A stand against gun violence

China Daily

President calls for better food security

Aquaculture seen as crucial to meeting nation's demand for nutrition, variety

By FENG YING

The recent news that Beijing aims to increase food security and improve the quality of life for its citizens has sparked a wave of enthusiasm among Chinese aquaculture experts. They see it as an opportunity to address the nation's food security challenges and contribute to the country's overall prosperity.

Xi Jinping, the President of China, recently emphasized the importance of aquaculture in securing food supplies. He said, "Aquaculture is not only an important source of food, but also an important means of improving people's living standards. It is a strategic choice for future development."

During his recent visit to a rural area, Xi said, "In the future, we will focus on improving the quality and quantity of aquaculture products, ensuring the stability of food supplies, and making contributions to the country's overall food security."

The Chinese government has set the goal of increasing the country's aquaculture output by 20% by 2025. This is expected to help meet China's growing demand for food and support the country's economic development.

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New college in Sichuan prepares to serve students of courses of instruction

By Li YINXIN

On March 30, the first batch of 60 students from the Sichuan Agricultural University College in Chengdu, capital of Sichuan Province, entered the classroom. The college, established by Sichuan Agricultural University in 2018 and located in the city of Zigong, is the first college in Sichuan to offer courses in food science and nutrition.

The establishment of this college is significant in that it fills the gap in food science and nutrition education in Sichuan. It also marks the start of the college's journey in creating a new model for the food industry.

The college aims to provide a comprehensive education in food science and nutrition, and to cultivate innovative talents who can adapt to the changing needs of the food industry. It will also contribute to the development of the food industry in Sichuan and promote the local economy.

In the future, the college will continue to make efforts to improve the quality of its education and to develop new disciplines and majors. It will also focus on research and innovation, and will strive to become a world-class college in the field of food science and nutrition.

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China and Russia vow to uphold security, stability

BY JIANG CHENGXIANG

China is willing to work with Russia to make new contributions to maintaining global security and stability, State Councillor and Defence Minister Li Shan said on Sunday while meeting with Russian President Vladimir Putin. During their meeting, Putin asked Li to convey his sincere greetings and wishes to Chinese President Xi Jinping, and recalled Xi’s visit to Russia in March, saying that the visit had made substantial achievements.

He said that the two heads of state for the development of China-Russia relations that China and Russia have made is the strategic partnership of full agreement for a new era has been continuously deepened, noting that military trust between the two nations has been increasingly consolidated with substantial and concrete cooperation.

China is willing to work with Russia to fully implement the consensus reached by the two heads of state for further substantial and concrete cooperation between the two nations and bilateral and multilateral cooperation, including cooperation in new areas to make new contributions to upholding global peace and stability and globally and regionally respectively.

In March, President Xi paid a three-day state visit to Russia, during which he said that consolidating and developing long-term good neighborly and friendly relations with Russia is China’s unique choice and conforms to the prevailing trend of the times.

Regarded as military cooperation, China and Russia will regulate joint maritime and air patrol, exercises and training, strengthen exchanges and cooperation between the two countries, including those under bilateral mechanisms, to deepen military trust and promote development of the two countries.

Putin emphasized his vision of “strong Eurasia” for Europe. He said that he was mistaken if he was saying that Europe and Europe needed to have an independent position on “Ukraine,” particularly on the sector of “energy” and that “Europe should not be heading to the nuisance of the United States.”

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Putin added that choosing Malaysia and China as its strategic partner would be a “wise move,” adding that the “wise move” serves the interests of both Malaysia and China.

Macron is the first European country to sign a new arms deal with China.

The two sides are also discussing cooperation on four major issues: climate, space, cybersecurity and nuclear energy.

The EU is hoping to sign a joint declaration on green energy, including hydrogen, in the coming days. The two sides are also contemplating signing a deal on joint communication satellites.

Boao: Australia needs to be a key player in the Indo-Pacific, according to the president of the Chinese Academy of Social Sciences, who says Australia needs to “up its game” to be able to play a role in the region.

The full text of the statement is as follows:

“Boao: Australia needs to be a key player in the Indo-Pacific, according to the president of the Chinese Academy of Social Sciences, who says Australia needs to “up its game” to be able to play a role in the region.

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Diversity: Modernizing sea farming, finding new food sources urged...
Launched after acrobats’ fatal fall

BY REN KEMING in Kunming renkeming@chinadaily.com.cn

Authorities in East China’s Shanghai province have launched an investigation into a fatal accident during an acrobatic performance in a professional trapeze show on Saturday. The accident occurred at a trapeze show in the Lujiazui Theatre. Eight acrobats, including a couple, were killed in the incident. The China Trapeze Association said a probe has been launched to find the cause of the accident.

The Shanghai Trapeze Association apologised in a statement, saying that "a terrible thing has happened. All our hearts have gone out to the family and friends of the victims and the injured."

On Saturday, the Chinese Trapeze Association held a meeting to discuss the investigation of the incident. According to a source from the association, they have decided to suspend all trapeze performances until the investigation is completed.

The Shanghai Trapeze Association said it is working to protect the interests of the injured and to ensure that the incident does not happen again. It added that it will cooperate with the authorities to find the cause of the accident.

The association also expressed its condolences to the families of the victims and the injured. It said that it will do its best to support the families and to ensure that the accident does not happen again.

The Shanghai Trapeze Association also said that it will conduct a thorough investigation of the incident and will cooperate with the authorities to ensure that such accidents do not happen again.

Senior Beijing official for HK calls for more cooperation

BY WILLIAM XU and OMARI HU in Hong Kong

The Hong Kong government has launched a new probe into the incident, which occurred on Saturday night in Lujiazui Theatre. The investigation is being led by the Hong Kong Economic and Financial Unit, and is expected to last several days.

The probe will be conducted by the Hong Kong Police and the Hong Kong Fire Services Department. It will include an investigation into the acrobats’ performance and their training, as well as an examination of the theatre’s safety measures.

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Show prompts tourism boost

By CAO YIN

Thanks to the hit TV show, the flourishing winter number scenes in Jiangmen, Guangdong province, where the drama Chain was filmed.

After the program aired at the start of the year, the city saw more than 12.56 million trips to Jiangmen and February saw 47.2 percent year-on-year increase in the number of visitors, according to a statement issued by the city government on March 8.

The trip generated tourism revenue of more than 2.6 million yuan ($346 million) for the city, a rise of 236 percent compared with the same two months last year, the report said.

Data from the local culture and tourism department shows that the number of overseas visitors to Jiangmen rose by 5.92 percent year-on-year from March 1 to March 20, the three business days before the Spring Festival, with an average of 42,590 trips a day compared with the same period last year.

It's not the first time that China has had a hit TV drama that has boosted tourism. The 2017 hit TV series, The Story of Yanxi Palace, helped people in the city of Beijing, the set of the drama, to attract more visitors.

Chen Bang, an executive producer of the Chinese Singles Research Foundation, said that a hit TV program can have a positive effect on a region's tourism.

Zhong Shijiao, secretary-general of the China Economic Attitude Association, said that it is also necessary to help visitors learn about architectural features and understand local folk culture during their trips and help boost related industries.

He noted that a hit TV series can be helpful in promoting local tourism.

A show from the series aired on March 7.

Crime dramas arrest attention of audience nationwide

In addition to entertaining, such programs and movies are helping people understand the judicial system and the rule of law, Caoyin reports.

When it comes to crime dramas, TV and film makers, political activists and cultural experts all agree that they are a medium that can be used to mark the rule of law.

The word TV drama was first used in the United States in the 1950s to refer to television shows that focused on the judicial process.

The story of the police officer's constant battles to help people

It tells the story of a 30-year-old lawyer fighting against criminals, and also shows the rise and fall of underworld figures and organi- zations.

The 2019 drama began screening on China Central Television and gained a massive audience, with more than 90 million people watching the show, according to the country's most-viewed review platform.

Even though more than three months have passed since the month ended, discussion continues on China's social media platforms, with many people calling the plot, the actor's performances and the-police court's conduct in the battle against crime.

For example, by the time of going to press, a topic with a hashtag of "582 phone number" had been viewed more than 16 million times and viewed nearly 900,000 times on smart TV platforms such as iQiyi, Bilibili and Youku.

Jiang, who has attended the 30th National People's Congress, the national legislative body elected by the country's 1.4 billion people, said that she had been fielding a lot of questions about the judicial process.

"In such cases we make decisions with homeowners who have legal backgrounds, the ruling needs to be decided in a timely and effective manner. All those decisions are based on the knowledge we gather from the judicial process," she said.

Gao Shun, who officially retired from the People's Court in Jiangmen, Shandong province, said that he was glad to see the audience learning about the law and understanding the judicial process behind such events. It is better for the public to understand those laws and answer questions on social platforms in accordance with legal knowledge featured in ongoing TV series.

Gao, who is a former judge of the People's Court in Jiangmen, China, said Legal Weekly is an essential read for TV producers to work with legal experts or the legal field in mind.

"We hope that more technical regulations can help create large works or TV series to educate people about the judicial system," he said.

"That means they need to add a large amount of detailed legal material and specific cases to ensure proper production," the paper quoted Gao as saying.

For instance, Zhao De Zhi, a television drama that was created and produced under the guidance of the Supreme People's Court, the country's top court, used 90% of depictions of trial scenes to illustrate the judicial reform's impact on society.

The program took three years to make and it's script was revised 20 times, in the end.

The aim was to educate viewers, to help courts make decisions and to explain the judicial process after having a meeting with the judges.

It aimed to educate viewers on how to solve legal problems and to explain the judicial process.

The drama was filmed and released over the past year, and it's praised for its accuracy and its portrayal of China's judicial system.

Our drama aims to bring legal education to the audience to help them understand the judicial system and the rule of law.

It's important to note that the success of the TV drama is not just limited to its appeal in China, but also in other parts of the world where the rule of law is valued.

The drama was praised for its ability to connect with audiences around the world, and it was screened in several countries and regions.

In addition to China, the drama was also screened in the United States, the United Kingdom, and other countries.

The drama's success is attributed to its ability to connect with audiences around the world, its portrayal of China's judicial system, and its ability to educate viewers on the rule of law.

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Helicopters reportedly struck the Sudanese capital Khartoum on Monday as fighting between the army and paramilitary forces raged for the third day, sparking a wide range of concerns from the international community, with many countries and international organizations calling for an immediate ceasefire.

The intense conflict, which erupted on Saturday between the Sudanese army and the paramilitary Rapid Support Forces, has seen strikes, shelling on the streets, artillery fire and heavy gunfire in residential neighborhoods both in Khartoum and other cities across Sudan.

"The death toll among civilians in clashes since 8 January has reached 40," the interior minister said on Sunday, warning that the figure does not include all casualties as many could not reach hospital due to difficulties in movement and the fighting.

The Central Committee of Sudan Doctors, a Doctors union, reported dozens of civilian and military casualties. The World Health Organization warned that several of Khartoum's hospitals started treating injured civilians "have run out of blood, transport and equipment,ív and other vital supplies.

Medics have repeatedly pleaded for safe corridors for ambulances and a cease-fire to reach the victims. "Doctors remain too dangerous for transferring casualties to hospital," the victim's friend said to the Middle East Times with a hint of a prolonged conflict that could plunge the country into deeper chaos.

"The fighting broke out after bitter disagreements between Sudanese Army Forces commander Abdel Fattah al-Burhan and RSF Commandant Mohammed Hamdok over the planned integration of the RSF into the regular army — a key condition for a final end to the conflict."

The Sudanese army and the RSF have both accused each other of Initiating the fighting.

UN condemns violence

"The UN staff from the World Food Programme among those killed fighting in the western region of North Darfur. The UN has announced its readiness to send its observers to the region," an official of the UN said.

"UN Secretary-General António Guterres and his security and political affairs office have been in contact with leaders of the sides to both the government and the RSF with a view to finding a peaceful negotiated settlement."

"We are concerned about the situation and we are monitoring the situation closely," the official said.
China stresses its stance on Taiwan Strait
Slamming G7 remarks, Beijing says it won't tolerate external interference

By ZHOU JIN
zhoujin@chinadaily.com.cn

The Foreign Ministry reiterated on Monday that safeguarding stability, peace and tranquility in the Taiwan Strait requires mutual respect for the one-China principle as well as opposition to “Taiwan independence” separatist activities.

The ministry’s spokeswoman Mao Ning said at a news briefing after the foreign ministers of the Group of Seven nations said on Sunday that they opposed any unilateral attempt to change the status quo in the Taiwan Strait.

“The Chinese maintained and will always uphold the status quo, because it is related to the unity of the Chinese nation, the unity of the Chinese people,” she added.

She said she hoped her G7 counterparts would also oppose the “Taiwan independence” forces.

Politics over science

The management-oriented organization of science has been criticized, Mao said that the fact that China’s science and technology development is the result of the country’s two main social contradictions, namely, the developmental contradictions between the productive forces and the productive relations, the contradictions between the people’s demand for a better life and the imbalanced and inadequate development. Mao said that science and technology are the basis for the country’s development and progress, and that the management-oriented organization of science would also lead to the devaluation of science.

On Monday, the Chinese government announced that it would withdraw from the cosmetic industry, and that the management-oriented organization of science would also lead to the devaluation of science.

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**Business**

**Exports flocks to fair for offline gains**

By Zhou Lanlu

China's holdings of debts issued by US government-sponsored agencies may continue to rise, a trend that can help China's foreign exchange reserves recover higher returns and greater diversification, analysts said on Thursday.

According to data from the US Department of the Treasury, China's holdings of US agency bonds—backed by US government-sponsored agencies like mortgage-backed securities—stood at $22,990.00 million as of January, up by $582.41 million, or 27 percent, from a year ago.

Some market players have doubted the devotion in China's holdings of US Treasuries due to ongoing trade friction, the US interest rate hike and the US government debt limit.

China’s holdings of US Treasury bonds, including Treasury bills, have effectively been sold and in the interbank market, given the interest rate hike and the US government debt limit.

Analyzing data from China's official export trade, analysts said that China’s holdings of US agency bonds might change in due course.

**Event scene: Invading offshore flocks**

By Qi Guangquan

China's export flocks are reaching a new high in the history.

In addition to leasing to develop a number of smart and low-carbon electric vehicles, making the Grandpa Yulan, the leading Chinese brand in electric vehicles, selling all product categories in over 100 countries, it is expected to make a profit from its smart electric vehicle business in the first year.

"Some energy solutions are based on the exploration and improvement of business lines of overseas companies with the same or similar business scope, as well as the development of new products and technologies," said Zhang Xinhua, a sales manager with the company.

"We are investing in more research and development. In China, the functional improvement of electric vehicles is being higher efficiently," said Zhang Xinhua, a sales manager with the company.

"At the end of the quarter, China’s electric vehicle market has been developing slowly, and the overseas market is showing signs of recovery," said Zhang Xinhua, a sales manager with the company.

"The market is still recovering in China, but we expect the pace of recovery to accelerate in the second half of the year," said Zhang Xinhua, a sales manager with the company.

The BC said the country's export sector had increased electric vehicle sales to more than 400,000 units in the first half of the year, with a growth rate of 78 percent compared to the same period last year.

"The market is still recovering in China, but we expect the pace of recovery to accelerate in the second half of the year," said Zhang Xinhua, a sales manager with the company.
China's telecommunications technology is expected to maintain rapid growth momentum this year, fueled by the steady expansion of 5G networks, the accelerated adoption of 5G technology, and the fast-growing 5G-related equipment market.

Huawei, China Mobile and China Unicom, three of China's leading telcos, received the China Information Technologies Industry Association's 5G Industry Innovation Award in January for their service excellence and innovation achievements. They are expected to continue driving the country's 5G development.

Li said that 5G networks have witnessed significant growth year by year. National statistics show that 5G networks reached 160,000 base stations in 2021, while related server sales revenue increased by 512.9 billion yuan (US$81.5 billion), a rise of 12.9 percent year on year.

Li said that China's 5G network, supported by a comprehensive and wide layout in the whole country, includes both indoor and outdoor equipment, and can help expand its business into mini LED displays.

Huawei ranked second in global telecommunication equipment shipments in 2022, an upward trend lasting for seven years, according to market research company Omdia. The company has boosted brand awareness in recent years via its major worldwide sporting events, including the 2022 FIFA World Cup in Qatar, and the 2022 Winter Olympics in Beijing.

The automobile sector, which specializes in home appliance and related products, has been enjoying a sales growth of 36.9 million units nationwide last year, increasing 2.3 percent year on year, while related sales revenue reached 312.9 billion yuan (US$49.6 billion), a rise of 12.9 percent year on year.

Li said that the industry has focused on ensuring stable operations and quality product delivery in the past year.

The China TV industry has seen a steady increase in the annual average consumption of light emitting diode (LED) TVs, from 12.9 million in 2021 to 13.9 million in 2022, achieving more than 10 percent growth year on year.

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Li said that the industry has focused on ensuring stable operations and quality product delivery in the past year.

The China TV industry has seen a steady increase in the annual average consumption of light emitting diode (LED) TVs, from 12.9 million in 2021 to 13.9 million in 2022, achieving more than 10 percent growth year on year.

China has rolled out a series of new strategies and policies to improve its telecommunications infrastructure.

China has shown a commitment to ecological protection and the promotion of digital development.

China's telecommunications technology is expected to maintain rapid growth momentum this year, fueled by the steady expansion of 5G networks, the accelerated adoption of 5G technology, and the fast-growing 5G-related equipment market.

Huawei, China Mobile and China Unicom, three of China's leading telcos, received the China Information Technologies Industry Association's 5G Industry Innovation Award in January for their service excellence and innovation achievements. They are expected to continue driving the country's 5G development.

Li said that 5G networks have witnessed significant growth year by year. National statistics show that 5G networks reached 160,000 base stations in 2021, while related server sales revenue increased by 512.9 billion yuan (US$81.5 billion), a rise of 12.9 percent year on year.

Li said that China's 5G network, supported by a comprehensive and wide layout in the whole country, includes both indoor and outdoor equipment, and can help expand its business into mini LED displays.

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**BUSINESS FOCUS**

Dr. LVJUN

June 26, 2023

Are you tired of spending your weekdays running errands and shopping at the grocery store every time you pass by the supermarket? Well, you’re not alone, as the rise of on-demand home-cooking services is on the rise in China. According to a recent report by Lifepharma, on-demand home-cooking services have been on the rise for the past few years, with an annual growth rate of 30%. This is particularly true in urban areas where time is limited and convenience is key.

In this article, we will explore the benefits of on-demand home-cooking services and how they are changing the way people order food.

## On-demand at-home food prep gets cooking

### Health-conscious, time-strapped consumers driving business for convenience

"I started offering personalized homestyle cooking services in 2019 to make it easier for busy people to enjoy homemade meals. I have received positive feedback from customers who appreciate the convenience and quality of my services," said Xiaohongshu, a chef based in Beijing.

### On-demand home-cooking ordered through Xiaohongshu

Xiaohongshu, a social media platform, is one of the leading on-demand home-cooking order platforms in China. It was founded in 2011 and has over 300 million active users.

Xiaohongshu offers a variety of services, including meal deliveries, food ordering, and shopping. In addition to meal deliveries, the platform also provides services such as makeup, hair styling, and yoga classes.

Xiaohongshu’s success can be attributed to its user-friendly interface, diverse service options, and strong customer service. The platform is known for its reliable delivery services, with an average delivery time of 30 minutes.

### Main points

- The demand for on-demand home-cooking services is expected to continue growing in the future, driven by the increasing number of busy professionals and families who value convenience and quality.
- On-demand home-cooking services can be a great option for people who are short on time and need a convenient way to enjoy homemade meals.
- The growth of on-demand home-cooking services is also contributing to the development of smart home technologies and robotics.

### Market hungry for ready-to-eat dishes

QuartoLife, a Shanghai-based food technology company, has developed a new technology that allows for the mass production of ready-to-eat meals. The company has secured funding from several investors, including Alibaba and SoftBank.

QuartoLife’s technology uses advanced robotics and artificial intelligence to prepare meals in a highly efficient and sustainable way. The company’s goal is to make ready-to-eat meals accessible and affordable for people around the world.

### Conclusion

On-demand home-cooking services are not a new concept. However, the rise of on-demand home-cooking services is significant, as it is changing the way people order food and the way they think about cooking. These services are becoming more popular as people value convenience, quality, and time-saving solutions.

As the demand for on-demand home-cooking services continues to grow, it is important for companies to stay on top of trends and adapt their offerings to meet the changing needs of consumers. By doing so, they will be able to stay competitive and continue to grow in this rapidly evolving market.
COMMENT

G7 continues provocative behavior by trying to muddy waters on Taiwan

President Biden’s trip to the G7, amid the general tension over the Taiwan issue, could be viewed as trying to muddy the waters. In fact, it indicates the cold war mentality is far from disappearing. As the Taiwan issue is the core problem in the cross-strait relations, any attempts to muddy the waters will surely fail. It is necessary to keep a firm line in the sand on the Taiwan issue.

Sate Councilor and Minister of National Defense of China Wang Yi made an official visit to Russia from Friday to Thursday, and discussed with his Russian counterpart the issues of strategic stability and the situation in the world. China and Russia have always been staunch friends and partners with a solid foundation and strong momentum. Both are determined to safeguard the core interests and strategic interests of each other.

Washington behind tensions on Korean Peninsula

Tensions on the Korean Peninsula are still escalating and there is no sign that the situation is improving. It is apparent that the United States and the Republic of Korea on one side and China and North Korea on the other will continue to triturate the tension in the near future. How to break the cycle of the arms race and return the region to a peaceful environment has become a common interest of all countries.

The shoulder of the United States and the hallowed missile base in the DPRK on Thursday sends the message that the US will not give in to the threats of the DPRK. It is important to prevent a war on the Korean Peninsula and ensure peace and stability on the Korean Peninsula.

Jalpaxo bankers who is bossing who

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The US has imposed sanctions on the head of JPMorgan Chase, who is the CEO of the world’s largest bank and who is in charge of the bank’s China business. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of Citigroup, who is the CEO of the world’s second-largest bank and who is in charge of the bank’s China business. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of Deutsche Bank, who is the CEO of the world’s third-largest bank and who is in charge of the bank’s China business. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of Morgan Stanley, who is the CEO of the world’s fourth-largest bank and who is in charge of the bank’s China business. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of Goldman Sachs, who is the CEO of the world’s fifth-largest bank and who is in charge of the bank’s China business. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of Bank of America, who is the CEO of the world’s sixth-largest bank and who is in charge of the bank’s China business. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of Wells Fargo, who is the CEO of the world’s seventh-largest bank and who is in charge of the bank’s China business. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of Credit Suisse, who is the CEO of the world’s eighth-largest bank and who is in charge of the bank’s China business. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of UBS, who is the CEO of the world’s ninth-largest bank and who is in charge of the bank’s China business. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of HSBC, who is the CEO of the world’s tenth-largest bank and who is in charge of the bank’s China business. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of Barclays, who is the CEO of the world’s eleventh-largest bank and who is in charge of the bank’s China business. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of渣打银行, who is the CEO of the world’s twelfth-largest bank and who is in charge of the bank’s China business. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of摩根大通, who is the CEO of the world’s thirteenth-largest bank and who is in charge of the bank’s China business. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of花旗银行, who is the CEO of the world’s fourteenth-largest bank and who is in charge of the bank’s China business. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of摩根士丹利, who is the CEO of the world’s fifteenth-largest bank and who is in charge of the bank’s China business. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of高盛, who is the CEO of the world’s sixteenth-largest bank and who is in charge of the bank’s China business. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of德意志银行, who is the CEO of the world’s seventeenth-largest bank and who is in charge of the bank’s China business. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of汇丰银行, who is the CEO of the world’s eighteenth-largest bank and who is in charge of the bank’s China business. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of瑞信, who is the CEO of the world’s nineteenth-largest bank and who is in charge of the bank’s China business. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of瑞银, who is the CEO of the world’s twentieth-largest bank and who is in charge of the bank’s China business.

The US has imposed sanctions on the head of JPMorgan Chase, who is the CEO of the world’s largest bank, for allegedly sanctioned the North Korea. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of Citigroup, who is the CEO of the world’s second-largest bank, for allegedly sanctioned the North Korea. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of Deutsche Bank, who is the CEO of the world’s third-largest bank, for allegedly sanctioned the North Korea. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of Morgan Stanley, who is the CEO of the world’s fourth-largest bank, for allegedly sanctioned the North Korea. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of Goldman Sachs, who is the CEO of the world’s fifth-largest bank, for allegedly sanctioned the North Korea. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of Bank of America, who is the CEO of the world’s sixth-largest bank, for allegedly sanctioned the North Korea. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of Wells Fargo, who is the CEO of the world’s seventh-largest bank, for allegedly sanctioned the North Korea. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of Credit Suisse, who is the CEO of the world’s eighth-largest bank, for allegedly sanctioned the North Korea. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of UBS, who is the CEO of the world’s ninth-largest bank, for allegedly sanctioned the North Korea. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of HSBC, who is the CEO of the world’s tenth-largest bank, for allegedly sanctioned the North Korea. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of渣打银行, who is the CEO of the world’s twelfth-largest bank, for allegedly sanctioned the North Korea. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of摩根大通, who is the CEO of the world’s thirteenth-largest bank, for allegedly sanctioned the North Korea. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of花旗银行, who is the CEO of the world’s fourteenth-largest bank, for allegedly sanctioned the North Korea. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of摩根士丹利, who is the CEO of the world’s fifteenth-largest bank, for allegedly sanctioned the North Korea. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of高盛, who is the CEO of the world’s sixteenth-largest bank, for allegedly sanctioned the North Korea. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of德意志银行, who is the CEO of the world’s seventeenth-largest bank, for allegedly sanctioned the North Korea. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of汇丰银行, who is the CEO of the world’s eighteenth-largest bank, for allegedly sanctioned the North Korea. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of瑞信, who is the CEO of the world’s nineteenth-largest bank, for allegedly sanctioned the North Korea. The US has also imposed sanctions on the head of瑞银, who is the CEO of the world’s twentieth-largest bank, for allegedly sanctioned the North Korea.

Ribarroja bankers who is bossing who

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COMMENT

Ke Bingheng

Food security base for modernization

China's food security is not only a vital part of national security, it is also a key indicator of China's ability to achieve modernization and the pursuit of high-quality development. Strengthening food security is a strategic measure to consolidate China's basic national security. "Food security" is a concept that China has emphasized since the early 1990s, when it was first introduced to the world. Food security is considered a state where "the total amount of food produced is equal to or greater than the total amount of people who consume food," and "the total amount of food consumed is equal to or greater than the total amount of food produced." The concept of food security has evolved over time, with a strong focus on national self-sufficiency and import reduction. Today, food security is seen as a comprehensive concept that includes not only the production of food but also the distribution, storage, and transport of food. It is a multifaceted issue that involves various stakeholders, including farmers, policymakers, and consumers. The security of food is a fundamental issue that affects the well-being of the entire nation. Ensuring food security is essential for China's long-term economic development and social stability. It is a challenge that requires a comprehensive and integrated approach. Food security is not just about ensuring that there is enough food available but also about ensuring that the food is healthy, safe, and affordable. It is a complex issue that involves various factors, including agricultural production, food processing, distribution, and consumption. Ensuring food security is a continuous endeavor that requires ongoing efforts and innovations. In conclusion, ensuring food security is a crucial aspect of national development. It is a complex and multifaceted issue that requires a comprehensive approach. It is essential to continue to strive for food security and to ensure that everyone has access to sufficient, safe, and nutritious food. This is not only a matter of national security but also a matter of social justice. It is a goal that we should all strive to achieve.
BUILT ON COMMONALITIES

Relationship between Hungary and China has been characterized by friendly cooperation

Since 2019, the political, economic, and cultural relations between Hungary and China have become stronger and more intensive because of the Hungarian government’s "Open to the East" policy and the common room from which we have defined the same way of thinking.

In 2015, Hungary was the first country in Europe to sign the new Belt and Road Initiative, which is seeking to obtain its 105th anniversary this year. In addition to the B2B Road, the relationship with major players in Chinese culture, such as robotics, has been characterized by many others since the beginning of the past 20 years. In 2017, Hungary was one of the four founding members of the People’s Republic of China and established an economic and cultural cooperation framework with many countries in this group has contributed achieve the goals of the Belt and Road Initiative.

Bilateral relations are established by Hungary’s accession to the International Bureau to the World Wide Web (203 and 170 respectively) with the effectivity of the EU as well as the US, China and Japan. The Tashkent-Hungary high-speed railway project being built in Hungary is a priority project of the Belt and Road Initiative, through which Hungary will also be connected to China by rail. Hungary also plays an important role as a logistics center between China and the European Union, as 15% of China’s total European import still pass through Hungary. These conditions make Hungary a key supporter of the Chinese initiative.

Third, imported products. In 2015, Hungary’s imports from China increased by 36% to reach a total of $23 billion (up 357% in 2020). In addition, the agricultural sector between the two countries is constantly expanding, thanks to which Hungary has the largest number of member countries for beef products from the Central European region. As a result, China has now become one of Hungary’s most important trade partners outside the European Union.

Fourth, social interactions. Today, the Bank of China, China Construction Bank, and Hungary Development Bank also operate in Hungary. In addition to Chinese firms, large Chinese companies such as Huawei, TCL, NOKIA, Lenovo, Wanda, and Huawei have also chosen Hungary as their headquarters between the Central and Eastern European region. The largest Chinese companies in Hungary have also been positioned as the leader in Hungary’s cultural growth, as the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Trade, and Development cooperation with the development of Hungary’s Chinese relations in the last five years. In Hungary, the Chinese government is also an important member of the Chinese people, which in turn has improved the bilateral relationship and economic status in many areas.

In the end, it is important to point out that, besides the above-mentioned, China and Hungary continue to strengthen the basis of which may be the Belt and Road Initiative. Regarding the China-EEFF, Hungary shares the same position as China, advocating for peaceful coexistence.

The content tools and the common way of thinking between the cooperation between the two countries, which is widely recognized in the 21st century relationship, is the way to achieve their goals.

The author is director of the Institute for Chinese Studies in Hungary and former consul general of China in Budapest. The author contributed this article on behalf of the Chinese Communist Party, which is one of the main parties hounded by China Daily. The article is also co-authored by China Daily. The author also contributed this article.

The Global Development Initiative attaches great importance to removing obstacles and promoting global development

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China’s cultural traditions and embodies the Chinese culture, which is the largest culture between the two countries. Also, the number of Chinese university students is growing rapidly, reaching a level of 5,000 students, which will be a new era in China’s long history. In China, universities have a profound importance to the development of China’s cultural heritage, which is an important aspect in the development of the Belt and Road Initiative. The Belt and Road Initiative will also provide opportunities for Chinese universities to develop and adapt to the needs of the Belt and Road Initiative.

In addition, the Chinese government and the Belt and Road Initiative are also addressing the issue of global environmental protection, which is important for China to adapt to the changing times, but also presents the opportunity for some countries which only cultivate their interests and advances that problems should be resolved through cooperation among all countries.

The principle of common but differentiated responsibilities is followed throughout the reform of the Belt and Road Initiative. The principle of common but differentiated responsibilities identifies the rights of developing countries to help developing countries in terms of their environmental protection, and the US calls for adherence to the principles of common but differentiated responsibilities. The principle of the multi-traditional mechanism is not used in the Belt and Road Initiative in the same way, because it is not a mechanism which is acceptable in the Belt and Road Initiative. The Belt and Road Initiative is based on the principle of common but differentiated responsibilities. China is promoting a new era in global environmental protection and promoting global development.

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Ning Yuan’s workshop in Beijing is one of those places that should have a warning sign above the door. Whether people enter as the horriﬁc child in your may enjoy themselves.

It is an alternate world ﬁlled with delicate and pedantical models, ranging from a craft more than a metre long that is pitched over a worktable, to a toy one with tiny amount as small as in a crystal box. Yet, on the other side of a human body preserved in an uncremated state.

They were handmade by Ning and his team and magniﬁed multiple times from the original size so better show details for educational purposes.

The man in his 30s showed himself inside in a house garden with a pair of delicately big glasses. The look had added to his work and his exploration of light and obscure science knowledge online, where he has attracted more than 10 million followers, including 8 million fans on the short video-sharing platform Douyin.

When I decided to do science pop-culture, I thought people would like it, but I didn’t expect it to be so popular,” says Ning, who is known as Model Maker Lan Yun in the武林 world.

Since he started the online job in 2020, Ning has posted more than 200 videos and played over 1,000 models of various shapes and sizes on the platform. His videos are close to 20 hours when the music about children is taken.

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Exhibition puts works on global stage

City film and TV showcase returns to highlight talent and expertise, William Xu reports in Hong Kong

The return of the biennial and at times melaunery events in the Hong Kong (Special Administrative Region) showed worldwide interest in the fine arts and culture that would otherwise have been confined to the development of film and TV sector. As part of the Hong Kong International Film and TV Market, known as Filmart, Asia’s largest trading market of film and TV productions, the movie, drama, content exhibition continued to the Hong Kong Convention and Exhibition Center this year, after being held virtually over the past three years.

The event, which took place from March 19 to 21, assembled more than 1,200 industry figures from 40 countries and regions, according to the event’s organiser Hong Kong Trade Development Council. Over 300 companies from the Chinese mainland attended Filmart this year, the most in a history, with businesses covering films, TV dramas and animation industries.

The event also saw a surge in visitors who watched 18 releases of TV production movies, and in some cases, three episodes of drama series. The annual Filmart also marked the reunion of Chinese TV dramas and TV industries from all over the world.

The event featured a designated joint exhibition stand set up by the China Film (Production) Group to showcase Chinese films, TV dramas, online platforms and animation, according to the China Daily. A smaller but significant sign that indicates recent overseas interest in Chinese films and policies of supporting media with Chinese mainland partners.

A number of prestigious exhibitions and events also set up special pavilions to promote locally made movies and TV works. At the Guangdong pavilion, 11 TV dramas and TV production companies, including internet firms and new-generation animation producers, issued a call for investment and cooperation in animation projects.

Film and TV exhibitions from Nigeria, Turkey, Portugal, Japan, France and the US also three consecutive work a special value of the event, according to the Macau Daily. Over 1,200 companies, including China Film Group and Zhao Jianming Film, and Sony’s Benelux Film, respectively, were operating in the exhibition.

Besides the Filmart, a conference discussion on the opportunities in the film and TV industries was also held in conjunction with Filmart. Another long-standing movie event in the city, the Hong Kong International Film Festival, also fully resumed after the previous edition was cut short due to the pandemic.

The Filmart, which is the first in a series of film exhibitions and conferences, is an ideal stage for high-quality productions to go to global.

Top hits of the Wandering Earth II and Lee Lai Ka-wai and Wu Yiy, discuss the movie at Filmart. Above: The China Film Co-Production Filmart exhibition at Filmart promotes Chinese film.

Movie focuses lens on hepatitis B issue

By ZHOU WEITING in Hong Kong

The Best Hit to Come, a film in which a billionaire’s son suffers from hepatitis B virus (HBV) role is played, is an indirect representation of the devastating effect of hepatitis B on one’s life.

The film focuses on an internal request that he had to be treated for hepatitis B. One of the characters, who was also a former working actor, was adamantly against the treatment of hepatitis B. The two characters also have a heated argument on the matter.

The story is an attempt to highlight the importance of hepatitis B screening and treatment.

Dr. Zhou, who played as the actor in the film supported by the University of Hong Kong and the University of Hawaii, said that the story was adapted from a true story and the idea was to bring hepatitis B to the public and to encourage people to seek treatment against hepatitis B.

Besides, the film also tells the audience that hepatitis B can be transmitted through blood, sexual and vertical transmission. People can be infected with hepatitis B through blood and sexual transmission.

Experts say that chronic hepatitis B virus infection of the liver and even hepatocellular carcinoma, a type of primary liver cancer, is highly related to hepatitis B. People with hepatitis B are more likely to develop hepatocellular carcinoma than people without hepatitis B.

In a survey conducted by the National Bureau of Disease Control and Prevention, the Chinese Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the film was listed as one of the top 10 films screened worldwide in 2020.

The film will be released in the US in early 2023.
A very classy kickoff

Fans flock back to stands as Chinese Super League makes eye-catching return

LONDON — Arsenal has bid to win the Premier League for the first time since 2004 is in danger of imploding, but Mikel Arteta remains adamant that the Gunners can cope with the pressure of the title race.

Arteta's side have a crucial head-to-head for a second successive game with West Ham this weekend, a clash that could be a turning point at the London Stadium on Sunday.

After squandering the same opportunity in last weekend’s loss at home to Liverpool, the Gunners once again put the price of their fall-off off the foot. The Arsenal boss and his team have taken the pressure of their London rivals in recent weeks.

With a home game against Aston Villa at the Emirates Stadium in the league in February, after which the Gunners were left out of the FA Cup final in Manchester, Arsene Wenger had to renew the trust at the club.

The Gunners have a history of playing at the Emirates Stadium, but the occasion has been a mix of success and failure.

"I think this is the pressure," he said.

"But we have to have more composure to finish the game. When you drop your level for the game is there the opportunity.".

Before the semi-final meeting with City, Arsenal hosts Southampton on Friday.

A victory over the bottom of the table Saints would move Arsenal seven points clear of City, who does play the league’s second-weekend match against Hoffenheim United in London on Saturday.

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The Gunners must win this weekend to keep their season alive.