Visa issuing for foreigners will resume

Move by nation praised as further sign that travel and exchanges returning to normal

By WANG QINGCHUN in Beijing, HE MIN in WANG YUNSHU and DASHT BAI in Hong Kong

China will resume issuing all types of visas starting on Wednesday, March 2, 2023, as the nation enters the Year of the Rabbit, with the decision hailed as a sign of a return to normalcy after years of pandemic restrictions that saw a sharp decline in international travel.

Foreigners with visas that were issued before March 2, 2023, and are still valid will be allowed to enter the country, according to the announcement.

Visa-free policies will be resumed for travelers from the 15 countries in the East Asia and South Asia regions, noted Wang, adding that the move is expected to boost tourism and facilitate international cooperation.

China's decision to resume visa issuing comes as the world is grappling with the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic and the impact it has had on global travel. The resumption of visa issuance is seen as a positive step towards restoring normalcy to international travel.

Throughout the pandemic, China has maintained a strict visa issuance policy, which has had a significant impact on international travel.

China's visa policy is one of the most rigorous in the world, with foreign nationals required to obtain a visa before entering the country.

The resumption of visa issuance is expected to benefit travelers from a wide range of countries, including those from neighboring countries in Asia, as well as from Europe and North America.

The decision is also seen as a positive signal for China's economic reopening, as it is expected to boost tourism and international trade.

In conclusion, the resumption of visa issuance is seen as a significant step towards restoring normalcy to international travel, and is welcomed by travelers and businesspeople alike.

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Nuclear-submarine plan unveiled

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China has made a significant global reach in diplomacy by playing a growing role in brokering a historic Middle East peace pact between Iran and Saudi Arabia.

In a series of high-level meetings this week, both nations have agreed to normalize relations and start diplomatic engagement.

The agreement was reached in a historic meeting of the two leaders in Beijing, where they agreed to normalize relations and start diplomatic engagement.

China has been instrumental in brokering a historic Middle East peace pact between Iran and Saudi Arabia.

The agreement is seen as a significant step towards restoring normalcy to international travel, and is welcomed by travelers and businesspeople alike.

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Progress made toward peace in Middle East

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World Watch

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CHINA HAILED FOR BROKERING SAUDI-IRANIAN AGREEMENT

Experts: Beijing plays key role in helping countries resume diplomatic ties

By JAN YUMUL in Hong Kong

Experts have explained the credit goes to China for its recent diplomatic initiatives.

They said that Beijing continues to play a crucial role in helping countries resume diplomatic ties for world peace, demonstrating China's position as a global leader.

As a trusted and honest broker in ending the impasse between Tehran and Riyadh, China has done a significant job.

In an agreement announced by China's Foreign Ministry and the Iranian government on Friday, the two Middle Eastern countries agreed to resume diplomatic relations and begin addressing mutual issues within two months.

The agreement marked a historic development for Iran and Saudi Arabia, two of the world's most powerful nations.

The agreement is seen as a significant step towards restoring normalcy to international travel, and is welcomed by travelers and businesspeople alike.

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Firms urged to play bigger role in sci-tech innovation

By KEN YAH

Firms are urged to play a bigger role in science and technology innovation.

In a speech to the Hong Kong Science Park, the leader of the tech sector, targeting businesses to boost innovation and development.

The leader urged companies to play a bigger role in science and technology innovation.

In his speech, the leader called for greater support and investment in science and technology, and for firms to take a more active role in driving innovation.

The leader said that science and technology innovation is key to the development of the nation, and that companies must play a bigger role in driving innovation.

The leader encouraged firms to invest in science and technology, and to collaborate with universities and research institutions to drive innovation.

The leader also called for greater support for firms in science and technology innovation, including funding and tax incentives.

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Anxious wait

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A 12.11-meter-long Lion’s Head was a hit with people lining up at the Shenzhen Lizhi Park in downtown Shenzhen, China, on Friday. The statue, which was built in 1958 to commemorate the 10th anniversary of the People’s Republic of China, was opened to the public for the first time since it was built.

The Lion’s Head is a symbol of the city of Shenzhen, and it has been a popular attraction for tourists for many years.

The statue was moved from its original location in the park to a new site in the city center, and it was opened to the public for the first time since it was built.

The move was made after a series of x-rays of the statue were taken in an effort to understand its history and condition.

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MidEast: China accepted as trusted broker

Senior Chinese diplomat Wang Yi (center) attends the closing event of the Beijing dialogue on Friday. Surtised by Miss Mohammed Al-Ahmed (left), Saudi national security adviser, and Al Shamsi Mohamed, secretary of Austria’s Supreme National Security Council.

Agreement reached in Beijing attracts attention around the world

By CHINA DAILY

Achievements made at the negotiation table in the six-year-long dialogue between Saudi Arabia and Iran demonstrate the wisdom and prudence of both sides, according to a recent announcement widely welcomed in the region.

A statement released by both nations after the talks said, “As a result of the dialogue and cooperation, both Arab states agreed to resume diplomatic ties within a six-month period.”

The statement followed China-brokered talks in Beijing, with China acting as a sponsor and intermediary, hoping of opening a new chapter in regional affairs.

Minister Mohammed Al-Ahmed, Saudi Arabia’s minister of state for foreign affairs and the country’s national security adviser, and his Iranian counterpart, Mohammad Javad Zarif, met on the sidelines of the World Peace Forum in Beijing last month.

The two nations have been working towards normalization of diplomatic relations as part of efforts to end nearly three decades of hostility.

In the statement, the two nations agreed to make preparations for the resumption of full diplomatic relations within a six-month period.

A “roadmap” was agreed on, including the establishment of a joint committee to supervise the diplomatic normalization process.

The talks in Beijing came as China, the world’s second-largest economy, continues to play a more prominent role in regional diplomacy.

China has been actively engaged in efforts to resolve the long-running conflict in Syria, which has been ongoing since 2011.

China also supports Iran’s nuclear program as a way to stabilize the region.

China’s role in the dialogue was seen as a positive step towards peace in the region.

The declaration was welcomed by officials and analysts as a significant breakthrough in the long-running conflict.

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The agreement was seen as a positive step towards peace in the region.
Submarine deal puts AUKUS on 'wrong path'

Allies' move may incite arms race, pose risk of proliferation, harm regional peace, stability

By ZHOU RUINIAN and HUANG JINXU

China warned on Tuesday that Australia’s move to buy a nuclear-powered submarine from the United States, United Kingdom, and France was “a bad step” that will incite arms races and pose a risk of proliferation, undermine international non-proliferation efforts and harm regional peace and stability.

The move was the first step in all three allied nations to provide Australia with nuclear-powered submarines. The three countries announced their plans on Monday during a summit in San Diego, California, attended by US President Biden, Prime Minister Anthony Albanese and British Prime Minister Boris Johnson.

Under the deal, the US intends to sell Australia three Virginia-class nuclear-powered submarines, built by General Dynamics, Bath Iron Works for Australia to buy two more if needed, a joint statement said.

The multi-billion dollars project would challenge China’s advanced nuclear power submarine fleets and the so-called ‘nuclear-free’ zone in the region, China and Australia will not just repeat the same mistakes of history, a statement released on Tuesday said.

The draft of the joint statement, which was based on the US-UK-AU trilateral agreement announced in the UK and Australia and includes security-related exemplary technologies, according to the statement.

Rice Ministry spokesman Wang Wenbin said at a regular news briefing in Beijing on Tuesday that the “close joint statement from the three countries is not only damaging the interests of China and Australia, but also standing on the dangerous road of military confrontation and self-political geopolitical interests.”

The country, which suffers from the West’s arms supply, has called on all three allies to end the arms race, saying “the security situation is not a deadend like Cold War mentality.”

The US, the statement said, is pursuing a serious nuclear proliferation policy, and the signing of the trilateral agreement under the裹策iity of the US-UK-AU trilateral agreement has been an explicit statement of the US’s determination.

Australia should not proceed with this cooperation, and the Australian government should not carry through the so-called safeguards arrangement for nuclear submarines, the statement added. The move will only intensify confrontation and unleash deep-seated disputes between the three countries.

Wang said that the new submarine deal was a clear violation of the non-proliferation treaty and the international community’s joint statement on the non-proliferation of nuclear weapons.

The Chinese government expressed its strong dissatisfaction and resolute condemnation.

Liu Ziyuan, Chinese Foreign Ministry’s spokesperson, said Australia’s move is “a cold war policy” and “a clear violation of the non-proliferation treaty.”

In the past, the Chinese government had expressed repeated opposition to Australia’s plans to buy nuclear submarines, with Liu saying “the Chinese government does not accept the claim of the so-called safeguards arrangement for nuclear submarines. The move will only intensify confrontation and unleash deep-seated disputes between the three countries.”

The move will also be a direct challenge to the stability of the region and the international order, according to the statement.

Liu said the non-proliferation treaty is the cornerstone of international nuclear non-proliferation, and the international community has always worked hard to maintain the stability and predictability of the international system.

“China and Australia have always maintained friendly cooperation and mutual trust,” Liu said.

In order to prevent the arms race, the international community needs to take joint efforts to address the root cause of the arms race, according to the statement.

Relief at hand

A mother and child pose on Thursday at a camp in Srinagar, India, in front of relief tents provided by Chinese earthquake rescue workers. The death toll from the earthquake in Srinagar has risen to 445, according to authorities.

China has provided relief aid to Pakistan and the quake-stricken region has been declared a national natural disaster area.

China has deployed a team of rescue workers, medical personnel and relief supplies to help overcome the disaster. The Chinese team has also provided assistance to other countries in the region.

The Chinese government has announced that it will provide humanitarian aid to Pakistan and other countries affected by the earthquake.

The relief effort is part of China’s efforts to help overcome the disaster and rebuild infrastructure in the affected areas.

“Challenges remain ahead in the relief effort,” according to the Chinese government.

The Pakistani government has also issued an emergency relief plan, according to local reports.

“China will continue to provide all possible support to Pakistan and other countries affected by the earthquake,” according to the Chinese government.

Smoothing transition

An aerial view taken on Feb. 25 shows a relocated island in Dornal Doko in the eastern town of Urumqi County, the Tibet autonomous region.

Tibet’s infrastructure boost helps secure border

By CUTLA JIA

Changdze Phuntsok, a member of the Lithang County Party Committee, said that the construction of the border areas of the Tibet autonomous region is a national strategic task, a major task of the country’s economy and regional development, and a major task of maintaining national security.

The construction of the border areas is a major task of Tibet’s regional development and an important part of maintaining national security.

Phuntsok said that the border regions of Tibet have played a vital role in maintaining national security, and the construction of the border areas will help enhance the region’s ability to maintain national security.

The construction of the border areas is also an important part of the country’s regional development strategy.

For example, the construction of the border areas will help improve the region’s infrastructure, which is important for increasing people’s livelihood and living standards. The construction of the border areas will also help improve the region’s economic development, which is important for increasing people’s livelihood and living standards.

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Lawmakers stress importance of psychological education

By MA ZHIMIN in Lanzhou

"Lawmakers stress importance of psychological education at a hearing on the national education program," a meeting which took effect on January 1, 2013, and undertook the important role of educating and preparing children for the "life of the 21st century," the local education ministry said.

In recent years, the National People's Congress and the local education authorities said the percentage of children who were suffering from psychological problems had increased by more than 10 percent in the last five years, while those who had high hopes for the future had decreased by more than 10 percent.

If more efforts are made in psychological counseling and psychiatry, it will significantly improve the mental health of students.

Many schools do not have psychological counseling courses, and there is a need to identify mental health problems in students when it is too late to make a professional help, she said.

Addressing these issues requires psychological health education in the primary and secondary schools, as well as in urban schools and universities.

All parents should learn more about the family Education Project, which was established in Europe, and at the same time, the parents should also communicate more with their children.

"Laying the foundations of the next generation is of great importance," she said.

The bridge will span Hangzhou Bay from Yangshan in Shanghai to Qianwan New Area of Ningbo, connecting the urban circle of Shanghai, Hangzhou and Ningbo in the area of the Yangtze River Delta.

Building begins on railway bridge over Hangzhou Bay

By MA ZHIMIN in Lanzhou

The first pile foundation for the Hangzhou Bay Railway Bridge, an important part of the Nantong-Suzhou-Ningbo High-speed Railway, was finished in Jiangsu province, China, on Friday, marking the start of the new transportation axis on the world's longest high-speed railway bridge.

The Nantong-Suzhou-Ningbo High-speed Railway is an important part of the modern and long-term plan for China's high-speed railway network (Nan-tong-Suzhou-Ningbo) in Jiangsu province with Nantong and Ningbo-Zhoushan provinces from north to south.

As an important part of the Nantong-Suzhou-Ningbo High-speed Railway, the Hangzhou Bay Bridge is designed for a speed of 300 kilometers per hour and has a total length of 36.3 km.

The major investors have set up special funds to ensure smooth construction of the bridge.

The bridge will span Hangzhou Bay from Hangzhou in Zhejiang Province to Ningbo in the Yangtze River Delta region, and open up new prospects in the world's largest megacity.

Lay track while the sun shines

By QU QUNJIN in Guangzhou

The recent arrival of a China-Europe freight train, loaded with intermediate goods from Guangzhou to a logistics park in Zengcheng district of Guangzhou, marked the two-way opening of one of the world's longest intermediate rail links.

The freight train returned to the logistics park on Sunday, bringing back 1,725 tons of爱情数码 products and other goods for import and export-related companies in Guangzhou, marking the Guangzhou-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area.

In China, the freight train is part of the Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area, and the freight train service to Private Area, which link China via the shenzhen-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area, is the journey of the ‘new Silk Road’.

Demand for import and export services increased sharply in the Greater Bay Area, following the optimisation of the "CEPD+10" control system, according to the Guangdong foreign trade business committee.

The freight train service is the two-way connection of the China-Europe freight trains and the China-Laos freight trains, which are helping to improve the logistics of goods and effectively reduce the freight costs.

Meanwhile, the operation of the new international logistics channel of China-Europe freight trains will be normalised at the logistics park, helping to build the rail transport and railway intermodal corridor in the Bay Area, according to China Railway Guangzhou Group.

As a major national construction project and one of the four national-level logistics hubs in Guangzhou, the intermodal transport hub has launched 20 international logistics routes to Europe, Central Asia and South-East Asia, since its freight train service to Private Area began in July 2012.

It has become the most frequent international trains departing hub in the Greater Bay Area, running five to seven China-Europe freight trains and one to two China-Laos freight trains every week, according to the group.

The group said it would work with local customs and transport authorities to further improve the freight train service, including the construction of the first phase of the transport terminal, which is expected to open in 2015, and continue to improve the logistics service in the Bay Area, following the optimisation of the "CEPD+10" control system, according to the Guangdong foreign trade business committee.

"Our freight train service will be a significant part of the new international logistics channel and services in the Bay Area," said Qu, chairman of Guangdong foreign trade business committee.

The group is also developing a trans-Asian freight train service, linking China and Europe via the new international logistics channel, which will help improve the logistics of goods and effectively reduce the freight costs.

Moreover, the operation of the new international logistics channel of China-Europe freight trains will be normalised at the logistics park, helping to build the rail transport and railway intermodal corridor in the Bay Area, according to China Railway Guangzhou Group.
Oil drilling project approval criticized

By MUNEE CHANG in New York

US President Joe Biden on Monday massaged his global oil drilling project in Alaska, which could lead to economies for several US states. Alaska's Interior Department, US Interior Secretary David Bernhardt, on Tuesday announced that he was finalizing a plan to expand oil drilling in the coastal plain of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge in Alaska.

The project aims to tap into the first of 600 million barrels of oil, though that oil would take years to reach the market as the project has not advanced.

Alaska's Interior Department has estimated that the project would generate about $2.5 billion in annual revenue, which is equivalent to the production of about 100 billion barrels of oil over 20 years, or 2.5% of the US oil market.

President also announced the approval of mining and oil drilling in Alaska, a move that has alarmed conservationists in the US and internationally over the issue of climate change.

**Background Information**

"This is an important step Toward achieving a more sustainable energy future for Alaska and the US," said Biden in his statement. "The approval of mining and oil drilling in Alaska will help to ensure the security of our energy supply, while also providing economic opportunities for the residents of Alaska."
Medical tourism to Mexico in spotlight

Concerns voiced after the killing of two US citizens by members of drug cartel

Medical tourism is popular among the drug cartels in Mexico, and they are growing at an alarming rate. The cartel is using medical tourism as a means to launder money, and the US government is struggling to keep up with the growing trend.

New medical prices go over the top

New drugs are being introduced in the US market at rate the high prices. In November, regulated in the US States approved the most expensive drug in the world $51,000, approved for use between 2020 and 2023. The prices are too high, even for those with insurance, and many patients cannot afford them. The government is considering taking action to regulate drug prices.

Medical services in Mexico are cheaper than in the US. Because the costs of running a clinic or health care center are much lower in Mexico, medical tourism is increasing in popularity.

Medical tourism in Mexico is booming, with patients from around the world flocking to the country for medical treatment. However, the surge in medical tourism has also led to an increase in crime, including kidnappings and murders.

Medical tourism in Mexico is growing at an alarming rate, with thousands of patients traveling to the country each year. The government is adopting measures to address the issue.

In 2019, the Mexican government passed a law to regulate medical tourism, but the implementation of the law has been slow. The government is also working on improving the country’s infrastructure and services to attract more tourists.

Medical tourism in Mexico is a profitable industry, and it is expected to continue growing in the coming years. However, the government needs to address the issue of crime and ensure the safety of tourists.

Medical tourism in Mexico is a complex issue, and it requires a comprehensive approach to address the problems. The government needs to work with the medical tourism industry to ensure the safety and well-being of tourists.
US moves to limit toxicological chemicals

By MINH PHAN in New York

The US Environmental Protection Agency on Tuesday proposed limiting the amounts of "forever chemicals" in drinking water, which are estimated to be contaminating trillions of Americans’ drinking water and causing serious health issues, including cancer, heart attacks and birth defects.

The new rules tie to drinking water advisories for such chemicals, which are called "forever chemicals" because they are not broken down by the environment.

The EPA makes the first that the US EPA has proposed rule is a group that is responsible for designing health advisories. The bill in Congress has been introduced by many senators and representatives.

The chemical industry supports these rules. According to the American Chemistry Council, this bill would have to wait until the bill is signed into law.

The American Chemistry Council’s spokespersons have been saying that the EPA has to create health advisories for the chemicals. However, the EPA has not been active in developing drinking water standards for PFOS and PFOA based on the best available science.

According to the EPA, there is no one chemical that can cause cancer. However, there has been a significant increase in reports of PFOS and PFOA in the environment.

The Environmental Protection Agency has already issued a final rule to limit PFAS in drinking water, which has been released by the EPA.

The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) are working on developing drinking water advisory levels for PFAS, which are responsible for the chemicals. According to the EPA, the chemical industry is responsible for the chemicals and the EPA has not been active in developing drinking water standards for PFAS.

There is no one chemical that can cause cancer. However, there has been a significant increase in reports of PFOS and PFOA in the environment.
**BUSINESS**

**Maglev tech racing to top among competitors**

**By JINSHI ZHENG in Shanghai jzheng@caixin.com**

China should accelerate the pace of performance verification and combination of its high-speed-per-mile magnetic levitation trains,Rooms, and the company with established global poimts, said the top management of the country’s largest train manufacturer.

Eleven months after the high-speed maglev line in Shanghai, China, and Paris, France, simultaneously began commercial operations, the country’s top management on Monday was scheduled to visit the Shanghai line to learn first-hand from the project’s construction and operation experience.

The two high-speed maglev lines are the world’s highest-speed trains, respectively capable of reaching 600 km/h and 505 km/h, respectively, higher speeds than the 350 km/h long-distance rail system and 430 km/h maglev in Japan.

China is determined to accelerate development of its maglev technology and make it a new pillar of China’s high-speed railway industry and a new driving force for China’s high-speed railway industry and a new driving force for the country’s economic development.

**SBV deme a wake-up call to banks**

**By JINGXING jxing@caixin.com**

For decades, banks in China have been accustomed to providing funds to customers in a highly predictable and stable manner. However, the recent bankruptcy of SVB, a US regional bank, has sent shockwaves through the nation’s banking sector, prompting a wave of concern and introspection among Chinese regulators and executives.

The collapse of SVB has raised serious questions about the stability of the US banking system and the potential for US banks to default on their obligations. Fears of a broader contagion have led to a significant drop in global stock markets, with investors concerned about the possibility of a global recession.

Chinese banks have been quick to respond, with many Chinese banks announcing measures to support their customers. However, the recent bankruptcy of SVB has highlighted the need for Chinese banks to be more proactive in managing risk and ensuring the stability of the financial system.

**Political adviser says subsidies could help spur consumption recovery**

**By ZHOU LANXU zhoulx@caixin.com**

The newly appointed economic adviser to the country’s top leadership has called for a “positive” approach to economic stimulus measures, suggesting that subsidies could be a key tool in driving consumer spending.

Tom Yuan, a specialist in Chinese fiscal policy at the country’s top economic think tank, has proposed a series of measures to boost domestic demand, including the use of subsidies to encourage consumption.

Yuan argued that subsidies could help to address the current economic challenges, particularly in the face of rising inflation and a slowdown in economic growth.

**E-commerce logistics sector grows in Feb**

China’s e-commerce logistics logistics saw its strongest performance in February, with online retail sales growing by 16.6 percent year-on-year. The figure is in line with market expectations and suggests that the sector is continuing to recover from the economic challenges of the past year.

The strong performance in February is likely to be a reflection of the continued growth in online retail sales, which have been increasing steadily in recent months. This is likely to be driven by the continued expansion of e-commerce platforms and the growing popularity of online retailing among consumers.

**Yuan strengthens to 6.8949 vs greenback**

The central parity rate of the CNY relative to the greenback strengthened to 6.8949 on Tuesday, the highest level in over a year. This is likely to be a reflection of the continued improvement in the country’s economic outlook and the ongoing recovery from the economic challenges of the past year.

The strengthening of the CNY is likely to be a reflection of the continued improvement in the country’s economic outlook and the ongoing recovery from the economic challenges of the past year. This is likely to be a reflection of the continued improvement in the country’s economic outlook and the ongoing recovery from the economic challenges of the past year.

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More malls to rise in metropolis buoyed by biz recovery

BY YOUNG YEN

Shanghai will see a boom in new shopping mall openings this year, indicating strong consumer market recovery and confidence in consumption, a recent report said.

In a report issued by the Shanghai Shopping Centers Association on Tuesday, as many as 45 shopping malls with an accumulated space of over 3 square million square meters, which accounts for the total new space in the metropolis to more than 400 and immensely competes within the retail sector.

The report states that new shopping malls—each shall above 10,000 square meters—will bring the total number of new openings in the past three years.

These new shopping malls are expected to gradually receive a great deal of attention, especially those in Shanghai, Guangzhou, and other cities with relatively developed retail industries, the report said.

The report also said that most of the new shopping malls will open in the second half of this year, and the situation in some traditional shopping malls is even better, the report said.

The total business scale of shopping centers in Shanghai in 2021 reached 165.6 billion yuan ($25.4 billion), a year-on-year growth of 12.2 percent, the report said. In 2022, the total business scale of shopping centers in Shanghai is expected to exceed 180 billion yuan ($29.1 billion), a year-on-year growth of more than 9 percent.

Shanghai malls are seen opening in a shopping center in Shanghai in January. (SUN ZHEN / DAILY)

Propping up consumption seen as target for this year

Admit preferential policies, experts call for increasing scenarios, incomes

BY ZHENG YIRAN

Shanghai, April 6 (China Daily) — Consumption, a bourgeois high-lighted not only in this year’s Government Work Report but also during the newly-convened two sessions, will witness further recovery and expansion this year, with preferential policies gradually taking effect, industry experts said.

Bai Haibin, director of the Digital Economy and Financial Innovation Research Center at Zhejiang University International Business School, said: “The recovery and expansion of consumption have been prioritized by the Central Economic Work Conference. In the national work session, we think the government will take more active policies to focus on policy support for consumption.”

In the long term, the government will focus on income growth and consumption expansion, by improving households’ income levels in the future.”

At the beginning of this year, Sheng Qiuping, vice-rector of CBRE China, said: “The government’s goal is to ensure that this year’s target was to enhance consumption and improve economic activities. The Ministry of Commerce will give priority to the recovery of consumption and operation, focus on improving consumption conditions, enhance consumption scenarios, create a more effective and competitive consumer environment, and further improve the consumption.”

And the consumption sector to witness recovery. Official data showed that although the retail turnover of March steadied at 32 percent year-on-year growth, that of March 2021 exceeded 31.2 percent and 20 percent on a monthly basis.

Many food companies said that sales in March are better than expected. “We have a strong confidence in the consumption and are anticipating a strong recovery from the consumption and sales,” said a spokesperson for an e-commerce platform.

“During the Spring Festival holiday, we afforded promotions and discounts, and we witnessed a sales revenue growth in the market,” said the spokesperson. “The company’s operation is getting back to the growth trend.”

Posh dutchman Xiao Xuhao said that the company’s performance is also recovering and the group will be more open in the future.

“While market conditions are better, the government should further promote its business environment to eliminate operation barriers as that enterprises, small and medium-sized ones, made ingredients,” Bai said.

Advise strategies digital overhaul of power network

By LIU YUERAN

To ensure a more reliable, efficient and efficient power grid, efforts are being made at a time when renewable energy sources become more and more critical in China’s energy mix, precious to support economic growth and enhancing the country’s attractiveness.

Meng Zhanhong, an academician of China Academy of Sciences, said during the session that the country has made great progress in the formulation of a new type of power network, with massive and complex end users.

A digital power grid refers to a power network that incorporates digital technology and intelligent management to provide reliable and flexible services and to improve grid efficiency and efficiency.

By integrating multi-source data analysis and multi-terminal control strategies, a digital power grid can optimize energy flows, reduce energy loss and enhance grid robustness against disturbances and disruptions, experts said.

“Compared to a power system using fossil fuels, a system using power generated from renewables has more requirements for safe and reliable operations,” Li Shengling, head of the China Sinopec Research Institute of Energy Policy at Xi’an University, said.

According to a report published by the China Economic and Social Development Research Institution, the national grid can be easily run by digital grids, which consumes less time and energy for the supply of national energy.

“We have to overcome the issues of traditional systems, such as the lack of capacity and the need for more storage,” said Li.

And there is an urgent need to invest in renewable energy to meet the growing demand for electricity. The country’s electricity demand is expected to increase by 3.5 percent annually, according to the report.

The government has set a goal of achieving net zero emissions by 2060, with carbon dioxide emissions peaking by 2030, and has made efforts to accelerate the development of renewable energy.

By ZHANG YIRAN

Zhengzhou (China Daily) — Bijing’s urban rail traffic is on the rise, said the city’s urban rail transit authority on Wednesday.

The agency said that the city’s urban rail transit authority plans to complete the second phase of the second urban rail transit line (Zhengzhou-No.2 Line) by the end of this year.

Zhengzhou’s urban rail traffic — coming on stream in 2012 — moved on a new track in the first half of this year, with an average daily ridership of 600,000, up 20 percent from the same period last year.

With a designed maximum speed of 80 km per hour, the line is expected to open in 2020.

The second phase of the line is expected to add a new branch, which will open for trial operation in 2021.

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SOEs all in on environmental goals

Numerous power companies begin accelerating 2023 projects to achieve dual carbon targets

By ZHENG XIN

China’s State-owned enterprises have been accelerating new projects of new energy since the spring of this year, focusing on new energy power stations to offset wind farm capacity, according to analysts and industry observers, as expected to become new engines driving the country’s economic growth.

A large number of SOEs, including State Power Investment Corp., China National Nuclear Corp. and State Grid Corp. of China, have all accelerated power projects across the country right after the Chinese New Year, as they increased investments in the green sector, in accordance with the government’s drive to push carbon dioxide emissions by 2030 and achieve carbon neutrality by 2060.

State Power Investment Corp. signed a letter of intent on December to build the initial section of a 1.26-kilometer pumped-storage transmission line in Zhejiang. It would be connected to the provincial 2022 power network and to facilitate the expansion of new energy power generation projects, with the China’s power grid not connected to the provincial network.

This is just one of a string of investment deals in 2023, with wind and solar projects also in the pipeline, aiming to reach 30% of China’s total electricity generation from renewable sources by 2030, China’s National Development and Reform Commission said.

Efforts will also be made to raise new energy power plants’ power transmission capacity to 300 gigawatt-kilometers (GW-km) in 2022, and 750 GW-km by 2030, with electricity grid coverage reaching over 95% of the country’s total land area.

The National Development and Reform Commission has also issued a list of 10 new power projects to be completed in the first six months of the year. The SOEs, which have also been focusing on new energy projects, have vowed to increase their investments in the sector China Communist Party decided in June.

Considering the year 2023’s critical period for breakthrough developments in the renewable energy sector, SOEs are further increasing their investment in the sector China Communist Party decided in June. For example, the country’s largest renewable energy companies, China Energy Engineering Group, has vowed to operate a new energy project in a total capacity of 10 million MW and 150,000 MW of grid-connected power generation capacity, a 30% increase from 2022.

A total of 12 new energy projects involving 23 provinces, municipalities and autonomous regions are underway or at the preparatory stage, covering clean energy bases in the country’s north, offshore wind farms in the east and integrated bases of hydropower and wind farms in the southwest, China Energy Engineering Group said.

China’s SOEs are actively responding to the policy of cutting carbon emissions, with more and more SOEs in the process of making concrete plans to contribute to the national carbon neutrality target,” said a China’s top SOE leader.

Lin Penglong, head of the China Institute for Studies in Energy Policy at Tsinghua University, said: “China’s SOEs are actively responding to the policy of cutting carbon emissions, with more and more SOEs in the process of making concrete plans to contribute to the national carbon neutrality target.”

China Energy Engineering Group, one of the world’s largest energy engineering conglomerates, also vowed to further accelerate construction of new energy projects in the country this year, after its new energy-related contracts exceeded 100 billion yuan last year, up 26.9% year-on-year. Three new energy-related projects were completed in the first six months of the year, China Energy Engineering Group said.

The company has brought impacts to the company as well as the national economy, driving the development of related industries, including technological innovation and investments in related fields.

An optimized COVID-19 response will further accelerate domestic new energy power construction as well as global cooperation, thanks to the immense potential in terms of economic vitality and consumption in the world’s second-largest economy, he said. Local authorities are also actively listing out plans for more construction of new energy projects.

Shen, chairman of China Energy Engineering Group, said: “China’s SOEs are actively responding to the policy of cutting carbon emissions, with more and more SOEs in the process of making concrete plans to contribute to the national carbon neutrality target.”

China Energy’s massive hydropower station to open in March 2024

A view of the construction site of the hydropower station in Moxinghai, Qinghai, China, in July.

Located at 3,000 meters above sea level on the upper reaches of the Yellow River, the hydropower station is expected to generate an average of more than 7.3 billion kilowatt hours of electricity per year from now on, becoming the world’s largest single-site hydropower facility.

By ZHENG XIN

Moxinghai hydropower station, the world’s highest-altitude facility, is located in the southern part of the Tibetan Plateau. Construction started in 2014 and is expected to begin operations in March 2024. Located in China Energy Investment Corp., also known as China Energy

China Energy’s massive hydropower station to open in March 2024

Located at 3,000 meters above sea level on the upper reaches of the Yellow River, the hydropower station is expected to generate an average of more than 7.3 billion kilowatt hours of electricity per year from now on, becoming the world’s largest single-site hydropower facility.

The project is also the company’s first integrated clean energy facility to include hydropower, solar power and energy storage, it will take better advantage of the abundant clean energy resources in the western parts of China while benefitting the energy export regions, the company said.

Lin Penglong, deputy director of Qi’s energy station, said: “China Energy’s project is highly sophisticated, with 120 meters of hydraulic head and 1,040-millimeter diameter intake towers. The project is the country’s first in response to government ambitions to exceed absolute cuts of carbon and power generation limits in the Golden Coast and other regions, and reduce retirement costs to fund new projects and new technologies.”

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An analyst said the recognition of China’s energy projects plays a key role in the world’s energy saving and emission reduction goals.

Nationally, the energy projects contribute to the national economic and social development, and the improvement of living standards, with the local government also contributing to global efforts to reduce carbon emissions and combat climate change, said Lin Boqiang, head of the China Institute for Studies in Energy Policy at Tsinghua University.

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COMMENT

AKUS nuclear submarine ‘cooperation’ reckless acceleration on a dangerous road

I n a move that makes it crystal clear that the United States is now obsessed with its China phobia, it takes a major step on a dangerous road that will put regional peace at jeopardy. Washington’s reckless acceleration on developing a neuclear propulsion technology for a third nuclear-powered submarine with three Virginia-class nuclear-powered submarines to Australia, with an option for five to buy two more. Australia’s acquisition of the nuclear-powered attack submarines, to be built by General Dynamics, is part of an agreement between Australia and the United States under the AUKUS framework that is synonymous with the United King- dom and other partners in the so-called ‘ally’ that has been a tritely developed submarine based on the US’s neuclear propulsion design. The vessels are to be built in the UK and Australia and will include ‘cutting edge’ US technologies. The UK is to take delivery of the first submarine in the late 2020s, while Australia will receive its submarines in the mid-2030s.

Addressing a ceremony at the US embassy in New Delhi on Monday, accompanied by Australian Prime Minister Anthony Albanese and US President Joe Biden, Australia has formally announced the demonstration of a three-partnership of states’ decision, the AUKUS framework. ‘What people in Australia should be proud of is that our government has decided to directly accelerate our nuclear submarine program without even discussing it with us,’ according to China’s Beijing, which is aimed at updating China’s fleet.

While responding to the questions of whether from CSIS analyst and business officer Stephen Biddle, the Defense Minister A.K. Abdul Momen pointed out that China is a friendly partner to Bangladesh. ‘We’re in a friendly good relationship. So, there is no worry about that. We do our talks with Bangladesh. There is no question of fear to China. As far as we said, so that for the first time, our two landlocked towns and the coming of the US and China is worried that the two large states are working together with common cause.

But as far as Bangladesh is concerned, the prosperity and stability in the Asia-Pacific, the plan, which will cost up to $2.6 billion to induce a significant non-proliferation risks, undermines the international non-proliferation norm, unos an arms race, and hurts peace and stability, as China’s permanent representative to the United Nations said in a statement to the media.

The move is in open defiance to the grave concerns expressed by the international community and the US government to make major progress in the non-proliferation agreements among the members of AKUK, and only serves to make Australia the vanguard in the prospect that the US is to show its dominance on China’s path to pressure China on the non-proliferation agreements, and is to lead to serious difficulties on the part of the world, such as the nuclear and the Democratic Republic of Korea, to contain the pace.

AKUS countries should drop their double standard and respect the international community’s concerns. They should fulfill their non-proliferation obligations and maintain countermeasures with the United States and China. The latter should use its influence to work with the United States and China to maintain the global balance, and repair the international order, and prevent the strong and opposing forces from leading the world to a wrong path.

Both Washington and London are signatories to the Non-Proliferation Treaty and the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons around the world, as well as the United Nations, the International Nuclear Energy Agency. US officials said on Monday that Australia’s decision to purchase the submarines will enable the US to maintain stability in the Asia-Pacific region, adding that it will contribute to the stability of the region. The AUKUS framework, which includes cooperation with the UK and US, has been signed by the three countries.

The US government has said that the move will strengthen the alliance between the three countries and improve their cooperation in the Asia-Pacific region. The US and Australia have been key partners in the region for decades, and the newly formed partnership is expected to strengthen their cooperation in areas such as defense, intelligence, and economic matters.

In line with the newly formed framework, the US and Australia have been working together on a range of issues, including security, economic cooperation, and counterterrorism. The partnership is expected to help both countries in their efforts to address challenges such as cybersecurity, economic security, and counterterrorism.

Despite these positive developments, there are concerns about the potential for increased tensions and conflicts in the region. The US and Australia have been engaged in a tense relationship with China, which sees the partnership as an attempt to contain its influence in the region.

The AUKUS framework is expected to strengthen the US-Australia partnership, but it will also have implications for China’s strategic interests in the region. It will be important for all parties to find a way to balance the interests of the three countries and to work towards a stable and prosperous Asia-Pacific region.
Chinese Dream gets a new team

Riyadh, Tehran detente proves China's peace diplomacy

Swarn Singh

COMMENT

The one and a half hour long news conference of Premier Li Keqiang day after the annual session of the National People's Congress, China's top legislature, on Monday was both helpful and informative with its scope and substance of leadership.

Reporting President Xi Jinping continues to be the best in the world and the world with his style and substance of leadership.

Since the 30th National People's Congress of the Communist Party of China in October, Delhi, Riyadh and Tehran have been negotiating about the new leadership team of China. Riyadh, with its charm, wealth and the area's recent news conference was the first time this formula was discussed. On this new front address such a large gathering of domestic and international journalists Li Zhaoxing while giving his press conference said to the Sean Tang at this important conference, even music position became the world’s largest economic cycle during his tenure.

The music conference was also a major event because Li Jinping has not spent all his energy talking about his pragmatic approach – a domestic, not an international and much more challenging – although the growth rates of this team will not be any less talk to achieve.

Riyadh, Tehran, and people’s "thief’s the eyes every day" representations focus on "specific areas" and "specific initiatives" which include their common interests and the areas of unemployment, education, health and housing. So that the lead members of college graduates this year will put the engine on the plane and other than "developing the economy" and the "fundamental solution for mass." It was up against recent discussions on China's new government. The government's new economic and active international initiatives include the Belt and Road Initiative, the SCO, and the new Belt and Road Initiative, including the Belt and Road Initiative, the SCO, and the new Belt and Road Initiative, which are considered to be the major threats to the government of the past four decades. It is

Ma Xiaolin

China's economic miracle in the past might be called to destiny by how things should be done as a whole. One example of this new momentum, the science and technology industry, approved by the NPC, scholars in standing Committee of the NPC, and the NPC's main function is to promote the 

The government has indeed not been able to elevate its status to the international level. Instead, it is increasingly driven by institutional and financial markets across the globe. Moreover, the current economic situation is not completely clear, although the market prices of a certain bond will plummet during a crisis, the speed and flexibility of such measures has not been as effective as expected. Moreover, the risks and potential failures of such measures have not been fully understood.

While the causes of the crises are primarily economic, the responses of governments and financial institutions to support struggling financial institutions is largely a political issue.

Due to recentization, the financial markets are highly correlated, leading to constant shocks in the international financial system. Before sanctions and market shocks and markets share the same risks, such turbulence might just be temporary.

In other words, due to the high dependence of the US administration in sanctioning the massive amount of Chinese government bond that has stockpiled in the Chinese financial market, when the Chinese currency was issuing funds, the currency was also affected, which will disrupt the normal functioning of the financial market. The US financial market is facing potential systemic risks, compounded by the country’s reliance on long-term debt.

Moreover, the US trade deficit and the US trade surplus have reached a historical high, with a high probability of such risks accumulating in other banks and causing them to "go bust." The US financial system thus needs a credible new market that will not only be able to absorb the shocks but also be able to support the US market.

As the US financial system is facing potential systemic risks, compounded by the country’s reliance on long-term debt, the US trade deficit and the US trade surplus have reached a historical high, with a high probability of such risks accumulating in other banks and causing them to "go bust." The US financial system thus needs a credible new market that will not only be able to absorb the shocks but also be able to support the US market.

US sanctions may amplify harm of banks' failure

The sudden collapse of the Silicon Valley Bank could mean that the world is facing a crisis. This forced US regulators to step in to close the bank and bring it back to the normal financial market.

The market is not necessarily caused by the Silicon Valley Bank, but the crisis has highlighted the potential risks that such a market could create for the broader market and the potential popularity of political correctness could have on the US financial markets.

If the market continues to see the Silicon Valley Bank's failure, the next Lehman brothers, but this crisis has highlighted the potential risks that such a market could create for the broader market and the potential popularity of political correctness could have on the US financial markets.

However, a new force has been moving foreign monetary bodies to disseminate their "headline" market stability and sell their own countries' assets, leading to a decline in the currency and drive new money. Among the main factors that contributed to this market shakiness are the increased supply and demand of new market assets. Among the main factors that contributed to this market shakiness are the increased supply and demand of new market assets.

Moreover, the economy has been moving foreign monetary bodies to disseminate their "headline" market stability and sell their own countries' assets, leading to a decline in the currency and drive new money. Among the main factors that contributed to this market shakiness are the increased supply and demand of new market assets. Among the main factors that contributed to this market shakiness are the increased supply and demand of new market assets.
The international system is facing the triple shocks of the COVID-19 pandemic, the US-China cooling-off period, and the declining bargaining power of the United States and China. This turbulent period may well last a decade, after which it could take another five to ten years for the system to stabilize. The overall distribution of power within the international system will not change drastically in the next decade. The US will remain the largest economy. Europe’s economic status will not fundamentally change, but its post-Brexit outlook will receive considerable pressure. As the outcome of the Russia-Ukraine conflict in 2022, Russia’s strength has been greatly weakened and its image tumbled, while its influence in Central Asia and Eastern Europe remains. Although Russia remains an important player, its relationship with China is weakening, and Russia-China strategic partnership seems to be facing challenging times. The institutional foundations of the entire international order are also under serious stress. Key countries do not share a basic consensus on the core issues and institutions of the international order, and the uncertainty of the overall order exerts the fragility of the entire system. The Russia-Ukraine conflict has had a huge impact on transatlanticism and US-Russian relations. It will take at least 5-10 years for the two sides to return to normal. The trade competition between China and the US may last for 20 years or more. The outlook for global economic growth in the next five years is quite negative. Europe, as one of the key economic locomotives, faces increasing uncertainties. China’s economic recovery will hardly be affected by the global uncertainty, and the US economy also faces the risk of falling into recession. Despite the ongoing Cold War confrontation between the US and the Soviet Union, Deng Xiaoping’s “saying peace and developing” policy, or “peace and development,” has achieved a critical breakthrough in the international order. The US-China-India triangle has been formed, and the BRICS countries have emerged. The international system is experiencing a profound transformation, and the platform of global governance is weakening. The new international order is being established, and it is crucial that the US-China-India triangle play a key role in promoting a new international order. This is also the case with the US-China-India triangle, and all three states are paying attention to this and seriously considering the concept of a community with a shared future for mankind, and the Chinese Dream has no foundations without sustainable economic development. Fourth, China must be more active in participating in global governance and the US economy. The US-China economic relationship is more important than ever. Since 2001-2002, China’s economy has begun to show signs of slowing down. The economic growth rate is dropping from about 10% in 2002 to about 7% in 2010 before COVID-19. As a result, the rate at which China was accelerating the economic growth is slowing down. In 2010, China began to grow at a lower rate, and in recent years, China’s economy has grown at a more reasonable rate. China has proposed that countries should work together to establish a community with a shared future for mankind, and it has put forward the Global Development Initiative and the Global Security Initiative as practical blueprints for building a better world community. The Chinese Dream projected by China, Saudi Arabia, and Iran states that the Saudi-Iranian reconciliation was reached. At the crossroads of history, countries around the world need to make a choice: Would it be in favor of the world order to uphold the concept of a community with a shared future, or to awaken the world, including those in the Middle East, to the far-reaching implications of the Saudi-Iranian reconciliation? This is crucial for the future of the world.
**LIFE**

A stone tablet stands at the entrance of Xialiu village, a village known for its oil painting traditions in China. The village is located in Yinhua Town in Xiantang County, south China’s Jiangxi Province. The village has a history of more than 1,000 years, with many traditional houses made of bamboo and wood. In the past, Xialiu village was famous for its production of oil paintings, with many families engaged in the craft. Today, the village is still known for its oil painting industry, with many artists living and working there.

**TOWN PORTRAIT**

A small island village leverages its artistic traditions for development, reports Chen Bowen in Haikou.

Above left: Students from China Central Academy of Fine Arts take part in a painting activity at Xialiu Village.

Above right: A sculpture exhibit is displayed at Xialiu Village.

Beneath: A view of Xialiu Village and its surrounding areas.

**DESIGN EXHIBITIONS CELEBRATE LIFESTYLE CREATIVITY**

By LI JIN Photo: hainan.com.cn

From ornaments as small as a brooch to landmark architecture, from a poster to a statue, Chinese design has been more integrated into the economic and social lives of the Chinese people, reflecting the advancement throughout the decades.

People have become more aware of the importance of design, not only because it can serve to meet people’s basic needs or daily life—be it clothes, food, or transportation—but also because it has become more important to reflect one’s social status. As a result, design has become an important part of people’s daily life, and exhibitions have become a new form of art, showcasing traditional culture as well as modern designs.

China Design Exhibitions and Public Art Thomaskor Exhibition in 2018

The event, China Design Exhibition and Public Art Thomaskor Exhibition, held in Shanghai, highlights the importance of design.

PHOTO: Courtesy of DESIGN.DAILY

Design exhibitions celebrate lifestyle creativity.

Design exhibitions are becoming a new form of art, showcasing traditional culture as well as modern designs. They have become an important part of people’s daily life, reflecting the importance of design in today’s society.

**GLOBAL EDITION • CHINA DAILY**
Building bridges

The winner of a language competition is enhancing China-Belarus relations, writes Enoch Wang

Language barrier is one of the obstacles that hamper the development of cooperation...and there is a shortage of specialists,” said Belarusian President Alexander Lukashenko, who just completed his official state visit to China. In a conversation to support the proposal to expand the study of the Chinese language in Belarus.

That was also the viewpoint of Elenka Kaligaeva, Belarus’ national Chinese-Bridge Competition champion, but her journey of learning Mandarin was not coincidental.

Foreign-language learning is not new to her multicultural family. Kaligaeva describes her parents who were born in Russia, Spanish and German as role models with accomplished and visual artistic interests, diplomatic teaching and interpretation skills. Her mother, Maria, started learning Chinese almost a decade ago, because he was the highest level of the test and would qualify her to become a diplomatic husband.

Kaligaeva shares how her journey started with a challenge proposed by her father who told her that “learning a new language is like learning a new culture, and it’s in the family DNA, but mastering a language from the Earth would make it very rewarding”.

At 15, Kaligaeva in Belarus, Chinese-Bridge relations have developed with China and vice versa. She has managed to improve her Mandarin level and is eager to learn more since proficiency in Mandarin Chinese is one of the tests for her to pass.

Kaligaeva made her journey shorter and more useful for her Chinese language learning. With the help of her teacher, she has improved her pronunciation, which is important because the language is not easy to learn. She also started learning Chinese culture, which is an important part of the Chinese language, and how to express oneself in Chinese.

Kaligaeva describes herself as a shy person and that learning Chinese helps her to express herself better. She also enjoys reading books, watching movies, and listening to music in Chinese.

Kaligaeva says that learning Chinese has helped her to improve her communication skills and has opened doors to opportunities. She has also made new friends and has traveled to China several times.

Kaligaeva is also a member of the Chinese Language Association, which promotes Chinese language learning and culture. She is passionate about promoting Chinese culture and hopes to continue learning and sharing her experiences with others.

Kaligaeva believes that learning a new language is a rewarding experience that opens doors to new opportunities and helps to improve communication skills. She advises others to start learning a new language and to enjoy the journey of self-discovery.
F or many people, working is only a means for survival. Bei Zhang, a 27-year-old deliveryman in Wuhu, Anhui province, says it’s also a chance for him to serve others, which helps him to earn something of a hero to those people and also helped him become a delegate to the Provincial People’s Congress in Hubei province.

After surviving the severe COVID-19 last year, Zhang joined the SF Express Tengliao station in Wuhu in 2019. From then on, his routine has been the same: waking up early in the morning, going to the first floor of the sun break, picking up packages, delivering them to clients, and distributing advice to his clients, beforeages nine in the evening.

“Though many people think the job is dull and repetitive, Zhang can’t help but to play tricks to give a hand to others,” says Zhang Runpeng, who works at the same station with Zhang. When Zhang distributes packages, he often manually calculates the daily limits of the recipients. For example, he has to come to know which clients have babies and children. Every afternoon, Zhang goes to the households with only seniors, and the time he finishes the tasks are available. He considers all of these factors when deciding when to deliver each client’s packages. He also helps them out by removing trash of the elderly, cleaning, and taking food to offices of that work, for example.

As a result, he has won the hearts of many clients. “They always give me a big smile and sometimes even a bottle of water or some fruit when I deliver on a very hot day,” Zhang says. “Some even become my friends outside of work.”

But what Zhang does in the course of his heroic acts, which led to him winning the China Youth May Fourth Medal, in 2022.

In December 2022, Zhang Yu encountered a fire in a residential building while on his way to deliver some deliveries. He saw a 5-year-old girl running out from a balcony in a distressed state. The deliveryman rushed into the second floor and found two adults and a crying child standing helplessly on a third-floor balcony, waiting desperately for rescue.

Many neighbors watched anxiously on the first floor, but had no way of helping them quickly. Upon realizing the severity of the situation, Zhang Yu called his military experience to climb up to the second floor, standing on a window ledge as he extended his hand to the balcony from there. From then, he was able to save the family bringing each member of the family down one by one.

When asked about this, Zhang Yu said nothing. He simply rode off on his motorcycle, continuing on with his work. Although he suffered from a slight left foot and a swollen thumb due to the climb, the deliveryman simply applied medicines when he got home as usual.

Congress delegate is the perfect package

Heroic deliveryman keen to further serve his Wuhu community at provincial-level meeting in Hubei, Qian Sujuan reports.

It was only after the video of his good deed went viral on Douyin that people knew it was Zhang Yu. Many people have since called him a hero, but taking about the event in a documentary series, Jingpiao 12.8 from the Sun Wolf, produced by China Daily. And the publicity department of the Communist Youth League, Zhang Yu simply says “I really don’t know what kind man would do.”

His fellow colleagues shook hands with the public and invited many young people to choose a profession. Everything about the series, a deluge of requests to meet, and the imperial palace into Peking, to sell his video, and his clients, and the newspaper and books, and people, including his colleagues, who were trying to find his way to meet him.

When the news project manager with the book fair organic Chinese subsidiary BolognaFiere Shanghai Ltd., says three works from China were major awards at this year’s Bologna fair—“the best performance of Chinese original stories have achieved at the book fair in recent years.”

“This is an important signal to the world that Chinese original stories are becoming more competitive,” she says. “In the past, China was generally seen by the world as a major buyer of content and copyright in the global market. Now that China is growing in content creation, it is attracting more buyers worldwide.”

Zhang Wei, senior project manager of BolognaFiere Shanghai Ltd.

In the past, China was generally seen by the world as a major buyer of content and copyright in the global market. Now that China is growing in content creation, it is attracting more buyers worldwide.

At the Bologna fair, China Science and Technology Press signed a cooperation deal with Baulian and Russian publishing houses to publish 10 sets of works about China to other countries.

Publishing the way Chinese history is read in the books and the illustrations, Carlo Edoardo Caroli tells about the exchange of cooperation with the Chinese prints.

Many Chinese prints we mentioned are already famous in Brazil, he says. “We’re looking forward to publishing more of these works in Portuguese and selling them in Brazil.”

Sara Pardini, chief executive of BolognaFiere Shanghai Ltd., says many Russians have a basic understanding of traditional Chinese culture but are not as familiar with modern Chinese literature, especially children’s literature, as they began to develop, to explore the market and introducing modern Chinese literature to Russia, and we see the interest from publishers there.

Over 1,400 exhibitors from 94 countries and regions attended the fair, including world-renowned publishers, such as Bologna Random House and HarperCollins Publishers.

XUNYING