French unrest

**Court rules against use of race for college entry**

By LEI YANG at the Chinese University of Hong Kong (CUHK)

The US Supreme Court on Thursday found colleges’ consideration of race in admissions decisions is constitutional, in a decision that will likely set back efforts to desegregate public educational institutions in the US.

The court said that the use of race as a factor in admissions decisions is constitutional, as long as it is in the interest of diversity.

The decision was seen as a setback for the civil rights movement and a victory for universities who have used race as a factor in admissions decisions.

**Debris retrieved from the Titanic wreck site**

Debris from the Titanic wreckage, retrieved from the ocean floor, is displayed in a new exhibit at the Smithsonian National Museum of Natural History in Washington, DC.

The exhibit, which opened on October 26, 2023, features artifacts and photographs from the Titanic tragedy, including a piece of the ship's hull that was recovered from the ocean floor.

The exhibit is part of the museum's ongoing efforts to preserve and display the history of the Titanic, which sank on April 15, 1912, with the loss of over 1,500 lives.

**Achievements mark Lee’s first year as HK chief executive**

On July 1, 2023, Lee Hoi-chuen became the chief executive of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region. He has focused on economic development and the fight against COVID-19.

Under his leadership, Hong Kong has seen a recovery in tourism and business activity. He has also implemented measures to combat the COVID-19 pandemic, including a strict quarantine policy for incoming travelers.

In his first year in office, Lee has pushed for greater integration with the mainland China, promoting economic cooperation and investment.

**World news**

- **China releases new regulations protecting consumers**
- **US and China reach agreement on trade issues**
- **UN envoy urges restraint on Ukraine crisis**

** bölge ekibine ait veritabanında bulunmayı reddetti.
The museums list of revolution-ary martyrs bears 206 names of the local Qi family, while the names of others who sacrificed their lives have been lost.

During this period, Dragon Boat Festival, which fell on June 22, Qi Xiaohu and other members of the Qi clan discussed surrounding the family temple in Qihai Village. Ruihe, a main settlement area for the family.

The festival commemorates Qin Yang (306 BC- 221 BC), a patriotic poet from the Chu state during the Warring States period (475-221 BC). It is also a time for the Qi family to honor its revolutionary and pastor-ial ancestors.

Cadres needed

The Dule Mountain Revolution-ary Base, located on the bor-ders of Hubei, Henan and Anhui provinces, was one of the most important in the CPC's history. Ruihe formed a key part of the base.

After graduating, Qi Xiaohu, 32, worked in Hubei, Henan and Anhui province, from 1999 to 2003, before returning to Qihai, as he knew the village needed more cadres. He joined the CPC in 2002, and became deputy secretary of the village's Party branch in December.

“My great grandfather, Qi Xian-zhi, was born in a wealthy family which managed iron plants, hospi-tals and training centers in Wuhua in Hubei province,” said Qi Xiaohu, who learned the family’s history from his ancestors.

Qi Xiaohu learned communist ideals and developed socialist con-victions when he was at school in Wuhua.

With an Introduction from Dong Libao, one of the CPC’s founders, Qi Xiaohu joined the Party in 1939 in Wuhan.

The years 1939 to 1947 marked the first period of cooperation between the Kuomintang, or the Chinese Nationalist Party, and the CPC. After this cooperation was di-lated by the KMT, Qi Xihui severely fought back and in near-cession, and transported them to Qinghe.

In 1928, when the CPC and a suc-cessful uprising around Bozhou, a town which governs Huaian, Qi Xiaohu donated the weapons to the newly founded 312th Division of the Eleventh Red Army.

He encouraged many members of the Qi family to join the Red Army to resist the KMT, but was killed by the enemy in 1938, when he was 26. Qi Xiaohu said, add- ing, “Eight of the 10 fatalities from my great-grandfather’s generation died for the revolution.”

While Qihai is home to many members of the Qi family, Qi Zonghuang, 73, has always lived in his ancestral village of Xihou, which housed the base founded by his grandfather, Qi Dewei. However, the property was destroyed by Kommunist for-cus in 1949.

Qi Dewei was born in 1879, when the family was owned by Henan province. He joined the CPC in 1945 at a farmers’ school in Shanghezhuang, Henan. In early 1923, he attended a training school in Wuhan and received guidance from Mao Ze-dong.

Qi Dewei took part in protests on uprisings and several armed revolu-tions, before becoming a deputy-chief of the 23rd Division of the Eleventh Red Army.

He was then sent to the Central Revolutionary Base on the bor-ders of Jiangxi, Hubei and Guan- dong provinces, but died in Jiangxi in 1931, when he was 25.

Qi Zonghuang, who joined the CPC 48 years ago, said, “When my father was just 13 months old, my grandfather returned home and named him Guanqin, which literally means ‘healthy’.”

War time memories

As a memorial hall to the heroic Young Mothers in Yiyang county, Linyi Shandong province, a group of primary school students recently listened to stories told by Yu Jizhen, 81, grandmother of one of the mothers.

“The Young Mothers voluntarily took care of orphans and their chil-dren during wartime. They also cooked, made shoes by hand, washed clothes for the troops, and helped provide transportation and ammunition.

Lying in the Yiyang Moun-tains, Linyi was home to a major revolutionary base during China’s struggle for liberation in the 1930s and 40s.

The Young Mothers helped nurture the Yiyang Spirit, which embodies the perseverance and resilience of the Chinese people in the face of hardship.”

One of the mothers, Wang Siyan, was born in 1890. She joined the CPC in 1938, and founded a war-time nursery for soldiers’ chil-dren in 1949, when the CPC-led Eighth Route Army worked in her hometown, using it as a revolu-tionary base to ease the imminent invasion.

She felt sorry for the children brought to the nursery by their parents and the conflict.

Yu Jizhen said, “As a way to help, Wang encouraged villagers to take care of the orphans.

Wang asked her daughter to look after her own house and children of soldiers who sacrificed their lives. There was not enough milk for a number of children, and Wang’s grandchildren had to be fed cow’s milk. During wartime, the nursery was home to more than 80 children, with the youngest 3 days old and the oldest around 16, or count-ry government data shows.

Yu’s stories moved several stu-dents to tears.

“When my father was just 13 months old, my grandfather returned home and named him Guanqin, which literally means ‘healthy’.”

Yu said, “When I became a teenager, I was asked to stay in the nursery and experience the Yiyang Spirit.”

Wang said, “I have been touched by the heroic stories. I hope our young children will hear about the Young Mothers, and feel honored to do something for the villagers and help them live a better life.”

Numerous battles

CPC member Yu Yang and one of his two brothers joined the Red Army in Shandong province, after the local Party organization was formed in 1928. After surviving many battles, he named his three grandchildren Aiguo, Aimin and Aiwei, which translates as “loving the country,” “loving the army” and “loving the people.”

One of the grandchildren, Ren Aiguo, is an arm’s pathfinder who moved to Yixingdian, Ningxia Hui autonomous region, in the late 1980s, said, “Our grandfather gave instructions for our names, which symbolize family belief.”

Ren Aiguo lived in Yixingdian when he was11, one of his teachers gave him about 1,000 yuan. “I spent 100 yuan on buying a watch, which I used to sell. Initially, I earned less than 10 yuan a day, and my pocket money was 10 yuan per day,” he said.

Before fighting in the 1940s, a neighborhood in the community returned to a business trip with several boxes of poppy seeds and manure, and gave them to Ren Aimin to sell.

“I had never seen such fruit before, and wondered if I could make a profit, but I luckily earned more than 400 yuan,” said Ren Aimin.

He then borrowed from friends to set up fruit import business — first in Xinjiang, and later in Guangdong, Guangxi. In just a few years, Ren Aimin became a successful businessman.

In 2007, he established his own wholesale and retail fruit business in Yinchuan, which sales revenue of more than 160 million yuan in first year.

The following year, Ren Aimin invested 30 million yuan on build- ing a modernized agricultural industrial park, helping young farmers learn new technologies and business strategies.

He then founded a specialized fruit plantation cooperative, attracting members from 232 households.

Ren Aimin, who started work as a laborer’s apprentice, later became the owner of a major clothing brand in Ningxia and elsewhere.

During the national poverty alleviation campaign, his clothing plant lifted more than 300 people out of poverty, while Ren Aimin’s fruit business has helped over 4,000 rural households achieve prosperity.

Ren Aimin took his daughter Rannan, who translates as “grand-nephew,” and he often used to describe the run-in.

“On the past century, a family has taken part in the revolution, witnessed the country’s rapid development, and subsequently benefited greatly from develop- ment. Our destiny is always strongly connected to that of the nation,” he said.

Zhong Runyan, a local, contributed to this story.

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Mongolia sees more gains in ties with China

Minister calls for joint efforts in tackling common challenges including dissatisfaction

**By MAO JINGXU and XU WEI**

Mongolia expects to achieve more results by boosting bilateral coordination with China in environs of security, trade and tourism, especially in border areas, a senior Mongolian official said.

Baruünbat-Ulzii, Mongolia’s minister of environment and tourism, told China Daily during a recent interview that it is necessary for Mongolia and China to step up efforts in helping the Great Gobi Desert as both countries have been experiencing frequent sandstorms in recent years.

"The living space on the same planet and the yellow and does not know borders. That’s why we need to build a community with a shared interest to jointly tackle common challenges such as desertification," Baruünbat-Ulzii said.

The minister added that the Belt and Road Initiative is also looking for Chinese investment in the mining sector with China's Belt and mining sectors, he said.

China has been Mongolia's largest trading partner and investor for decades. The value of China's trade with Mongolia was $3.73 billion in the first two months of this year, with a year-on-year increase of 24 percent, according to the country's statistics. 

Mongolia has decided to export 1.2 million tons of "bears to visit Mongolia" and the country aims to export 30 million tons of coal by 2024, according to reports.

The minister said that China and Mongolia will take necessary steps to further the economic cooperation and protecting the two countries' environment.

Baruünbat-Ulzii is a member of the delegation of President L via National Development and Reform Commission (NDRC), a Chinese government brainstorming group that advises the government on economic policies. 

The Mongolian government and the Chinese government are working on a draft law on co-ordinating protection and management of ecosystems and biodiversity between the two countries, he added.

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**Law: Reflects China's policy for world peace**

From page 1

The law also expands on China's major principles, policy goals and institutional frameworks for foreign affairs. It lists several new political and institutional innovations in China building a new type of great power relations with other developing countries.

The lawmakers believe that China is committed to creating a community with a shared future for mankind, promoting the building of a new type of international relationship and upholding common values for all countries.

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Cloud seeding saves rain in Gansu

By LI JIANBANG

In Gansu Province, China, a new technology has boosted water resources and the living conditions in the Qilian Mountains, Gansu province, according to the Chinese Meteorological Administration.

Gansu provincial meteorological department cloud seeding operations in the Qilian Mountains have produced an additional 700 million cubic meters of precipitation on average each year over the past five years.

Satellite remote-sensing data indicate an overall improvement in vegetation in the Qilian Mountains since 2010.

"As long as there is a demand for water, we must continue to invest in weather modification techniques," said Qiu Li, deputy director of the CMWR according to the weather modification technique.

He said that drought and lack of water resources have become increasingly common due to climate change. Many cities are facing a shortage of water resources and distribution companies across different areas are becoming more obvious.

In 2018, the Gansu Meteorological Service began regular cloud seeding in the northern section of the Qilian Mountains, which reduces about 70 million to 100 million liters of water per year. So far, the cloud seeding project has been extended to eight months each year with the administration's approval.

"As a result, the Gansu meteorological service offers a unique advantage for cloud-seeding operations due to simple cloud cover. Weather modification has proved to be an effective means of increasing the region's water resources and alleviating water scarcity," said Qiu.

"There must be clouds and a weaker system of precipitation for it to increase in size. Otherwise, we might as well not expect any rain. There are consistent benefits in terms of water resources," said Qiu.

Living Buddhas must be approved, expert says

By Chen Weiming

The Chinese statistical yearbook has released the official number of registered living Buddhas in the country, the first time such data has been released on a national scale.

The yearbook also provides detailed information on the number of registered living Buddhas in each province, as well as the distribution of living Buddhas by age and gender.

The data reveals that the number of registered living Buddhas has increased significantly over the past decade, with the most significant increases in provinces with large Buddhist populations, such as Sichuan and Tibet.

The yearbook also notes that there has been a trend towards younger age groups joining the ranks of living Buddhas, with many younger individuals choosing to become living Buddhas in order to follow in the footsteps of their parents or to pursue a spiritual path.

"We are pleased to see such positive developments," said a spokesperson for the Chinese Buddhist Association.

"These trends indicate a growing interest in Buddhism and a desire for spiritual fulfillment among the younger generation. We hope to continue to support and encourage these initiatives.

"We also encourage living Buddhas to continue to be active in their communities and to contribute to the welfare of the public."
China needs to steadily advance structural reforms to propel high-quality growth instead of simply relying on mass-expenditure measures, and the focus should be placed on reducing digital and green development, and speakers at the plenary session of the China New Economy, also known as Tianjin Forum, in Tianjin on Wednesday agreed.

Zhou Min, vice-chairman of the China Center for International Economic Exchange, said in a forum on Thursday that the rebound of consumption and the property sector will only point to a major structural change that must be overcome.

Meanwhile, Zhao said he believes that the real issues will not develop into systemic risks, saying that the property sector will go through long-term structural changes.

Facing pressure from a sluggish global economy and rising consumer issues, he said the key lie in how China deals with these issues, saying that foreign trade may not just grow in size and quantity but also quality.

Looking forward to the full year, Zhao said policies will be more streamlined to support overall consumption. More efforts should be made to cut taxes and uncertainties.

Relatively, China’s economy grows faster than the GDP this year, continues to improve social safety nets in terms of pensions and...
Online festival brings African products to China

By ZHENGYI WANG in Beijing, and BING WANG and ZHOU YU in Shanghai

A few clicks of the mouse are expected to work wonders for millions of Chinese customers. "Everyone shops online," says Chao, "It is easy and convenient to get what you want." 

They can have easy and quick access to white wine from South Africa, onion Basics from Ethiopia, and African drum from Guinea. 

Five-eleven African products are being sold through an Alibaba online platform during the 2021 Online Shopping Festival. This is one of the most popular online shopping events during which Chinese consumers are expected to spend over 1 billion yuan (about 150 million dollars) on African products. 

The festival is co-organized by the African Union Commission and the Chinese Ministry of Commerce. 

The festival started on June 10 in China and will last until June 18. 

The festival aims to promote African products and culture, and to help African countries develop and benefit from e-commerce platforms.

The festival features hundreds of African products, including food, clothing, home utensils, and crafts. 

The festival also includes a series of online events, such as webinars, panel discussions, and live broadcasts. 

The festival is expected to boost trade between China and Africa, and to promote mutual understanding and respect between the two peoples.

On June 11, the festival opened with a ceremony in Beijing, attended by representatives from African countries and Chinese businesses. 

"The festival is a great opportunity to showcase African products and culture to the Chinese people," said Zhao, an African studies expert.

The festival is also expected to help African countries diversify their economies and reduce their dependence on traditional exports.

"This is a great chance for African countries to explore new markets and to expand their trade with China," said Li, a trade analyst.

The festival is also expected to promote cultural exchange and mutual understanding between the two peoples.

The festival is expected to bring benefits to both Chinese and African consumers.

"This is a great opportunity for African products to reach a wider audience in China," said Wang, an African studies expert.

"The festival is also expected to promote cultural exchange and mutual understanding between the two peoples," said Li, a trade analyst.

Accounting body working to further tap Belt Road

By ZHOU LANJU

The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (ACC) is actively working to strengthen its presence in the Belt and Road Initiative countries. This is significant for the accounting profession.

"Professional accountants with their technical skills, business acumen and reputations will play an increasingly important role in the Belt and Road Initiative," said ACCA, a London-based professional accounting body.

There will be significant need for not just compliance work, but advisory and consulting work, as well. To meet and satisfy clients' needs, ACCA said, professional accountants in the region would need to strengthen their feasibility assessments, risk management and investors protections related to BRI infrastructure projects.

"By taking an active part in BRI projects, professional accountants will help the project stakeholders, both public and private, to better understand the economic, social and environmental impact of BRI projects," said ACCA.

Sanya tourism poised for surge in young visitors

By YU Lian in Beijing

An expected surge in young visitors may help the tourism industry in Sanya, a prominent resort city in southern China, according to experts. 

"Young visitors are likely to make up a significant portion of the tourists visiting Sanya in the coming months," said Liu, a tourism expert. 

"The occupancy rate for hotels in Sanya exceeded 90 percent last July, but this year the hotel reservation rates have dropped to around 60 percent," said Liu. 

"We checked with hotels recently and they have already booked out over 70 percent. The peak period of the holiday season is usually after mid-July, so this year’s peak summer season may be postponed," said Liu.

July and August, Sanya is a particularly high-traffic season for domestic tourism, accounting for over 60 percent of the overall tourists, he added.

"Shanghai native Lei recommends the city to her friends as the source of tourist arrivals to Shenzhen from flights on April 15 to May, with an average monthly number of visitors," said Lei, who was in Sanya last month. 

"I told my friends that the city is booming. They are all interested in your city," said Lei. 

"The city has also made an effort to attract visitors during the three-month period. "The city is also expected to attract more young visitors during the upcoming summer season," said Lei.

"Travelers may also be more likely to visit the city during the upcoming summer season," said Lei. 

"The number of passengers aged 18 to 25 who arrived at the Sanya airport increased by 25 percent in the same period last year," said Lei. 

"Sanya seems to be recovering from the COVID-19 pandemic," said Lei.

"Travelers may also be more likely to visit the city during the upcoming summer season," said Lei.

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"Sanya seems to be recovering from the COVID-19 pandemic," said Lei.

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Another delta first

By MILO CHENG

The inaugural flight of China Southern Airlines' A320neo from Tianjin to Cebu will be the first direct flight between the two cities, according to the airline.

The flight is scheduled to operate on Thursdays and Sundays, departing Tianjin at 12:20 PM and arriving in Cebu at 4:50 PM, with a flight time of 6 hours and 30 minutes.

"This is an important milestone for the tourism industry in both regions," said the airline in a statement.

"We are confident that this new route will bring more tourists to both Tianjin and Cebu," said the airline.

The flight is the first direct service between the two cities, which will help to boost tourism and economic ties between China and the Philippines.

"This is a significant development for the tourism industry in both regions," said the airline.

"We are committed to providing excellent service and connecting more destinations," said the airline.

"We are confident that this new route will bring more tourists to both Tianjin and Cebu," said the airline.
Going for gold in the long run

Kenyan runner attends training sessions to make preparations for Chengdu Universiade

Within average altitude of 2,400 meters, Ten-shan in the west of Chengdu, is an ideal location for training in long-distance running. It is the cradle of many world-class middle- and long-distance runners. In Ten-shan, athletes from different parts train together and inspire each other with their performances.

Kimtai Chege, 25, a student athlete from Kisii University is training in Ten-shan. He was born in Kitale, a small town in the north-west of Kenya, where he had his first training in running. His idol, Eliud Kipchoge, inspired him to train hard day in and day out. His ambition is to win a world title in long-distance running, which is a dream that many Kenyan athletes share.

"Racing in China will be a special experience and I've learned that China is a country with a rich history. Hopefully, I'll get a chance to explore it," said Kimtai Chege.

Following the upcoming Chengdu Universiade, he plans to attend the 10,000 meter event.

"I'll compete in the 10,000 meters and half marathon for the upcoming Universiade. I hope to win a medal for Kenya," he said.

"Racing in China will be a special experience and I've learned that China is a country with a rich history. Hopefully, I'll get a chance to explore it," he said.

Sources: Xinhua
From left: A service personnel celebrates his 50th birthday in July 2022 at ChinaExpo in Moscow, as seen in photos. Newer crown-jewel rail links were being built in Khornobryzky Bridge connecting China and Russia on the Chinese side, Tangshang, and departing trains on Aug 7, 2022, as seen in photos (CNX). A copy track-train arrived at the Shanghai Expo 2022 exhibition at the Kunming Expo 2022 exhibition on the measuring tool. "Belt and Road" is underway to strengthen the cooperation and development between China and Russia. "Belt and Road" is in full swing and has been a symbol of China's foreign policy. It is a "Belt and Road" that is about peace, development, cooperation and sharing. It is a "Belt and Road" that has been widely welcomed by all countries along the route.

BELT AND ROAD SPURS HIGH-LEVEL COOPERATION

Beijing, Moscow work together to create better future and share dividends of development

By BELT AND ROAD

Russia's President Vladimir Putin and Russian Deputy Prime Minister Tatyana Gorbaneva have agreed to establish a joint working group to draw up plans for cooperation on the "Belt and Road" Initiative. Putin said the bilateral cooperation with China is "an example of constructive cooperation" that sets a high standard for international relations.

On Nov 21, 2022, Russian President Vladimir Putin and his Chinese counterpart Xi Jinping held a telephone conversation to discuss Russia-China relations and cooperation projects. Putin said the bilateral cooperation is "an example of constructive cooperation" that sets a high standard for international relations.

The "Belt and Road" Initiative has been widely welcomed by all countries along the route. Its progress and development have been noted with interest by the global community.

China and Russia are home to the world's fastest-developing economies, and their cooperation has been particularly significant. The two nations have a long history of cooperation, and the "Belt and Road" Initiative is a natural extension of that cooperation.

In recent years, China and Russia have made significant progress in their bilateral cooperation. The two nations have signed a number of important cooperation agreements, and their economic relations have been strengthened. The "Belt and Road" Initiative has been a major driver of this cooperation, and it has helped to create new opportunities for both China and Russia.

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Israelände obstacle to peace in Palestine

Test of wills

By JAEYOUNG JEONG

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Israel and Palestine have been at war for over 70 years, with no end in sight. The conflict is not just about territory, but also about the right to exist and the right to live in peace. The two nations share the same land, but their visions of the future are vastly different.

A ceasefire agreement was signed in 1995, but it has not brought lasting peace. The 2008-2009 war and the 2012 war both ended without a resolution. The latest round of violence began in May 2021, with the Israeli military launching an offensive in the Gaza Strip.

The United Nations has called for an immediate end to the violence and urged both sides to engage in meaningful talks. But the talks have been repeatedly delayed due to the deadlock.

The absence of a political solution to the conflict has led to a humanitarian crisis, with thousands of people displaced and injured. The situation is made worse by the lack of international support, as many countries are reluctant to engage in the conflict.

The Israeli-Palestinian conflict is a complex and intractable issue. It requires a creative and comprehensive approach that takes into account the needs and aspirations of both sides. A two-state solution is the only realistic option for a lasting peace.

Malaysia govt faces test as it calls for elections

By PRIMUS MAHOMET

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Malaysia’s Prime Minister Anwar Ibrahim will face a confidence vote on Wednesday as the country is on the brink of a general election, with the government calling for snap polls.

Anwar and his allies have been increasing their efforts to secure a majority in parliament, with the opposition leader calling for a vote of no confidence against the government.

The opposition has accused the government of corruption and inefficiency, with an increasing number of MPs switching their allegiance to the opposition. The government has also been criticized for its handling of the pandemic and the economy.

Anwar has been a vocal critic of the government, calling for a return to democracy and a fairer distribution of wealth. His calls have been met with strong resistance from the ruling coalition, which has been in power since 1951.

The general election is expected to be a key test for Anwar’s ability to form a government and bring about political change in the country. The stakes are high, with the future of democracy and the well-being of the Malaysian people at stake.
Last chance to stay Tokyo’s hand opening the tap

It is now clear that Japan has never hesitated in its commitment to the Paris Agreement. The country was one of the first to acknowledge the necessity of reducing emissions and is working towards meeting its targets on time. The government has made the nuclear-contaminated water at Fukushima Nuclear Power Plant a focal point of its energy policy, with robust plans to dispose of it. However, this decision has faced criticism from various stakeholders, including the international community and local residents. Japan has also been proactive in promoting clean technologies and renewable energy sources, contributing to global efforts to combat climate change.

Sino-US science deal renews a stabilizing move

This is an article about the normalization of Sino-US relations. It discusses the recent agreement between China and the US, emphasizing the importance of maintaining stability in the region. The article highlights the significance of this agreement in addressing various issues, including economic cooperation, cultural exchange, and environmental protection. The focus is on the benefits and potential challenges of this renewed cooperation, with an emphasis on the role of science and technology in fostering mutual understanding and collaboration.

New law provides an unequivocally clear picture of China’s independent foreign policy of peace

This article highlights the significance of a new law that provides a clear statement of China’s independent foreign policy of peace. It discusses how this law offers a strong foundation for maintaining diplomatic relations and ensuring peace. The article underscores China’s commitment to non-aggression, mutual respect, and equitable international relations. It emphasizes the importance of this law in guiding China’s foreign policy and fostering a stable international environment.

Outsourcing makes no use for mouse-head food

Outsourcing is a practice where companies outsource their work to other companies or countries. This article discusses the outsourcing of work to China, which is a leading destination for outsourcing services. It highlights the benefits and challenges of outsourcing, including cost savings, increased efficiency, and access to a larger pool of skilled labor. The article also mentions the potential risks, such as quality control issues and dependency on foreign companies. It concludes by emphasizing the importance of careful planning and management to ensure successful outsourcing.

What They Say

This section contains quotes from various sources discussing the topics covered in the article. It includes interviews with experts, industry leaders, and policymakers, providing diverse perspectives on the issues. The quotes are arranged in a clear and organized manner, making it easy for readers to understand the different viewpoints and insights.

China Daily Worldwide
The European Union is failing to live up to its promise of a “new” Europe. For decades, it has promised to avert a return to Cold War thinking, to promote peace and prosperity, to lead the world away from conflict and towards cooperation, to develop policies that will reduce global inequalities, and to forge a new, more collaborative approach to global challenges. Yet, despite the many initiatives launched over the past 10 years, the EU has failed to make real progress in these areas. In fact, it has shown a disturbing willingness to engage in protectionist policies and to pursue its own narrow interests, at the expense of broader regional and global goals. This has put the EU’s reputation at risk, and has damaged its standing as a leader on the global stage.
ZHUO FENG and WANG XUE
A new troublemaker

AUKUS is another move by the US to undermine cooperation and multilateralism in Southeast Asia

China should also call for AUKUS to increase transparency in its marine defense cooperation, and maintain close contact with international organizations such as the International Atomic Energy Agency and the National Nuclear Security Administration to ensure its transparency and accountability.

The Comprehensive Agreement on Investment between China and the EU on a country-by-country basis may help realize its full implementation.

We believe that once both sides adopt a constructive interaction, the Comprehensive Agreement on Investment will become a significant driving force for economic and trade cooperation between China and the EU in a unique way.

The Comprehensive Agreement on Investment between China and the EU represents an institutional choice aimed at removing trade barriers, reducing transaction costs and minimizing uncertainties. It is encouraging to note that the agreement has maintained a high level of respect for the rules and principles underlying the investment agreement between China and the European Union, and the inclusion of a rigorous dispute resolution mechanism.

We should appreciate the opportunity that the CAI brings to China and the EU, and we should strive to implement the agreement in a spirit of mutual benefit.

The agreement reflects the Chinese government's commitment to high-level opening-up and the Belt and Road Initiative, and it can also help China and the EU maintain and deepen their economic cooperation.

However, we must also recognize that the implementation of the CAI is challenging. The agreement involves complex issues such as investment protection, regulatory cooperation, dispute settlement, and investor-State arbitration, and it requires China and the EU to work closely together to ensure its effective implementation.

While the CAI is a step forward for China's openness, it may also bring challenges. It is important for China to proactively engage in the CAI process and work with the EU to address any concerns and resolve any disputes that may arise.

It is crucial for China and the EU to continue to strengthen their economic cooperation and investment relations, and to foster a conducive international environment for trade and investment cooperation.

As China and the EU move closer to implementing the CAI, it is important for the two sides to maintain a positive and constructive approach and to continue to explore ways to deepen their economic cooperation and investment relations.
Snapshots of Western art's evolution

A Pudong museum hosts exclusive showcase of famous works from a leading European institution, Zhang Kun reports.

The opening of the Shanghai Museum of Art showcases the second event since the Museum of Art Pudong's exhibition spaces opened just under a year ago. The Shanghai Museum of Art marks the bicentenary of the day in 1822, when UK artist Sir Robert Smith Knevet Yeo, the first British diplomat in China, gifted the first collection of British art to the Chinese imperial court, a gift that heralded 200 years of cultural exchanges, as painting and sculpture, and a legacy that continues to the present day.

The permanent exhibition at the museum is curated by US art historian Robert Fields, professor emeritus of art history at the University of Chicago. Fields, who is a prolific writer and educator, is known for his wide-ranging research on artists and movements from the Renaissance to the 20th century. His exhibition, "The Art of the British Library," explores the history of British art through the lens of the Library's collection, which includes over 150 million items. Fields is particularly interested in the relationship between art and literature, and he has spent many years researching the Library's vast collection of manuscripts, prints, and other visual art.

The exhibition is divided into five sections, each highlighting a different aspect of British art and literature. The first section, "The Birth of British Art," focuses on the development of British art from the 14th to the 17th century, including works by iconic artists such as John Constable, J.M.W. Turner, and William Blake.

The second section, "The Age of Reason," explores the Enlightenment and its impact on art and literature, featuring works by artists such as Sir Joshua Reynolds and William Hogarth. The third section, "The Romantic Era," delves into the Romantic movement and its influence on art, literature, and society, featuring works by artists such as JMW Turner and William Blake.

The fourth section, "The Victorian Era," examines the Victorian era and its impact on art and literature, featuring works by artists such as Samuel Palmer and John Everett Millais. The fifth and final section, "The Modern Age," explores the development of modern art and literature, featuring works by artists such as Vasily Kandinsky and Pablo Picasso.

"The Art of the British Library" is a comprehensive exhibition that provides a unique perspective on the history of British art and literature. It is a must-see for anyone interested in the history of art and literature, and it is a testament to the rich collection of the British Library.
Musicians turn in to solace
They inspire with songs that help them overcome challenges. "Xing Wen" reports.

Top: Tang Cong (right), collaborator with singer Rapper Rite, is performing a live music show in Luoyang, Henan province.

Ancient city uses innovation to attract new visitors

ZHENGZHOU – Luoyang, an ancient capital city in Henan province, has a significant name and is the cradle of Chinese civilization. Over the 4,000 years of national history, the city served as the capital of 13 dynasties.

Luoyang is home to five capital cities, six UNESCO World Heritage sites, 144 national cultural relics, and 9,000 pieces of imperial treasures on display in museums.

While stressing the preservation of historical relics with talented museums, Luoyang has, in recent years, explored innovative digital expression and information technology into historical and cultural museums. It has launched a campaign of digitizing the transformation of its historical and cultural heritage.

The Luoyang City Museum, a large and historic building, has been the museum of Chinese culture since ancient times. It has 60,000 square meters of exhibition space, featuring over 100,000 relics and 6,000 years of Chinese history.

The museum has added digital applications to display historical relics, such as AR and VR technology, to increase immersive and interactive experiences for visitors.

In 2021, the Luoyang Museum launched the first digital exhibition of its kind in China, "Luoyang: An Ancient Capital City," which was attended by over 200,000 visitors.

"The museum has been digitized to make it more accessible to visitors," says Ma Yan, the director of the museum.

The museum has implemented digital transformation to enhance the visitors' experience, Ma says.

"The digital transformation has improved the visitors' experience by providing them with a better understanding of the historical and cultural heritage of Luoyang," Ma says.
**SPORTS**

**China’s aces braced for Wimbledon test**

Grass courts at SW19 again look set to pose major challenge to Chinese contingent despite notable breakthroughs this year

By XUNCXIAOXIEN

Despite a highly encouraging 2022 for the ATP and WTA circuits for Chinese players, recent setbacks on grass are keeping their expectations to check Wimbledon, which begins on Monday.

Tennis is to temper and adapt as quickly as possible, Chinese players still are caught up in professional tennis’ abrupt transition from clay to grass, with a string of early losses in Wimbledon warm-up tournaments undermining their latest run of success on the tour.

As China’s next-gen louds, the New Day of Wu Yibing and Zhang Zhizhen, deemed stamped to back-to-back opening round losses, their misfortunes and their Japan and then at Eastbourne, England on Monday, to keep their Wimbledon hopes looking feeble.

Also on Monday, hoping for strong performances in their first-round qualifications, coming three Chinese players to make main-drawimest at the The

The increasing number of Chinese players on the ATP and WTA circuits has mixed expectations that the country could add its second Grand Slam titles won by Li Xi, who retired in 2023.

However, there remains a significant challenge to China’s current crop of players and the world’s best — especially all-court adaptability and consistence on different surfaces.

“The game on grass demands a player’s movement. You have to play more aggressively and aggressively, but you have to have a strong serving to play good. I have a lot of new things to do, that I need to work on in the first two weeks,” said Li Na, who retired in 2013.

While Li Na’s performance in China’s first Grand Slam singles final at Wimbledon, the 2014 semifinal victory over Alcaraz, provided Chinese players with a glimpse of what they can achieve on the grass court, their progress on grass has been inconsistent and inconsistent.

**Fanciful:** Zhang Zhizhen, Wu Yibing, Zhang Chong and Yang Shiyi will be the top stars for China at Wimbledon. All four have already obtained the rankings this year. But the challenge of adapting to grass could stall that momentum at the All England Club.

**Top seeds go to Alcaraz, Swiatek**

Carlos Alcaraz and Iga Swiatek are the top seeds and favorites of Wimbledon, as expected, because the All England Club adhered to the ATP’s ranking.

Alcaraz overcame Djokovic in the men’s singles final on Monday. Swiatek has held onto her dominant position in the women’s singles, reaching 37 straight matches, including a 10-2 win over Alcaraz in the semifinals, and a victory over Alison Riske in the final.

**Swiatek’s surface tension could open doors to rivals**

Iga Swiatek is coming off her third title in the past four years on the Pricer’s Open’s red clay. Last September, she won a championship on the US Open’s hard courts for the first time. That’s also the surface used at the Australian Open, which she’s never been to the semifinals.

And what about grass on courts? Wimbledon, which begins Monday, has been her worst succès court Grand Slam tournament so far. Swiatek is just 1-3 in the All England Club compared to her 9-16 mark at Roland Garros, for example — and those three losses came in the first, third and fourth rounds.

Swiatek, who has been ranked No. 1 since April 2022, offered a lot of insight on how she views her game on grass when she was asked in Par

Swiatek’s path was strewn with seeds, but she is the one to beat in the US Open and in the Australian Open.

And though she was able to win her first title on grass, she still has yet to win a Grand Slam title on grass.

**Those who are to be, or any other women who have already shown they can do well on grass and at Wimbledon.**

Players such as 2010 champion Mar

**Mladenovic in the mix at the All England Club**

Mladenovic in the mix at the All England Club for the first time in her career. She is the French representative in the women’s singles draw and has made the rounds on her way to the semifinals.

**Swiatek’s surface tension could open doors to rivals**

Swiatek’s path was strewn with seeds, but she is the one to beat in the US Open and in the Australian Open.

And though she was able to win her first title on grass, she still has yet to win a Grand Slam title on grass.