World Bank sees 4.3% growth for China in 2023

By ZHAO HUAXIEN
Washington, Associated Press

The World Bank has forecast China’s economy to grow 4.3 percent in 2023, the fastest in four years, after a 3 percent expansion last year. The forecast reflects optimism over a strong recovery in China’s economy, driven by strong demand and policy support.

Economists say the forecast is based on a number of factors, including the anticipated reopening of China’s borders, the gradual easing of COVID-19 restrictions, and the expected increase in domestic consumption.

The World Bank expects China’s economy to grow 4.3 percent in 2023, faster than the 3 percent growth rate forecasted for 2022. The forecast is based on a number of assumptions, including a strong recovery in the second half of the year, increased domestic demand, and continued policy support.

The robust growth is expected to be driven by higher investment in infrastructure and real estate, as well as by rapid expansion in the services sector, particularly in areas such as tourism and transportation.

China’s economy is forecast to grow at a 4.3 percent pace in 2023, according to the World Bank.

China’s civil aviation authority is reviewing applications for resumption of international flights

By LIU WANGHONG
huanghongliu@chinadaily.com.cn

China’s civil aviation authority is reviewing applications for the resumption of international flights, according to a new report. The authority is looking at applications from both domestic and international airlines.

The report indicates that the authority is considering the resumption of international flights, but has not yet decided on the timeline for resuming operations.

The decision will be made based on a number of factors, including the status of the COVID-19 pandemic, travel demand, and the need for air traffic control capacity.

The authority is also considering the need for additional measures, such as testing and quarantine, to ensure the safety and health of passengers.

Strong potential of Sino-African ties to be tapped

By ZHAO HUAXIEN
Washington, Associated Press

The World Bank has forecast China’s economic growth to increase in 2023, as the country continues to recover from the COVID-19 pandemic. The forecast is based on a number of assumptions, including the expected recovery of global economic conditions, the continued implementation of macroeconomic policies, and the gradual easing of COVID-19 restrictions.

The World Bank is optimistic about China’s economic prospects in 2023, as the country continues to recover from the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic.

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A virtual rock band caught the eye at a concert staged by Sina Music in January, marking the arrival of 2023. The band, composed of digital avatars, has been serving as cultural relics housed at the Shaanxi History Museum.

In 2023, the concert was aimed mainly at Generation Z — those born in the 1990s or early 2000s, who are seen as being familiar with digital technology, the internet, and social media from a young age.

China’s National Museum is one of a number of organisations that has embarked on innovative projects to promote the cultural heritage in different formats.

The museum has also begun to explore the use of virtual reality in its exhibitions, with an aim to attract younger audiences and make the cultural heritage accessible to a wider audience.

In November, the museum launched a virtual reality exhibition, featuring multimedia displays and interactive experiences that bring the cultural heritage to life for visitors.

Virtual reality technology allows users to experience the cultural heritage in a more immersive and interactive way, providing a new way to engage with the past.

The museum’s director said that the virtual reality exhibition is just one of many initiatives aimed at making the cultural heritage more accessible and engaging for young people.

In addition to virtual reality, the museum has also been exploring other technologies, such as augmented reality and artificial intelligence, to enhance the visitor experience.

These technologies are being used to create immersive experiences that allow visitors to explore the cultural heritage in new and innovative ways.

The museum hopes that these initiatives will help to raise awareness of the cultural heritage and encourage more people to visit and learn about it.
Africa’s well-being high on agenda of Qin’s visit

Despite the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, China-Africa teamwork on BRI has shown strong resilience and vitality, and it continues to move forward, bringing real benefits to Africa’s development.\(^1\)

*Reprinted from the Chinese Academy of Sciences’ Institute of West and African Studies*\(^2\)

By LIU ZHIZHUA and ZHONG NAN

China is expected to pursue greater domestic reforms and tariff cuts as it strives to join important international trade agreements and unleash the potential of high-level economic opening up, experts and business executives said.

They also said China will strengthen economic ties with more countries and areas, reach trade deals with Latin America and South Africa, and bolster economic ties with other regions.

The implementation of the Regional Comprehensive Economic Partnership agreement at the start of last year has propelled China to liberalize and better facilitate trade and investment, improving the country’s readiness to align with higher level global trade rules.

However, high-standard free trade pacts — such as the Comprehensive and Progressive Agreement for Trans-Pacific Partnership that China is asking to join — have greater levels of openness for countries that want to join, a trade analyst said.

When compared with the CPTPP, the RCEP has more openness in sectors such as financial services and designated monopolies, labor standards, transparency and intellectual property rights, said Chen Jian, a professor at the Tsinghua University’s School of Public Policy.

In addition, he said, China’s open economic policies will likely be reflected when developing the RCEP countries’ economic perspectives.

China’s negative first approach, with more openness on foreign investment in liberalized sectors and industries, might need to be expanded to other areas to provide more business access to Chinese firms.

Chen said this “not only helps trade but also brings new opportunities to China’s trade.”

China will also hedge include in new free trade agreements projects to further liberalize its domestic market, he said.

The country is also expected to deepen domestic reforms to align with high-level international economic and trade rules.

The recent Central Economic工作会议 held in Beijing set the economic tone for the year, calling for greater efforts to attract foreign capital, widen market access, promote the opening up of modern service industries, and give foreign-funded enterprises national treatment.

China will actively seek to join high-standard economic and trade rules — such as the CPTPP and the Digital Economy Partnership Agreement of the countries involved.

A report to the 19th National Congress held in Beijing outlined the economic and technological development plans for China in the coming years. The plan makes many recommendations to improve the country’s market policies and open up its markets.

China needs energy and high-tech products from other countries, and it also needs access to foreign markets, said Zhang Yujie, vice-president of the China Society for Urban Development Studies, at a public meeting held.

On Monday, China’s dominant political and economic body submitted its report to the National People’s Congress meeting in Beijing.

China’s top priorities will be to advance its global efforts, respond to Africa’s trade and investment challenges, and provide assistance as China helps Africa realize the transition to cleaner energy while pursuing robust development.

China also has only developed infrastructure projects but also adopted digitalization and cybersecurity.

Each step will also be taken in areas political, social, and economic issues, and it will help the African country to establish diplomatic relationships with China.


**China’s further open economy, unleash potential**

High-quality reforms expected to allow nation to join more major free trade pacts, experts say

By LIU ZHIZHUA and ZHONG NAN

China’s expected result for the second quarter of this year will be greater domestic reforms, tariff rate cuts and market opening up, experts and business executives said.

They also said China will strengthen economic ties with more countries and areas, reach trade deals with Latin America and South Africa, and bolster economic ties with other regions.

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**Trip: Mutual interests crucial to cooperation**

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**China can’t be swayed by denial**

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**What does the future hold for China?**

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US to blame for PLA drills around Taiwan

By ZHANG YI zhanyi@chinadaily.com.cn

The frequent military aircraft exercises by the People's Liberation Army around the island of Taiwan are due to the Chinese military’s concentration between the United States and the island of Taiwan, a Chinese military spokesman said on Wednesday.

"The drills by the PLA were a stern warning to those who are attempting to undermine the consensus by Taiwan and the US, which damaged stability and prosperity across the Taiwan Straits," Mr. Xiang, a spokesman for China’s Taiwan Affairs Office, said on Wednesday at a news briefing in Beijing.

The remarks came after some recent provocative moves by the Democratic Progressive Party authorities in Taiwan, including military purchases from the US, the expansion of conventional military services in the US, and the promotion of ‘Taiwan independence’ to seek support from foreign political forces.

"We urge that a mature, rational party which allows no interference from others," Mr. Xiang said, adding, "We must impose consequences to Taiwan from China.

He also condemned a think tank in the US for manipulating the "Taiwan independence" to make profits for military groups in the country, through a war game simulation of the "invasion" of the "Tainan island" by the US.

The simulation by the Center for Strategic and International Studies predicted that if the PLA "invaded" Taiwan in 2016, it could result in heavy losses for the "invaders." It is likely to be invaded, including the mainland, the US, and Japan.

"Taiwan independence" is a dead end, Mr. Xiang said. The US should abandon its "Taiwan independence" policy and work for the peaceful reunification of the two sides of the Taiwan Strait and the "one China" principle.

"The people on both sides of the Taiwan Strait are eager to accelerate the peaceful reunification of the two sides and promote cooperation," Mr. Xiang said. "We hope that the US government will fully respect the will of the Chinese people and promote the peaceful reunification of the two sides of the Taiwan Strait.

"We'll take steps on both sides of the Taiwan Strait to strengthen cooperation in order to maintain the mainland and Hong Kong, Macau, and Taiwan's peace and prosperity, and achieve reunification.

Cold front, snow to end unusual winter warmth

By LI HONGXIANG libh@chinadaily.com.cn

The National Meteorological Center has forecast that from Wednesday through Friday, strong cold air will hit most parts of China and keep chilling the nation for the rest of January.

The weather pattern will bring about heavy snow, rain, and snowstorms, and will affect transportation, energy supply, and public health, the center said.

The new weather front may lead to consistent freezing weather as well as snowstorms at a new wave front.

The good news is that the cold air is not extreme as anticipated, the center said. In early January, temperatures in some parts of China rose by 4°C to more than 7°C in normal years. It was expected to result in an increase in extreme weather.

This Wednesday, the Jiangsu meteorological service said people need to be wary of low pressure on their way home, especially during the peak Spring Festival travel rush for the new year.

Thursday through Sunday, heavy rain in the Tianshan, Xijiang, and Guizhou provinces and Hainan Island, will lower visits to less than zero, the center said.

When the cold wave met with heavy snow, the temperature will hit the lowest level in the current period, the center said. The cold wave will continue to move to the east and south, bringing about temperature drops of up to 10°C.

Snow and cold will hit most parts of China, including the Sichuan-Uygur autonomous region, Hebei and Hainan provinces and Chongqing municipality. The precipitation will be favorable for the snow rain transformation. The temperature will be below freezing in some parts.

"The snow will be very light. It will not bring any heavy snow or snow that will impact safety," the center said.

By 9:30 a.m. Wednesday, rainfall had been recorded in eastern Jiangxi, Hunan, and Hubei, the China Meteorological Administration said.

The snowfall will begin in northern China before moving to the north and south, the center said.

Several regions have experienced snowfall in recent days, including Liaoning, Jilin, Heilongjiang, and Hebei. The snow will continue through Friday, according to the center.

This Wednesday, the snowfall will end in the north, and the snow will continue through Friday in the south, the center said.
**Emergency care**

Medical workers take with serious about patients’ conditions at the emergency department of a major hospital in Yinchuan, Ningxia Hui Autonomous Region, on Tuesday. The hospital has added more staff to work night shifts to handle the pressure of the COVID-19 epidemic.

**Class B downgrade brings back a sense of normality**

Life returns to pre-pandemic activity in many places as restrictions lifted

By WANG XIAYOU

Emergency care operators are working hard to support patients with COVID-19 infections and serious underlying diseases. Several measures have been taken to relieve the burden on the medical system. The class B pandemic control level has been lifted in many areas, significantly reducing the impact of the pandemic on people’s lives. This has brought back a sense of normality to many places.

**Preparedness ramped up at key locations for holiday**

By LI JIE

Arithmetic is ramped up at COVID-19 response centers in key locations and services ranging from nursing homes and urgent care centers to rural clinics are being bolstered for the holiday season. The State Council’s Joint Prevention and Control Mechanism, the country’s highest COVID-19 control task force, recently issued a guide on COVID-19 control at nursing homes and other care facilities. While residents are staying at home during the holiday of the Chinese New Year, officials said the rules were made in line with China’s new peak of COVID-19 (Paxlovid) management from Sunday. By 11:30 am, local authorities had temporarily closed down many nursing homes in Jiangsu and Henan, and strong measures are being taken to control COVID-19 cases in rural areas.

Li Guangyao, head of the National Health Commission’s COVID-19 response expert panel, said that the key to virus control work at present is devoting resources to managing groups and key facilities, especially related to the elderly. ‘In general, it is hoped that moving homes will be able to avoid large numbers of infections when local infections peak,’ he said.

Great demands must be established for nursing home residents to be transferred to health facilities if they develop severe conditions, to help them recover.

As large numbers of migrant workers are returning to their hometowns, local health departments are working to ensure that community workers have established connections with the senior care groups and their families on social media. A door-to-door registration system has been carried out to check those without access to the internet.

‘Health services for such groups who are transferred to health facilities — medical treatment, medication supplies and regional transfer — should be standardized to establish unified management measures. Neighborhood workers will also visit them to provide medical advice, medicines and individualized medical supplies and distribute other medical packages to the senior care groups and their families. The elderly are also being used so that neighbors could consult with doctors on medical matters in times of need.

**Special teams pitch in to fight virus in Zhejiang**

By MA ZHEHUI

Huang Zhiqian’s home in Taizhou, Zhejiang province, is organized dozens of special teams to distribute daily necessities and medicaments to residents in rural areas to ensure their safety during the holiday. More than 10,000 teams were established in Zhejiang, including around 250 special teams in Taizhou, explaining to them the importance of paying attention to the holiday and ways to fight infection. Special teams will be set up to take the initiative to share medical knowledge. The provincial health commission is conducting their tasks in cities such as Zhejiang to promote COVID-19 prevention and treatment.

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To early for accurate COVID-19 death tally, experts say

By WANG XIAYOU

Senior Chinese health officials said on Thursday that the people had been overestimating the death toll in the COVID-19 pandemic, and that the actual number of deaths is much lower than the figures published by the government. The officials said that the government was working hard to ensure that the data is accurate and reliable.

The government has been closely monitoring the variation and the reliability of the 3B spreadsheet, and the official has been overestimating the death toll in the pandemic. Liang Wannian, deputy director of the University of Public Health and a senior expert at the National Health Commission, said there has been no official acknowledgment of COVID-19 death figures since the outbreak in Wuhan, China, as far as the government knows.

Liang said that as the COVID-19 pandemic is over, it is time to privately calculate the death rate of the virus. "When a virus is prevalent, we can have a clear idea of the death rate," he said.

Wang Guangjun, head of the infectious disease department at Peking Union Medical College Hospital, said that since the initial outbreak in Wuhan, China, the government has been closely monitoring the variation and the reliability of the 3B spreadsheet, and the official has been overestimating the death toll in the pandemic. Liang Wannian, deputy director of the University of Public Health and a senior expert at the National Health Commission, said there has been no official acknowledgment of COVID-19 death figures since the outbreak in Wuhan, China, as far as the government knows.

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Prospects for Mideast peace deal setback

By JAE ONWUACHUKWU in Jerusalem

With Israel's feared coalition government potentially unraveling, the prospects for a lasting peace agreement with the Palestinians have dimmed, a senior leader of the Fatah movement said on Monday, while urging the United States to avoid taking actions that would undermine the peace process.

"There is a clear risk that the coalition government will fall, which would make it difficult to move forward in the peace process," said Mohammad Shtayyeh, a member of the Palestinian parliament. "We need a clear and consistent policy from the United States to support the peace process."外文

A young Palestinian man stands guard at the entrance of the West Bank settlement of Yits Har. The settlement is one of the many Jewish settlements in the West Bank.

The United Nations has repeatedly called for an end to settlements, which it views as illegal under international law. The Biden administration has not yet taken a firm position on the issue, leaving many Palestinians concerned about the future of the peace process.

The US has been a key player in the Mideast peace process for decades, and has consistently called for a two-state solution. However, in recent years, the Trump administration has taken a more pro-Israel stance, leading to concerns that the US may not be as committed to the peace process as in the past.

Shtayyeh said that the US should not take actions that would undermine the peace process, such as recognizing Israeli settlements as part of the State of Israel.

"We need the United States to play a positive role in the peace process," he said. "We cannot afford to have a situation where the US is not a reliable partner."
China sales lift Airbus over Boeing

By BYELINDA ROBINSON

In New York

Thousands of flights across the United States were temporarily grounded Friday for non-security reasons as a result of the Federal Aviation Administration’s order to ground flights in the airspace between the two main runways at the airport.

The FAA has decided to ground all flights over the New York area on Friday due to a maintenance issue that has been ongoing for more than two weeks and has caused some of the most frequent flights to be diverted away from the airport.

“We are taking this action to ensure the safety of our passengers,” the FAA said in a statement.

The FAA has been monitoring the situation and has taken precautions to prevent any issues from occurring.

US flights grounded after system outage

US flights were grounded across the country on Friday as the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) ordered all flights to be grounded due to a system outage.

The FAA said in a statement that the outage was caused by a software issue and that it was working to resolve the problem as quickly as possible.

The FAA also said that it was taking all necessary safety precautions and that it was working to keep passengers and crew members safe.

The FAA did not specify how long the outage would last or when flights could resume.

Passengers were advised to check the status of their flights through the FAA’s website or via social media.

The FAA said it was working with airlines to ensure that passengers were kept informed and that all necessary safety measures were being taken.

The FAA also advised passengers to check with their airlines for any updates on flight status.

US flights were grounded for several hours due to the outage, causing delays and cancellations for travelers across the country.

The FAA said it was working to keep passengers informed and that it was taking all necessary safety precautions to prevent any disruptions to travel.

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Tech giants look to bolster industrial digitalization

By JIANGXUAN

Experts stress banks’ role in real economy

By BAI JUN

China Energy vows to ensure coal supply

By ZHENG XIN

Hopes of monetary easing stir debate on credit, consumer demand

By JIANGXUAN

By BYRNE CHEEN

Chinese literature and tech heavyweights seek ways to boost society investment in ‘cloud computing and extended-reality devices’, and leverage cutting-edge digital technologies. The industry is poised to upgrade as part of their broader push to promote digital transformation of the real and digital economies, experts said.

"The biggest challenge lies in understanding the real economy and believing the digital transformation of the real and digital economies," said Zhuang Yang, chairman and CEO of Alibaba, during the financial program hosted by China Daily.

Zhuang said he believes the industry has high hopes for the platform economy and the Digital Economy. The Conference stressed that platform companies should be supported to help drive economic development and globalization.

Zhuang argued that as a result of confidence, there is still a long way to go to build a partner relationship, adding that the platform economy should be seen as an unleashing of digital economy, and sources, which is Alibaba’s biggest mission.

The company is marking up another facade in the digital world of technology, to help small and medium-sized companies to make their digital transformation from efficiency to economic structure.

The cloud computing sector, which is the backbone of China’s industry digitalization, is playing a crucial role in the development of Alibaba’s overall business landscape in 2023. The company’s small and medium-sized enterprises and new industrial internet sectors will further improve the digital transformation from efficiency to economic structure.

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By BYRNE CHEEN

Coal jumps up at Shanghai Exchange. Photo: qixueqiaozhen@chinadaily.com.cn

"We will further strengthen our research on emerging technologies, especially high-tech industries and capital intensity, to maintain the financial stability and the overall economic system," said China Energy’s top executive.

"China Energy is a well-established and diversified energy conglomerate that is ranked as the world’s top energy producer. We are committed to ensuring the stability and security of the global energy market. We are working hard to ensure the domestic energy supply and meet the needs of the domestic market. We are committed to maintaining the stability of the global energy market," said China Energy’s top executive.

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By BYRNE CHEEN

China Energy vows to ensure coal supply

By ZHENG XIN

Hopes of monetary easing stir debate on credit, consumer demand

By JIANGXUAN

Experts stress banks’ role in real economy

By BAI JUN

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Hopes of monetary easing stir debate on credit, consumer demand
Major lenders chart faster steps in key areas and weak links. Inject impetus into development

By YAN XU

China Daily

Major banks in China must get the pace of credit extension right so that their credit policies will promote economic development goals and further optimize their credit structures, and provide targeted support for key areas and weak links of national economic and social development, according to decisions made at a meeting held by China's central bank and its top banking and insurance regulator on Tuesday.

Large State-owned commercial banks in the country recently said they will lay focused on serving the real economy and expanding demand this year and accelerate the establishment of a modern and efficient financial system, as well as step-up extension of credit to sectors and small enterprises, technological innovation and green development.

Industrial and Commercial Bank of China will expedite the innovation of consumer financial products and services to make sure every service more convenient for and accessible to consumers.

As China's largest State-owned commercial lender, ICBC will focus on the supply of money to the manufacturing sector and support the supply side structural reform, development of high-tech and emerging industries, construction of new types of infrastructure, the establishment of a new type of energy system, and the transformation of traditional industries. It will also look to supporting the development of new and high-tech manufacturing industries, construction of new types of infrastructure, and the transformation of traditional industries.

Bank of China will ramp up credit to key industries to boost China's manufacturing industry, construction of new types of infrastructure, the establishment of a new type of energy system, and the transformation of traditional industries.

China Everbright Bank Corp will proactively explore affordable rental housing, urban renewal and funds to finance rental housing, and push for a steady transition of the country's current housing development models.

As China's leading policy-oriented urban development bank, China Land & Investment Bank will focus on supporting policy-oriented urban development, green development, technological innovation, privately owned small and medium-sized enterprises and rural revitalization, with a focus on key fields and weak links in China's economic development and promote the transformation and upgrading of the countryside.

Corporate loans, especially medium- and long-term loans, are expected to increase further as China strives to secure the reserve requirements of banks and support the efforts of key fields such as infrastructure, manufacturing and real estate. The top heavy in the implementation of supporting financing via policy and development financial instruments, said Xin Bo, chief economist at China Merchants Bank Co.

The current participation rate of new banks is primarily supported by policy-oriented and developmental financial instruments still needed to be boosted. The financial system should be formed to meet the physical workload in the following months, Wu said.

Digital pathological diagnosis systems optimizing healthcare transformation

By ZHENG YIRAN

Global Times

Pathological diagnosis of diseases are key links in clinical practice, playing a vital role in helping make more accurate and objective diagnoses.

Pathological diagnosis identifies diseases or conditions by examining cells and tissues under a microscope. Digital pathological diagnosis, or digital pathology, adopts intelligent algorithms to increase efficiency and accuracy, shorten the period of expert generation and reduce hospital-staff shortages.

According to the 2023 China White Paper on Digital Pathology issued by the Shanghai Digital Medicine Innovation Center and Beijing-based cloud Equal Ocean, 50 percent of the surveyed pathologists think that digital pathology improves efficiency by 50 percent.

The white paper stated that 84 percent of the surveyed hospitals are building or have built a digital pathology system. Over half of these hospitals have spent more than 1 million yuan ($146,600) on the system, with some investing more than 5 million yuan (7.3 million). The system requires an accumulated investment of some $10 million to build a complete digital pathology system and the construction period can be long, experts said.

In 2022, about 80 percent of digital pathological consultation were reported to have used digital pathology, the white paper said.

The nation is undergoing a transformation from traditional pathological diagnosis into digital pathology. For hospitals that have already established a digital pathology system, the application scenario and utilization ratio has been increasing and the penetration rate of digital pathology is expected to further rise, said the white paper. Most of the surveyed hospitals praised the country’s digital pathology system, saying that it greatly enhances the efficiency and accuracy of pathological diagnosis, optimizes the working hours and reduces testing periods, it said.

“With the development of digital technologies, digital pathology will become mainstream in the industry. Products such as digital pathology image browsers and automated diagnosis-assistance systems are expected to be applied widely,” said Zhan Jing, a medical expert at VIVACon, a Chongqing-based healthcare platform.

“Seeing opportunity in the blue ocean, retails and consumer companies are stepping into the Al-enabled digital pathology products,” Zhan said.

Gansu, Gansu province-based new-tech company MI Intelligent has been focusing on digital pathology for years, with multiple new-round investments. The company invested in several medical companies and planted products and clinical experiences of an Al-enabled diagnosis-assistance system for breast cancers.

“Digital pathology is deeply rooted in the country’s healthcare system. The digital pathology system has become an indispensable tool for hospitals, third-party test centers, research for future clinical prevention, and scientific research institutions,” said Fan Yun, founder of MI Intelligent, a domestic enterprise of digital pathology.

In 2023, Fan introduced Shanghai-based company SHENYISEE Ltd – the world’s first self-developed digital pathology based – to China. The company greatly broadened domestic pathological horizons and introduced their digital diagnostic models.

Between 2022 and 2023, thanks to the development of mobile telecommunication solutions, it took less time for medical experts to open images during online consultations. During this period, China’s digital pathology sector has seen large developments.

“There are many opportunities and challenges in the sector between 2020 and 2022. Commercialization and full digitalization is becoming the mainstream,” Fan said.

Fan 2023 grant researcher at Wuhan University.

A universal platform to integrate medical big data is needed to boost the optimization of the AI-enabled digital pathology system. Laws and regulations should also be in place to avoid medical malpractice.”
New energy development powers ahead

Rooftop solar, biomass heating, pumped-storage hydroelectricity among tech on rise

By LEI YUNQIN and ZHENG XIN

Yang Xiaoping, a villager from Linl, Shandong province, was physically surprised when the 5,000 yuan ($770) solar panel was installed from his rooftop photovoltaic equipment. Yang noticed the equipment some 10 months ago and it has generated a cumulative 18,000 kilowatt-hours. "I didn’t know about rooftop PV until a fellow villager recommended it. There’s an increasing number of villagers like me who have decided to install PV facilities for some extra income. Yang is among the many in his Villages, designated as demonstration sites for China’s promotion of rooftop solar installations. The program is part of the country’s concerted efforts to shift power generation development to fulfill green promotion.

Many villagers like Yang are contributing to the country’s development of new energy in different ways. Some are turning timber heads into biomass fuel for heating instead of coal. Other regions have explored the potential of green hydrogen, ensuring residents to use new energy systems to promote the use of clean energy.

New energy development is one last track as new factors of power generation, especially changes in the structure of energy new as part of peak carbon dioxide emissions by 2030 and peak carbon intensity by 2060, experts said.

Power generated from renewable energy is growing. In the first three quarters of 2023, China’s renewable energy power generation reached 3.84 trillion kWh, according to the National Energy Administration.

Among power generated from renewable energy, hydropower stations’ annual output surpassed 2030 billion kWh in the first three quarters of 2023, up 10 percent year-on-year. Wind power totaled 443 billion kWh, up 37.3 percent from the previous year. Photovoltaic power generation was 246.4 billion kWh, up 32.2 percent on a yearly basis, and solar thermal was 105.3 billion kWh, up 3 percent year-on-year. As of the end of the third quarter, the National Energy Administration said that the energy output of new energy continued to maintain a stable proportion in the grid-a supply in a timely manner will be able to improve the quality of clean electricity and ensure energy security, but also promote a low-carbon economy and sustainable development to achieve China’s green goals.

The current total capacity of wind and solar power accounted for about 43 percent of the total energy generation in the world’s top 20 countries. In the first three quarters of 2023, China’s wind power generation reached 1.29 trillion kWh, and solar power generation reached 2.22 trillion kWh, said the report.

Chinese oil refiners expect to boost exports

By ZHENG XIN
zhengxin@chinadaily.com.cn

Refiners in China are likely to boost exports of refined products in the period spanning the last two months of 2023 and into early 2024, which will help stabilize global oil markets and support the world’s efforts for gasoline and diesel amid the global energy crisis, said analysts.

The rise in these exports will also support the Chinese economy by bolstering local production capacity and excess refining capacity, said Liu Zhaowen, director of the Energy Research Institute at the Shanghai Petroleum Economy Research Institute.

"China’s strong electric vehicle sales and the expected increase in gasoline demand recovery, and the boost of economic activity will also help tackle the excess refining capacity," said the institute.

The State Planning & Engineering Institute under the China National Petroleum Corp has forecast that the greater use of electric vehicles will result in China’s gasoline demand peaking in 2024.

China’s refining capacity is growing faster than the demand for its products, creating a lot of potential for exports. Stepping up these exports will also ensure the normal operation of domestic refineries, Liu added.

China’s refining capacity is expected to have 10.04 million metric tons in 2023, growing off from 9.1 million tons in 2022, according to the CNPC Economics & Technology Research Institute.

The country’s refining capacity was 9.85 million tons in 2022, up 12.5 percent from the previous year and up 26.5 percent from early 2020. China’s refining capacity is expected to have 10.5 million tons in 2024, up 6 percent from the previous year, according to the institute.

In addition, the China Petroleum & Chemical Corporation, a state-owned oil company, has stepped up its refining capacity by 900,000 tons per year, allowing it to meet the demand for refined oil products.

According to the institute, the recovery of demand for refined oil products in China has occurred faster than in the rest of the world, and the rapid development of electric vehicles in the country is increasing the peak of oil product consumption.

At the same time, China’s domestic oil production is expected to reach 190 million tons in 2023, according to the Natural Resources & Ecological Use Ministry.

China’s crude oil production reached 170.5 million tons in 2022, accounting for 99 percent of its crude oil demand, according to the National Energy Administration.

Chinese oil refining companies, especially those in the Yangtze River Delta region, were expected to pump out up to 80 million tons of refined fuel in 2023, according to the Ministry of Commerce.

Oil analysts said Chinese monthly

A Shell heavy oil refinery inspect is seen in Dalian, Liaoning province in August. ZHANG YUXI / FOR CHINA DAILY

"To ensure energy security," Liu said, "attention should be paid to the sale of petroleum to power grid over the short to medium term. In addition, in response to insufficient power supply in certain regions caused by extreme weather, and due to the high reliance on oil imports, efforts should be made to further reduce petroleum and natural gas imports, as well as diversification of power sources."

Liu added, "Over the medium to long term, to ensure a safe power supply after a large proportion of wind and solar power facilities are connected to the grid, efforts should be made to scale up installations of power storage systems to ensure stable energy supply, and gradually improve efficiency in pricing mechanism."
EU paying the price for buying 'security guarantee' from US

The European Union has paid a price for its decision to support the United States’ security guarantee to Japan, as reflected in the recent financial package announced by the US government.

The US government has been pressuring the EU to align its policies with those of the US, particularly in the field of security. This has led to the EU’s decision to provide a financial package worth billions of dollars to Japan, which includes funding for US military bases and other security-related projects.

The EU has justified this decision by emphasizing the importance of maintaining a strong relationship with the US, which is seen as a key ally in the region. However, this has come at a cost, as the EU has had to sacrifice its own interests and priorities in order to appease the US.

The financial package has been met with criticism from some EU members, who argue that it is not in line with the EU’s own strategic interests. They argue that the EU should focus on its own priorities, such as reducing inequality and increasing economic growth, rather than prioritizing the US’s security interests.

EU officials have defended the package, saying that it is necessary to maintain the transatlantic relationship and to prevent the EU from becoming isolated from the US. They argue that the EU cannot afford to alienate the US, as it would face increased pressure from other countries and organizations, such as China.

In conclusion, the EU’s decision to provide a financial package to Japan has come at a cost, as it has had to sacrifice its own interests and priorities in order to appease the US. This decision has been met with criticism from some EU members, who argue that it is not in line with the EU’s own strategic interests. However, EU officials have defended the package, saying that it is necessary to maintain the transatlantic relationship and to prevent the EU from becoming isolated from the US.
**COMMENT**

Andrew K.P. Leong

**China: a sunny spot amid global dark clouds**

While China continues to grow at a healthy pace, much of the world is in a bleak situation. China’s economic recovery is a welcome light in the dark.

With China’s economic recovery, many countries are looking to the Far East for help. However, this recovery is not enough to solve the global economic crisis. China itself is facing challenges such as the trade war and the political situation in Hong Kong.

The development model of the platform economy is undergoing significant changes, and platform enterprises are expediting their businesses to boosting innovation and raising their competitiveness levels.

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The platform economy is a key player in the development of the digital economy, and it is expected to play a crucial role in achieving the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

However, the platform economy also faces challenges such as data privacy, cybersecurity, and algorithmic bias. These challenges need to be addressed to ensure the sustainable development of the platform economy.

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In conclusion, the platform economy is a key player in the development of the digital economy, and it is expected to play a crucial role in achieving the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). However, the platform economy also faces challenges such as data privacy, cybersecurity, and algorithmic bias. These challenges need to be addressed to ensure the sustainable development of the platform economy.
GLOBAL VIEWS

China-Angola relations are practical, sincere, and mutually beneficial

Zhang Xueqiong

COVID-19 and food security

China should take necessary measures given the uncertainty of the current international market

Since the COVID-19 outbreak, the global food trade has been more closely related to each other, with many people suffering from hunger worldwide. The COVID-19 pandemic has significantly affected the food security of the world, and all the countries have taken measures to ensure food security.

The global food market has experienced unprecedented challenges. The impacts of the pandemic have been far-reaching and will significantly affect the global food market for many years. Countries around the world have responded to the crisis in different ways, including increasing food production and grain prices. These measures have increased the food security of the world.

China is the world’s largest producer of agricultural products and has a large population. Therefore, the central government places great importance on ensuring food security. China has taken a series of measures to ensure food security, including strengthening the agricultural production base, improving the competitiveness of agricultural products, and increasing food reserves. These measures have effectively maintained food security in China.
The smell of success

Innkeeper has a burning desire to develop popular fragrances, report Yang Felyue and Zhang Yu in Baoding, Hebei.

When Yang Qingyuan takes on such big tasks, people around him usually are in for a treat. As his fingers dance among the delicate flowers, fragrant leaves, and perfumed powders, those who observe him count on a range of various scents that can make a room instantly transform into a jumble of different shapes and spaces.

Qingyuan’s 4th generation of his family, 70-year-old Yang Binhai, used to come to his workplace and watch his work. "When he works, you can smell the fragrance the second he enters the workshop. The aroma is so sweet that I love to stay close to him," Binhai said.

In the workshop, Yang’s face is often blocked by the incense smoke. Often, he is busy making incense in the workshop, and Binhai is busy observing him. "I want to learn the skill from him. I never knew how to make incense products in the past, and now I want to learn from him," said Binhai. "I think his skill is better than mine. I used to make incense products, but Yang made incense products and I didn’t know how to make incense products."

Yang, who worked in the workshop for nearly 50 years, found that his craft has been passed down from his family. "My grandfather and uncle taught me how to make incense products before I was born. When I was 5 years old, I was already doing the work," Yang said.

"When I make incense products, I feel like I’m doing something meaningful. The products are used in different occasions, and people appreciate the work," Yang said.

Yang’s products range from incense sticks, powder, and dough to deep incense products, and he has developed a large variety of fragrances.

"Our products are used in different occasions, and people appreciate the work," Yang said.

Yang’s products are used in different occasions, and people appreciate the work. "Our products are used in different occasions, and people appreciate the work," Yang said. "We are glad to see that people are appreciating our work, and we will continue to improve our products to meet the needs of different occasions."

When asked if he has any plans for the future, Yang said, "I still want to make incense products. I want to expand our business and improve our products. We will continue to improve our products to meet the needs of different occasions."
Evocative language and inspirational music combine to create a concert that celebrates the emotive beauty of Tang Dynasty verse and the lyrical capabilities of Mandamin, *Zhou Xu* reports in *New York*.  

The precision and depth of the Chinese language is astounding. Being able to write melodies for this wonderful text connects us with a universal source to convey our deepest inner emotions through the use of vocal music. — *Fernando Buide, Spanish composer*

**Fernando Buide: Spanish composer**

**Clockwork from top:** Tian Haoyang (center stage) takes a bow with performances of Lincoln Center’s Alice Tully Hall in New York; 

**Clockwork from bottom:** Alice Tully Hall in New York; 

**Clockwork from middle:** The precision and depth of the Chinese language is astounding. Being able to write melodies for this wonderful text connects us with a universal source to convey our deepest inner emotions through the use of vocal music. — *Fernando Buide, Spanish composer*
Poor form puts Chelsea’s faith in Potter to the test

LONDON – Four months into his reign as Chelsea manager, Graham Potter’s first full season in charge of the Premier League outfit, 10 points off every place in the top four, is not going according to plan. It is not the start the club’s new American owners had hoped for after spending over £200 million on new players to improve a squad that finished third in the Premier League last season.

Judging by the dismissive voices of the fans, it is the season led by Potter that is responsible for the malaise on the field.

As Chelsea chief executive Dan Ashworth clung at the weekend to the notion that having won the FA Cup last May, the Blues were ‘set up to look at the scenario from which the [FA] Cup is a massive thing’ in the season to come, the London Evening Standard published a survey suggesting the fans of the club was fed up with its American owners.

The Russian’s bias to money to even Brazilian managers such as Alex de Souza and Arthur, who worked under Antonio Conte, who won Premier League titles with the Blues before joining Inter Milan, is doubted by many fans, especially after seeing the club’s midseason exodus of players.

Chelsea had stepped into the transfer market after the summer window closed to pick up the likes of Daniel Sturridge, who was unable to secure a deal elsewhere, and the club’s £17 million bid for Christian Pulisic was rejected by their former club, Chelsea. The Blues also signed £20 million for Enschede midfielder Leander Dendoncker and the £18 million for Serbian midfielder Ademola Lookman.

Despite missing his call as a Premier League manager, Potter, however, does rank with all the fans of Chelsea.

A new player approach promised by the new owner will be one of the things that attracts him to the Blues.

‘There’s a completely different ownership, Potter said after the club lost to City 0-1 at last year’s home league game. ‘It is hard for people to get their head around, these are for one of the things that attracts me to the Blues is that it is massive potential.’

‘The match is now a chance to see the job, to have a chance to talk with a club that is in a massive transitional period.’

But it is the same owner he is being paid to do a job. Potter said: ‘We have been talking for a long time and it is now a level of a massive different. It is very important for me to do the job because we have to do something to stop Chelsea from being the best. That means a lot of the big things I have to do.’

But Chelsea’s fans have been left with the feeling that Chelsea’s 20 million pounds transfer fee for the summer window took place because the Blues have been able to attract a club manager. That is what is in the massive potential.

It is also plan to work with the club’s medical team by Paulo Sousa and club doctor and medical advisor Patrick De Jongh. It is a massive potential.

The club’s 1-0 win over Manchester United in the FA Cup has been a massive potential.

Chelsea’s American owner has already been ruled out for the match, and the Blues have taken the summer break to allow for a series of questions.

Chelsea has been looking at ways to improve the summer window before the Blues can play for the first time under Potter in the Champions League at home against West Bromwich Albion in the second round of the competition.

Chelsea is one of the clubs with the most potential to make an impact in the Premier League this season. Chelsea’s new manager has already impressed many of his players, but Potter believes that it is his first year in charge. Chelsea is one of the clubs with the most potential to make an impact in the Premier League this season. Chelsea’s new manager has already impressed many of his players, but Potter believes that it is his first year in charge.

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