China unveils steps to boost private sector

By CHEUNG YU

The past few years have seen a strong push from the Chinese government to encourage private sector growth. The recent measures aim to further stimulate this trend, with a focus on creating a more favorable business environment.

Impact of flooding

The recent flooding in several regions of China has highlighted the need for better infrastructure and disaster management strategies. The government is working on improving infrastructure in flood-prone areas to prevent future disasters.

China calls for advancing ironclad ties with Pakistan

By XU WEI

The Chinese government has called for a broadening of its relations with Pakistan, aiming to strengthen economic and security cooperation.

President Xi Jinping has noted the importance of furthering cooperation with Pakistan, particularly in the areas of security and economic development. The two countries have a long history of friendship and cooperation, with Pakistan being a key partner in China's Belt and Road Initiative.

The measures include increased investment in infrastructure, trade, and other areas, as well as a focus on joint projects in fields such as energy, transportation, and telecommunications.

The move is seen as a sign of the ongoing efforts to strengthen China's ties with Pakistan, which has been a key partner in the Belt and Road Initiative.

The measures are expected to boost economic growth and create jobs in both countries, while also enhancing security cooperation.

The Chinese government has also expressed support for Pakistan's efforts to fight terrorism and secure its borders. This is seen as a way to strengthen security cooperation and prevent the spread of extremist ideologies.

The measures are expected to be a boon for both countries, as they seek to further strengthen their partnership.

The Chinese government has also called for a comprehensive approach to the issue of terrorism, emphasizing the need for international cooperation and a focus on preventing the spread of extremist ideologies.

The measures are expected to be a significant step forward in the strengthening of China's ties with Pakistan, and a way to further enhance security cooperation in the region.

The Chinese government has also expressed support for Pakistan's efforts to fight terrorism and secure its borders. This is seen as a way to strengthen security cooperation and prevent the spread of extremist ideologies.
The bridge room and many of the guests at the wedding are street dancers, including Bahtiyar Yusuford. He was inspired by the improvised performances to choreograph an original dance piece titled "Flapping and New Face." He worked on this as a street dance performance on July 21 during the 6th China Xinjiang International Folk Dance Festival, which was scheduled to end in Urumqi on Saturday.

Adequate form, street dancers ranging in age from 18 to 28 from the street dance studio in Xinjiang, a solo and special group, where Bahtiyar Yusuford works.

The choreography from the audience thanks to its creative choreography, which reset street dance moves with traditional Xinjiang ethnic dance steps. Traditional played instruments such as the dama, sanxian and qilin were used for the system.

The performance also featured competitions that attracted nearly 300 dancers from ethnic groups, including the Han, Hui, Tulki, Uygur and Dong. A Flapping and New Face won the "Best Dance Piece" award. "I felt excited, which was the best wedding party, just a few days before the competition," said Adequate. "I wanted to show the contemporary lives of young people in Xinjiang," Bahtiyar Yusuford said. Adequate is not to mention art and cultural elements from the region, such as folk music and musical instruments.

"Traditional music and dance are in our blood because we grew up with them. They are essential parts of our daily life, but we are open to contemporary culture, so street dance really helps diversify our artistic creation," he added.

The 6th China Xinjiang International Folk Dance Festival featured 60 dance performances with about 40 performers, including baladi, folk dance, dance games and dance dramas.

The theme of the festival, which was held from July 19 to 21, was "Dancing Treasures" and "Heritage for the Future," signifying the beauty of the dance, which has a witnessed the modernization and urbanization of Xinjiang from a small town at the back to a major city along the Silk Road.

Street dancer, or hip-hop dance, originated in the United States in the late 1970s, featured at the festival for the first time. "From the variety of moves, including breaking, locking and pop," Feng Shangjiao, president of the Xinjiang Dancers Association, said. "A vibrant and fast-developing folk dance is developing in China. Xinjiang is no exception, and its street dance is a way thanks to its diverse culture, which was specifically created for the festival for the first time.

Three contemporary art forms, street dancing uses art as a platform for arts to be heard. With their creative choreography and improvisations such as folk dance and music, street dancers in Xinjiang are pushing the art form to new levels and areas.

Popularity stories
Xia Hui, deputy director and secretary of the China Hip-Hop Dance Committee, told Xinjiang Daily, "There has been vibrant the rise of creative dance forms in Xinjiang over the past decades, which was a very proud about.

In recent years, street dance has enjoyed widespread popularity among young Chinese, Xia added.

The art form has taken root in China for a number of reasons, including internet exposure, high-profile celebrity collaborations and televised competitions. In 2019, organizers of the 2019 Olympic Games in Tokyo proposed adding the hip-hop style of break dancing as an Olympic event. The move was given a final go-ahead at the 2019 Youth Games in Buenos Aires, capital of Argentina, and in 2020, break dancing was approved as a sport for the 2024 Paris Olympics. Numerous street dance competitions have been held in China, bringing talented dancers into the limelight and allowing the art form to be accepted by the mainstream.

The China Hip-Hop Union Committee said more than 6,000 street dancers are registered in the country.

Bahtiyar Yusuford said that in Xinjiang there are at least three registered street dance teachers. Born and raised in Urumqi, he was introduced to the art form by his elder sister. "I loved dancing on the streets. My parents were concerned about me, but I was not interested," Yusu said.

"I was told dancing was a bad form of life," Yusu said. "But I got interested at the Beijing Olympic Games, then I was surprised to be selected to dance on the streets. "They are very popular because it's a way of expressing confidence in ourselves. I am glad that many parents now respect street dance and that they are dance with interactive platform," Xia said.

Street dancer is a competitor to be heard. The "Best Dance Piece" award was announced on July 21, and the second place award was given to "Dancing Treasures" and "Heritage for the Future." Xia said. "In recent years, the annual festival was - I started dancing at the Beijing Olympic Games, then I was surprised to be selected to dance on the streets. I have continued dancing on the streets, as it's a way of expressing confidence in ourselves. I am glad that many parents now respect street dance and that they are dance with interactive platform," Xia said.

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Stilwel fondly remembered as friend of China

Grandson of US general who helped fight Japanese invaders says affection was mutual

By LEI ZHAN and CHANG JUN in Chongqing

A wonderful family man, a four-star US Army general, a great friend of the Chinese people—the late General Joseph Stilwell is the grandson of John Stilwell.

"Modern, courageous, humane, intelligent, tactful, modest," was how Eserson, an 82-year-old friend of Stilwell’s, described him.

Eserson said that Stilwell was a great friend to the Chinese people.

"I think that it was between everything and everyone that laid the foundation of Stilwell’s friendship with the Chinese people," Eserson said during an interview with China Daily at his home in the San Francisco Bay area.

Stilwel served as commander of US forces in China from 1941 to 1943. He is now fondly remembered as a hero who fought side by side with the Chinese people against Japan.

His granddaughter wrote: "The Chinese news is the best exemplifies the greatness of the Chinese people—their indomitable spirit, their unswerving loyalty, their honor and pride, their accomplishment.

"When Stilwell ordered two Chinese divisions in the Northern Burma Campaign in 1942 and 1943 in what is known today as the Myitkyina offensive, he made many changes, providing the soldiers with better food as well as improved medical care and training.

"He personally went down to the front lines to encourage the soldiers, and the soldiers knew that if he had any surprise, he would have told them to defeat the Japanese," said Eserson.

Stilwel won the respect of the Chinese people’s armed forces with his campaign that brought Japan’s occupation of China to an end by 1945.

Stilwel died in San Francisco in 1949 at age 64.

"Serving under the Belt and Road Initiative has prompted pragmatist cooperation between China and Italy and rules the interests of people from both sides, exports and diplomacy, and Italy is especially weighing up whether to continue such cooperation," said a spokesperson from the Italian Chamber of Commerce.

"In 2015, Italy became the first G-7 country to receive a Chinese government’s memorandum, with the promise to cooperate in the Belt and Road, during the ten days of then prime minister Matteo Renzi’s visit to China.

"However, in recent months, some comments have been made in the Italian Prime Minister Giuseppe Conte’s government’s thinking about the Belt and Road Initiative, leading to a question about whether the Italian government will continue to implement it.

"From 2015 to 2021, Italy’s exports to China increased by 43%, according to China’s Ambassador to Italy Zhang Guo. Bilateral trade between China and Italy in 2021 was also healthy.

"Further casting into the potestive of Belt and Road cooperation continues to be the interests of both sides, with the strong support of the Chinese government.

"Wang, a professor at Beijing Normal University, explained that the Belt and Road Initiative is not about controlling other countries, but about cooperation and win-win situations for participating countries.

"The United Nations and other international organizations have also been promoting the Belt and Road Initiative, said Wang.

"Also said that frequent international and economic policies in the world, especially in Italy, are cooperating with China.

"According to China, the Belt and Road Initiative, as a new form of globalization and cooperation, has been developing in recent years.

"In fact, the Belt and Road Initiative has been praised by many countries, which clearly shows the success of this initiative.

"As an example, the Belt and Road Initiative has been a driving force for economic growth in many countries, as it has helped to improve infrastructure, reduce poverty, and increase trade.

"The Belt and Road Initiative has also been praised for its potential to reduce environmental impact, as it focuses on sustainable development and the protection of natural resources.

"In conclusion, the Belt and Road Initiative has been a significant step towards a more peaceful and prosperous world, and it will continue to play an important role in the future development of global cooperation.

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RBI helps to boost Italy’s exports

New market opportunities have been created for both countries.

In April, for example, Volkswagen announced a commitment to invest over 1 billion euros to develop an electric car plant in Italy and establish a new business center in Heraklion.

In addition, in May the German government approved a loan to India’s anti-ballistic missile system. The project will provide 18 German missiles, each with a range of 400 kilometers, to the Indian government for use in its defenses.

"This agreement will allow India to expand its anti-ballistic missile system, which will be a significant step forward in the development of a regional defense network," said Arndt, a spokesperson for the German government.

"Germany’s support for this project is a testament to our commitment to strengthening our military capabilities and ensuring our national security.

"The additional funding will enable the Indian government to acquire the necessary equipment and personnel to operate and maintain this system, which will enhance our ability to defend against potential threats.

"This project also demonstrates the close cooperation between Germany and India in the realm of defense, and it will contribute to our efforts to build a more stable and secure region.

"The project will not only benefit Germany and India, but also the wider region, as it will enhance regional security and stability.

"The agreement also shows Germany’s commitment to upholding international laws and norms, such as the non-proliferation of nuclear weapons.

"The agreement is a clear indication of the importance of maintaining a balance of power and the need for transparency and accountability in international relations.

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Opposition continue amid Tokyo’s moves to dump nuclear- contaminated water

By YAN JINGHAN in Tokyo

Japan’s nuclear disaster is on the minds of the world as the Government of Japan is pushing forward its plan to dump radioactive water into the Pacific Ocean. The move has raised concerns and objections from the international community, with many nations, including China, calling for negotiations to find an alternative solution.

Key Points:
1. The plan to dump radioactive water into the Pacific Ocean has sparked international concern and opposition.
2. China, as well as other nations, has expressed strong reservations against the move.
3. The dump would involve millions of tons of treated radioactive water, raising concerns about its impact on marine life and the environment.
4. The move has led to discussions about the scientific reliability of the dumping plan and the measures to prevent the spread of radioactive materials.

Impact:
- The dumping plan could have long-term effects on the global environment and marine ecosystems.
- It could undermine trust in Japan’s nuclear safety measures and reputation.
- The move could lead to increased regulatory scrutiny and investment risks in the nuclear industry.

Future Actions:
- Japan needs to demonstrate the scientific validity and safety of the dumping plan.
- International negotiations are necessary to find an acceptable solution.
- Japan should engage in transparent and open communication with the affected nations.

Conclusion:
The dumping plan is a complex issue that requires careful consideration. The international community should continue to urge Japan to engage in meaningful dialogue and seek a scientific and transparent solution to this global challenge.

Imbalance in policy-making

For the first time, international coverage has given more attention to the United States in the context of climate change negotiations, with a primary focus on the State Department's stance on the Paris Agreement. This has led to criticism from some countries, especially those with a history of being victims of climate-related disasters.

In addition, the US has been criticized for not doing enough to address climate change, despite being one of the largest emitters of greenhouse gases. The US has also been accused of using its economic power to influence other countries to relax their emission targets.

The US's stance on climate change has been seen as inconsistent with its global leadership role, especially in the context of the 2015 Paris Agreement. The US has also been criticized for not fulfilling its financial commitments to help developing countries mitigate and adapt to climate change.

Despite these criticisms, the US remains an important player in climate change negotiations and is seen as crucial to any progress in tackling this global issue.
Nuclear power to key role in energy strategy

By ZHENG XIN
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The growing capacity of the core countries in China is expected to continue increasing during the 13th Five-Year Plan period, with its share in the country’s energy mix set to bring about the industry analyst announced.

The meeting attended around 30 major private companies in Fujian, Fujian province, which are leaders in the field of nuclear energy and related technologies. The conference was organized in Shanghai by the Ministry of Industry and Information Technology.

The meeting was attended by over 100 government officials, industry leaders, and experts from across the country, including representatives from the Ministry of Energy, the National Development and Reform Commission, and the State Nuclear Power Group.

The participants discussed the latest developments in nuclear power, including the status of ongoing projects, the progress of new technology, and the future prospects for the industry.

One of the main themes of the conference was the role of nuclear power in the country’s energy mix. The participants highlighted the importance of nuclear power in reducing carbon emissions and achieving the country’s goal of net zero emissions by 2060.

Another key topic discussed was the development of advanced nuclear power technologies, such as small modular reactors and advanced pressurized water reactors. The participants underscored the need for continued investment in research and development to improve the safety and efficiency of these technologies.

In addition, the conference also addressed the challenges facing the nuclear power industry, such as the high cost of construction and the public perception of nuclear power.

Overall, the conference provided a comprehensive overview of the current state of the nuclear power industry in China and highlighted the country’s commitment to building a sustainable energy future.
Flexible power sources to gain traction

Storage of new energy to play big role in future system, nation's green transition

By ZHENG XIN
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China’s flexible power sources will play an important role in future new energy systems with various regulatory resources including power generation, storage, and hydrogen power. By 2030, pumped storage hydroelectricity will be the most important power source for adjusting the power balance thanks to its rapid adjustment response. The power storage unit has a relatively lower cost.

According to the National Development and Reform Commission, China currently has sufficient experience and technology for storage projects to help make pumped storage hydroelectric power available by 2030. The country has pumped storage units with a total installed capacity of 3 gigawatts or more, either approved or under construction.

The current pumped storage system will become more flexible by 2030, making it better fit for various power transactions, while new energy storage and hydrogen will also play a major role in future energy systems with higher performance and cost-benefit ratio than conventional power systems.

China can reduce the thermal power installed capacity to less than assumed 10 per cent of the country’s grid in 2025 and complete the program by 2030, according to the National Development and Reform Commission. Once the pumped storage project is completed, China can reduce the thermal power installed capacity to less than 5 per cent of the country’s grid in 2030 and complete the program by 2040.

China’s flexible power sources will play an important role in future new energy systems with various regulatory resources including power generation, storage, and hydrogen power. By 2030, pumped storage hydroelectricity will be the most important power source for adjusting the power balance thanks to its rapid adjustment response. The power storage unit has a relatively lower cost.

It is also not easy for owner Master Ye to care for grapes. He can only wait for the grapes to mature in the sun. But he knows that the grapes will become better and sweeter.

“NANNING — Tucked away in the Longjiang vegetable market in Shanggong, Guangdong province, one might easily miss it if he or she is in a hurry. But the Nanning Guandi Vegetables Wholesale Market, which is a small vegetable market with a history of more than 30 years, is a daily destination for many local residents.

The market, which has been under operation for more than 30 years, has more than 300 stalls, with the fresh produce being the main attraction. It is a popular destination for locals to buy fresh vegetables and other local products.

But the market is also a place where Master Ye can sell his grapes.

Master Ye is always willing to take his orders, and he offers various options to cater to different customers. His grapes are sold fresh, and he also offers them in boxes to customers who want to buy in bulk.

The grapes are grown using organic farming practices, and Master Ye is committed to providing customers with high-quality produce. He takes great care in selecting the best grapes for his customers, and he is confident that they will be satisfied with their purchase.

Master Ye is not the only one who benefits from the market. The market is also a source of income for many local residents.

The market is not only a place where Master Ye can sell his grapes, but it is also a place where local farmers can sell their produce. This helps to support the local economy and provides a livelihood for many residents.

The market is also a place where farmers can connect with customers, allowing them to sell their produce directly to consumers. This helps to support the local economy and provides a livelihood for many residents.

The market is a popular destination for locals to buy fresh vegetables and other local products, and it is also a source of income for many local residents.
Georgian medalists bond like brothers

By WANG XIAOFU in Chengdu

Georgian divers Tornike Onisabashi and Sandu Melikidze came out of the water after their last dive and gave each other a hug. The crowd immediately responded to the scene on Monday.

"The first thing that I said to my partner was, "We made it,"" said Onisabashi, a substitute diver from the Georgian University of Physical Education and Sport participating in the Chengdu FISU World University Games.

At the men’s synchronized 10-meter platform event held on Monday afternoon, the pair tandem scored 413.17 points for six dives, winning a bronze medal. Chinese Shi Tingmao and Lang Mi won gold, and German Niklas Oberheide and Alexander Labke took silver.

"The Chinese team was amazing, and they always got on our backs when we were nervous. And we can’t outdo their height," said Onisabashi.

In synchronized diving, athletes are not only evaluated for their performance of flips and turns, but also the extent to which they dive simultaneously pull movements to the music.

"We decided that for the last dive we would do something new that we’ve never done before," said Melikidze.

For the bronze medalists, some shared their thoughts.

Georgian diver Tornike Onisabashi (right) and Sandu Melikidze in the bronze medalists in the men’s synchronized 10-meter platform event.

PROVIDED

Peppers’ relish working in village

Volunteers serving at games’ accommodations say they have become part of one big, happy family

By CUI RUI in Chengdu

While working to ensure the smooth running of the Chengdu FISU World University Games in Sichuan province, volunteers at the village’s site have found that not all is difficult for people from around the world to get used to and be happy together.

Despite differences in their cultures and backgrounds, about 4,000 student athletes from various nations and more than 6,500 volunteers have all become members of a happy family at the village’s site in Chengdu, said Liao Zifu, a volunteer who serves as an officer of the Nongxianghui district.

"We didn’t expect to be this busy because there are plenty of things to arrange, from the delegation to everything else. Things will run smoothly and the Norwegian athletes are known on competitions," said the Norwegian student from Sichuan Agricultural University.

Liao said that she enjoys meeting more about working at the village’s site is that the athletes and officials are all very kind.

"They have served as a basis that has connected different cultures and ideas together. Also, Atlas helped us see that the world can be a better place when people respect each other," she said. "And they’re always represented my help, which has greatly improved my confidence, so the cooperation of being a volunteer is also valuable for personal growth."

Olof Persson, a student athlete from George, called the village "little green peppers" have been recruited for the Chengdu games from 34 universities, assisting in areas such as language services, competitions and social ceremonies.

The volunteers all want to offer their best service possible because it’s the first time that Chengdu is staging an international major event.

"We want to feel free and feel no pressure, which comes from the bottom of our hearts. Also, we want them to have a good time here in Chengdu and use the city like we do," he said.

He also believes that volunteers can help the athlete better understand Chinese culture, which he finds very important.

"Many athletes have started to learn Chinese from the volunteers. I am sure that they will be able to speak better Chinese when the Chengdu games are over. Furthermore, they can feel the kindness and hospitality of the Chinese people through us. I believe one of the best things about having the event is that we can help young people from all over the world learn more about Chinese and Chinese people," he said.

International students studying in Chengdu are also proud to volunteer at the Chengdu games.

Mikkel Midtibakken, a volunteer at the village’s site from Norway, said she wants to help the athletes get to know Chengdu and take them to her favorite shopping areas and restaurants.

"As an international student, I can explain things about China to those that are easier for them to understand. Also, I have the campus very well," said Midtibakken, who attends Chengdu University.

Nish Adnan, a Pakistani student at the village, and his immediate neighbors began recruiting volunteers.

"Being able to meet university students from around the world is priceless. I’ve had so much fun and have made many friends during the process of helping them," said Midtibakken, another student from Chengdu University.

Mikkel said he is always willing to help people in the village’s site.

"In the traffic light system, please don’t let me fall to the ground because I want to do things for them. We are just ready to do anything to help and provide the best service."

Sofia Bainsrour, head of the Norwegian student community, said that the volunteers are very clear in their role to serve.

"The lovely volunteers are so important. What would we do without them?"

Diving star Zhang soaks up the feel-good factor

By WANG XIAOFU in Chengdu

Zhang Jiaqi won two gold medals and five silvers at the 17th FINA World Championships in Budapest and has moved up to the world’s No. 1 diving ranking.

Zhang Jiaqi (front) and Zhang Minjie interact with the games’ mascot Bingtou before their performances in the women’s synchronised 10-meter platform diving event on Monday.

By WANG XIAOFU in Chengdu

Fifteen-year-old Chinese diver Zhang Jiaqi won two gold medals and five silvers at the 17th FINA World Championships in Budapest and has moved up to the world’s No. 1 diving ranking.

Zhang Jiaqi won the 10-meter platform and 10-meter synchronized event on Monday, extending her lead in the World Cup rankings.

"It was also the first time I competed with only one other nation," said Zhang. "Not having any opponents was easy, and because I am experiencing China, I wanted to do my best in all games."

Zhang left Chengdu on Tuesday for Beijing to prepare for the 19th Asian Games, which are set to open in Hangzhou, Zhejiang province, in September.

"I saw some short videos about the local culture and beautiful scenery of Chengdu. It is a pity that I won’t have the opportunity to wander around the city this time," she said. "I hope I will visit the city again in the future so as to fully absorb the characteristics of Chengdu."
Chinese taekwondo is one of the most popular sports in the country. The traditional Korean martial art combines elements of various Korean and other Asian martial arts, as well as the influence of American and European styles. It is a demonstration sport at the Olympic Games, with women's and men's individual and team events being included.

In the context of the Beijing Olympics, Chinese taekwondo athletes have been preparing for several months to achieve their best performance. The sport is known for its strategic playing style, which requires the athlete to adapt quickly to the opponent's moves and anticipate their next step.

The taekwondo team is one of the strongest in the world, with many athletes holding Olympic and world championship titles. The Chinese team has a strong tradition of respect and discipline, which is reflected in their training and competition. The athletes are known for their physical strength, agility, and technical skills.

The sport of taekwondo is not only about physical prowess, but also about mental toughness and perseverance. The athletes are trained to remain calm and focused even in the face of adversity. The saying "It's not about the taekwondo match, but about the people" is often used to describe the spirit of taekwondo athletes.

In summary, Chinese taekwondo has a rich history and is a sport loved by many in China. The athletes are dedicated to improving their skills and representing their country at the highest level. The sport continues to grow in popularity, and the future looks bright for the Chinese taekwondo team.
A golden opportunity to forge friendships

Beyond competition, games seen as channel through which ties can be developed between athletes.

By BHAGWATI DHILLON in Chengdu

China's new breath-taking city, Qiong Hai, a former salt lake, is now a stunning natural wonder. Its blue waters and golden sands are a testament to the country's natural beauty and cultural heritage.

In 2023, Chengdu hosted the 11th Youth Olympic Games, which brought together athletes from around the world. The city's vibrant atmosphere and cultural richness made it a perfect host for this international event.

Chengdu's rich cultural tapestry

Chengdu, China's capital city, is renowned for its historical significance and cultural diversity. Its rich heritage includes ancient ruins, temples, and cultural landmarks, making it a popular destination for tourists and culture enthusiasts alike.

One of the most famous landmarks in Chengdu is the Panda Base, where visitors can observe these adorable animals up close. The city is also home to the Chengdu Research Base of Giant Panda Breeding, which has played a crucial role in the conservation of the giant panda.

Superstar show

Host with the most gaining global recognition

By BHAGWATI DHILLON in Chengdu

Chengdu, China's provincial capital, is set to become a major hub for hosting sports events. The city has already hosted several international events, including the 2023 World University Games and the 2024 Olympic Games.

Chengdu's rich cultural tapestry

Chengdu is known for its vibrant cultural scene, which includes traditional music, dance, and theater. The city is also famous for its delicious cuisine, which ranges from spicy Sichuan dishes to sweet and savory snacks.

Exploring Chengdu's rich cultural tapestry

By BHAGWATI DHILLON in Chengdu

Chengdu is a city of contrasts, blending modernity with traditional values. The city's rich cultural heritage is evident in its historical landmarks, such as the Jinsha Site Museum, the Chengdu Museum, and the Wuhou Temple.

Chengdu is also known for its festivals and cultural events, which showcase the city's diversity and creativity. The city's rich cultural heritage is evident in its historical landmarks, such as the Jinsha Site Museum, the Chengdu Museum, and the Wuhou Temple.

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Editorials

UN Resolution 2758 clarifies and unambiguously on Taiwan's status as inalienable part of China

The one-China principle is the foundation for foreign countries' relations with China. The United States, including the United States, has established diplomatic relations with the People's Republic of China based on this principle. Under this principle, their relations with the People's Republic of China is non-governmental.

Although the US government has repeatedly denounced that China have the right to self-determination is a "one-China" policy that is more ambiguous, the US government has generallyAround the world one thing clear is that China is the world's largest emerging country and has a huge population, which is 1.4 billion people. The government of the United States has difficulty under these circumstances because 2758. In the resolution of the UN General Assembly, the Chinese government does not recognize the one-China principle and the imposition of the "international consensus." Meanwhile, as a representative of China's position, the Chinese government has not given up further adhering to the "one-China" policy with China...
The BRICS alternative to the US dollar

Renate Baumann

When there is a serious economic and financial crisis – such as the one many economists believe is in the making between the three main economic and financial powers in the world – the US, China and Europe, the world finds itself waiting for the next major financial and economic crisis. Such crises have been part of the long-term economic and financial history of the world. They have been characterized by the same pattern – a temporary upturn followed by further downturn, which is characterized by the same pattern, and so on.

The problem is that there does not seem to be any natural cause behind all the present functions of the dollar in the short run. Expectations of economic agents are a determining element, and at present all the indicators are suggestive of a still wide acceptance of the US dollar. Unions in a very particular situation, because despite two decades of the EU’s creation, the participating countries have not been able to establish a union of economic and monetary union. However, that is not the case of the US dollar, which remains the world’s prime currency.

This has led to frequent manipulations with regard to the ‘market’ or pricing, enjoyed by the US currency, when it can manage to maintain its economic power as a larger power than others, which improves the US dollar and makes it become the world’s currency. This has led to frequent manipulations with regard to the ‘market’ or pricing, enjoyed by the US currency, when it can manage to maintain its economic power as a larger power than others, which improves the US dollar and makes it become the world’s currency.

The US dollar being universally accepted provides liquidity to primary markets, which many other currencies do not. No other currency can offer an equivalent number of instruments. This is the case of the US dollar.

There is no doubt that the US dollar remains a dominant currency in the world economy, but there is also no doubt that the US dollar is losing its dominant place in the world economy.

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GLOBAL VIEWS

In search of common ground

EU members should focus their attention on the benefits of cooperation with China

Boudewijn Poldermans

The world was on a path to economic integration after the end of the Cold War. But this global system is now experiencing major adjustments and the world is in the brink of division. With the decline of the World Trade Organization, a central pillar of the global economic system, and in response to the pandemic, the international monetary and financial system centered on the United States and the EU dollar is no longer sustainable. The response to maintaining stability, along the lines of the International Monetary Fund (IMF), and the multilateral system, has been weakened and is now centered on a multi-currency system. Supply chains and technology are no longer organized solely based on efficiency but on political security and the new economy is about to be divided among several regions.

Despite the fact that the US is still leading in various capacities and a variety of areas, some consider that China has limited its long-term economic growth and damaged its social stability.

The US is now less capable of dominating the world as a result of domestic and foreign policy divergences.

Facing the rising international influence of China and other emerging countries, the US is anxious to maintain its hegemony by supporting other countries, instead of seeking its own purpose to enhance competitiveness.

In October 2022, the Joe Biden administration released its National Security Strategy, explicitly identifying the next decade as a decisive period for China's development. It can be anticipated that the US will spare no effort to suppress and contain China in all aspects.

With the Chinese crisis still ongoing and global crises intensifying, local crises may escalate into global crises. In addition, the US is striving to create its "Indo-Pacific strategy," attempting to create an "Asia-first" version of NAXIS. This involves increased deployment of US forces and those of its allies around China, raising the risk of conflict between China and its neighboring countries, and making it more challenging for China and its neighbors to manage risks.

The US is also constantly intervening in the "One-China" question by exerting pre-independence sentiment on the island and attempting to create a crisis across the Taiwan Strait to achieve its goal of containing China. Despite the increasing risks of conflict with China, the US has not made any move to improve relations. China must continue to explore ways to de-escalate both sides.

The US is now less capable of dominating the world as a result of domestic and foreign policy divergences.

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When it comes to ancient art, the studio of Youth Power, young people bring China and other countries and regions around the world to gather at the Louvre Academy of Fine Arts in Paris, and these artists express their understanding of Chinese art and culture, but also their sense of identity. In the latest episode of Youth Power, young people from around the world come together to discuss art and its diversity, beauty, and significance. 

Wang Yuting reports.

The standard of art is changing in art history, but one thing has never changed — people’s pursuit of the truth, goodness, and beauty.

In my view, the brush encapsulates the creativity of the world. It encapsulates yin and yang with the hardness of its handle and the softness of its brush.

I found that China is very large and has a lot of ethnic minority groups and each minority group also has their own kinds of art that they enjoy.

Jiazhiying Punyowesukid, a Thai student at Fudan University.

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Local teen makes amazing discovery

By ZHANG Li

Zhao Shuo, a 15-year-old Beijing student, has discovered a new species of crab. Zhao, along with his research team, identified and named the species as Sinolapotamon zhaoi.

Zhao was inspired by his father, who is a biology teacher, to explore the natural world. He spent hours every day observing and recording his findings, creating a comprehensive database.

The new species, Sinolapotamon zhaoi, was found in a remote area of the Yunnan province. Zhao's discovery has been recognized by the scientific community, and his work has been published in a leading international journal.

This discovery is not only a significant contribution to the field of biology but also a testament to the importance of curiosity and persistence in scientific research. Zhao's story serves as an inspiration for young people everywhere, showing that with hard work and dedication, anyone can make a valuable contribution to the scientific community.
Access to a civilization

Renewed interest among young people in the Beijing Central Axis ensures that its cultural and historical legacy lives on, 

Wang Xingwei reports.

The Beijing Central Axis not only links the different parts of Bei-
ing, including royal palaces and mansions designed for common people, but also encapsulates key aspects of Chinese culture, such as the harmonious relationship between human and nature as well as the virtues of adhering to law and order. Once you understand the principle of ‘respecting the middle’ embedded in the center of the Capital, you touch on the very root of Chi-

ese culture.

However, the Beijing Central Axis is not set in stone. After hundreds of years of evolution, it is still changing and has formula-

ized by Lyu says, everyone has their own understanding of the Beijing Central Axis, and Chinese civilization is inherited and re-

formed in this way. As a gesture of the show, Lyu says that he was impressed by how the Central Axis was understood and empowered, espe-

cially by today’s young people.

Once a ‘traditional’ artifact, shared in the show on its own way of taking in the sights of the central axis—buildings designated by the historic route in China was an event, it now a square grid of about 300 million blocks. Every building is a reflection of its multitude and every last detail in the home of 250 people that stood over a span of about 250 years is included.

It is worth mentioning that this digital model was built by a team of young people led by all the items used were in volubly, and the form and design of Chinese architectural history has even been represented as sequential and changing.

All of my friends like the Forbidden City, and this is my very first visit to the Tanque-

yuan Gate in central Beijing. Throughout history, a variety of foreign vi-

sitors from other parts of the world have left their imprints on the Beijing Central Axis. The Tainan mountain and adventure animals also, for example, were represented elsewhere during the Central Axis in The Thread of House. Pack in the Yans Dream: “Up and down the city blocks are wonderful palaces, and many great streets and flower beds, and flow-

gers in great numbers.” And Swedish scholar Gudrun Storlin (1919-1985) took pro-

tographs of woods and gardens in Beijing in the late 19th and early 20th cen-

uries. These Museum records offer people around the world a glimpse of this remarkable route of history.

Shun Yang and Lyu both agree that it is Chi-

ese youth’s unique way that plays an increasingly active role in sharing cultural knowledge of the Beijing Central Axis with the world in their own unique ways, such as by city walking, filming tours, and even using cutting-edge technologies like drone shots.

“As a generation growing with greater cultural confidence, Chinese young people of today can look to the rest of the world as their equals,” said Lyu. “Now they are using their heads toward, trying to figure out what makes Chinese China and sharing the answer with the rest of the world.”

What is the Beijing Central Axis?

The Beijing Central Axis, which is formed with numerous colonial-style and historical buildings in a straight north-south line, is considered the backbone of Chinese society. Stretching over a distance of 15 kilometers, the Central Axis has witnessed the rise of history and culture since the 15th century. This remarkable axis extends from the Bell Tower and Drum Tower in the north to the Yongding Gate in the south. Many landmarks, including the Forbidden City, Tian’anmen Square and the Temple of Heaven, are located on or around the axis.

Shun Yang

Beside important landmarks like the Palace Museum and the Temple of Heaven, I also strongly recommend paying a visit to a lesser-known site named Wunding Bridge, a single-}

The Complex of Hu Monuments features numerous monumental structures and ruins, including the Bell Tower and Drum Tower, the Forbidden City, and the Temple of Heaven. The ruins of the Ming and Qing dynasties, which were once known as the "ancient ruins" of the city, were also featured prominently in the show. The architectural beauty of the Central Axis is not just visually appealing, but it also represents a deep understanding of Chinese culture. The show also features the "ancient ruins" of the city, which are considered to be a symbol of the old Chinese society. The ruins of the Ming and Qing dynasties were featured prominently in the show, showcasing the rich history of the city. The show also includes the ruins of the Forbidden City and the Temple of Heaven, which are considered to be important cultural landmarks in Beijing. The architectural beauty of the Central Axis is not just visually appealing, but it also represents a deep understanding of Chinese culture. The show also features the ruins of the Ming and Qing dynasties, which were once known as the "ancient ruins" of the city, as a symbol of the old Chinese society. The ruins of the Ming and Qing dynasties were featured prominently in the show, showcasing the rich history of the city. The show also includes the ruins of the Forbidden City and the Temple of Heaven, which are considered to be important cultural landmarks in Beijing. The architectural beauty of the Central Axis is not just visually appealing, but it also represents a deep understanding of Chinese culture.