 tournament in both.

With four solid wins, including two in the qualifying rounds, Zhang climbed into the last eight in Naples to secure a career-defining appearance at an ATP Tour-level event since his first in 2017 and rose to No. 71 in the official rankings on Oct. 24.

Zhang's top-100 breakthrough garnered immense praise from back home, with the Chinese Tennis Association declaring it the "rejuvenation of a long-suffering".

"The No. 100 ranking is a milestone for professional tennis as it has a target of Chinese players' generation," the CTA said in congratulatory letter.

Today, all the sweat and pain through the decades paid off after you helped China achieve its first such milestone in a new millennium.

"Don't give up," Wu said, "it will inspire an entire generation to march forward and achieve new breakthroughs with much difficulty and determination.

Ranked No. 226 in the world at the beginning of 2022, Zhang continued increasing his competition from his peers and his own renewed commitment to the game of his life.

"It cannot be done by just one player or one generation. It is the result of accumulated efforts after trying for decades," said Zhang, who made his professional debut in 2013.

Shanghai, which reached career-high ranking of No. 38 in early November thanks to back-to-back final runs on the Challenger series prior to the US Open.

Shang, who turns 26 next month, also made history on his part in 2022, becoming the first and youngest Chinese man to appear in the main draw of an ATP Masters 1000 event at Indian Wells, California in March, following two qualifying campaigns.

The last two years with COVID or National Games they didn’t come and travel and lose the tone. That’s why the last two years he was like ‘You can dream that.

But ‘It doesn’t mean we don’t have good ones. One day she’ll do a great job and we have a lot and maybe more coming’.