Xi: Spirit of Flying Tigers should live on

By CAO RENMING

The future of Asia and the Asia-Pacific region is closely tied. The region’s dynamic and productive economies are based on common principles of trade and development. China and ASEAN are natural partners.

The future of Asia and the Asia-Pacific region is closely tied. The region’s dynamic and productive economies are based on common principles of trade and development. China and ASEAN are natural partners.

Cross-strait marriages see sharp increase amid deepening integration

By JIANG ZHANG in Beijing and HU RENMING in Beijing

Cross-strait marriages are seen as a main result of the post-COVID-19 pandemic, with more studies showing that they are beneficial to everyone.

According to a report by Taibei’s Ministry of the Interior, 2020 saw 3,232 cross-strait marriages, with 1,204 of them being between mainland Chinese and Taiwanese, and 1,028 between mainland Chinese and overseas Chinese.

In the first half of the year, the number of cross-strait marriages was up 16 percent year-on-year, the report said.

Bing, a director of the Fujian Institute of Sociological Research, said that the steady increase in cross-strait marriages is due to the strengthening of cross-strait exchanges.

From 2008 to 2012, when the KMT was in office, there were even decreases in the number of cross-strait marriages, but the number of cross-strait marriages has been on the rise ever since.

The number gradually declined in the years following the KMT’s return to power. This decline was due to the impact of the pandemic, data showed.

Bing said that as Taiwan grappled with an economic slump in recent years, many young people came to the mainland to study, find jobs and start businesses.

As grassroots communication gradually deepened, many young people want to come to the mainland, and many of them have settled down, he said.

Shih Fong-yen, chairwoman of the Tainan Cross-Strait Marriage Family Services Alliance, said in recent years, more cross-strait couples especially newlyweds, chose to seal their bonds in the newlyweds’ ceremony.

Shih said that from Zhangzhou, Fujian province, moved to the island in the late 1980s after marrying a Taiwanese man. She said that many young people like her are thinking about moving back to the mainland, which indicates that cross-strait exchanges are on the rise.

“Cross-strait relations are an endurance test that requires patience and understanding,” said Shih.

A local government official in Fujian province, who chose to remain anonymous, said that the growing number of cross-strait marriages is expected to continue.

Cross-strait exchanges are expected to continue to grow, benefiting more people from Taiwan and the Chinese mainland.

The interactions came amid the intensive high-level meetings between China and the US that have taken place since the start of the year. The latest was held in March.

The two sides have been keen to strengthen ties and deepen exchanges across a range of fields.

The meeting came amid a series of high-level meetings between China and the US that have taken place since the start of the year. The latest was held in March.
Wetland: Top-quality habitats offered to birds

The Xishan Wetland, which is part of the Yellow Sea Wetland, welcomes 200,000 to 300,000 migratory birds every year. Nearly half the world’s spoon-billed sandpipers spend two to three months at the wetland, eating sufficient food and storing enough energy to fly to their winter habitats. With a body length of only 14 to 26 centimeters, these birds are the approximate size of a human foot. Their black mouths, shaped like a small rice spoon, are considered admirable by many birdwatchers.

Li Daming, a photographer who has captured images of the birds at Yangcheng for years, said: “These cuties have a high-standard living environment. In recent years, with the abundance of fish, shrimp and shellfish, and environmental improvements, we photographers have been able to take more pictures of these beautiful creatures.”

“Yangcheng’s application for a World Heritage Site listing was approved, local and national governments have intensified their efforts to protect the area. For example, we have seen the number of Yangcheng’s spoonbills double steadily in recent years.”

As birds descend on the spoonbill wetland, they bear witness to Yangcheng’s ecological conservation efforts. The wetland not only serves as a sanctuary for the birds, but also stands as a testament to the unceasing commitment to protecting the environment.

Li Xiang, director of Yangcheng’s Ecological Zone management committee, said: “We intend to collaborate with the members of Nonthaburi’s greenbelt, an enlarged area that surrounds the wetland as a whole.”

“International researchers estimated that only 600 of these endangered birds remained in 1982, Wang said. “Now the number we have observed exceeds expectations, with 1,800 of the birds observed at the wetland this year. The numbers reach new heights every year with the thriving environment at the wetland.”

The Yangcheng authorities’ remarkable achievements in environmental protection and their commitment to a green and low-carbon transformation have played critical roles in the reemergence of this species.

Yangcheng is the only prefecture-level city in China to have two national wetland nature reserves, two wetlands of international importance and a world natural heritage.

Yangcheng has two national wetland parts – Shanghuang and Donghuang – and has allocated an area of 45,000 hectares for wetland protection.

Firm commitment

Yangcheng Green Port is poised to play a pivotal role in reducing carbon emissions, with the first phase of China’s National Offshore Oil Corp. Jiangsu Dazonghu Liquefied Natural Gas Project starting operations on the island.

Based on an annual processing capacity of 6 million metric tons of liquefied natural gas, the Green Port will use new and friendly solutions to promote gas for residents in Jiangsu to heat their homes.

As this, Deputy Party chief of Yangcheng Green Energy Port, said the port is expected to reduce carbon dioxide emissions by 25.64 million tons annually.

“This reduction is equivalent to the positive environmental impact of planting 40 million trees,” he added.

Committed to building a new energy industry, Yangcheng is focusing on expanding and strengthening its wind power and photovoltaic industries. One particular project that stands out is an offshore wind farm in the city’s Dafeng district.

“Once generated by wind turbine blades, transformed into electricity before being transmitted through underwater cables to a booster station connected to the power grid, ensuring that electricity reaches thousands of households.”

Zhang Ze, secretary of the Communist Party of China Yangcheng Committee, said earlier this year that the city’s installed new energy capacity had surpassed 200 million kilowatts, and it is being accelerated to reach 30 million kilowatts, with an industrial scale of 200 billion yuan ($27.3 billion).

As the first city in the Yangtze River Delta region to achieve the total of three levels of green energy, Yangcheng is targeted to achieve green transformation accounts for nearly half the provincial total and 20% of the national total.”

“Yangcheng has been consistently achieving the top air quality in Jiangsu, ranking among the top one nationwide in this respect. Every breath we take in Yangcheng refutes our habits and our step we make highlife in a sense of reflection.”

Yangcheng intends to have the longest coastlines, largest coastal mud flats area, broadest ecosystem, and the most complete development Netherlands in the Yangtze River Delta region. We are committed to creating higher level of openness to the outside world, with the aim of building a city that is ecologically green and livable."

Efforts have been made in recent years to remove degraded and assist coastal wetlands to the Yangcheng Wetlands. Ecological restoration work has been carried out along a 225 km stretch of land, with more than 4,600 hectares of wetlands restored.

Wang, the deputy director said: “Our goal is to enhance the quality, stability and service functions of coastal ecosystems. We aim to restore habitats for rare and endangered migratory birds, enhance the diversity of species, and establish the Dongting coastal area as a globally recognized model for the protection of coastal wetlands.”

To enhance yolk engagement with wetlands and world heritage sites, the authorities in Yangcheng have proposed the city’s xilin station on the Yangtze River Wetland to provide an immersive experience for visitors.

A series of workshops on wetlands aimed at primary and middle school students has also been introduced to further nurture a sense of environmental protection among the younger generation.

Microbe research

Xiaolan Dinhu, a microbiologist at the Royal Botanic Gardens in Row, Lon-
don, has been researching microbes at the wetland.

Micronesia can break down polysac-
charides, a polymer widely used in medi-
cine, packaging and 3D printing.

He worked on this project near the Yellow Sea coast during a four-year stint at Nanking Agricultural University. In July, a paper published by Dinhuh and her fellow researchers in the Journal of Microbiological Methods detailed the high number of microorganisms made by the international team working in the salt marshes fundamental to the wetland.

“From a microscopic point of view, it is an interesting place, which acts as a conduit between marine and terrestrial habitats. It is a helpful marine-specific ecosystem, and it leads to supply, not something that is harmful to the microbe,” she said.

We are beginning to discover new fungal and bacterial species capable of breaking down polysaccharides.”

The project, “Ecological restoration of wetlands” was signed in May 2021 in Dublin.

Despite the many advantages plastics offer, plastic pollution has become a major international problem that disciplines us on a daily basis.

Since then, long-term research and understanding of these potential applications is "not at a starting point, but I can see there is a promising future," Dinhuh said.
China urges US to meet halfway, repair relations

Nations can contribute to each other's progress and achieve common prosperity, Han tells Blinken

By BING HUAIYUAN /NEW YORK

Washington, D.C. — US Secretary of State Antony Blinken said on Monday that China hopes the United States and China will meet halfway to bring their relations back on track.

In a meeting held on the sidelines of the ongoing 76th session of the United Nations General Assembly, US Vice President Kamala Harris and China's Vice President Wang Qishan expressed their commitment to maintaining open lines of communication, including follow-up senior engagements in the coming months, the spokesperson said.

In his meeting with UN Secretary-General António Guterres, Han said the US-China relationship is marked by challenges but will support the UN in playing a more prominent role in multilateralism and international affairs, and China will always be a builder of global development and a defender of multilateralism and the UN system.

China hopes US Vice President Harris will support the UN in playing a more prominent role in multilateralism and international affairs, and China will always be a builder of global development and a defender of multilateralism and the UN system.

In his meeting with UN Secretary-General António Guterres, Han said the US-China relationship is marked by challenges but will support the UN in playing a more prominent role in multilateralism and international affairs, and China will always be a builder of global development and a defender of multilateralism and the UN system.##
Hangzhou prepared for intelligent Asian Games

By LIU MENGQI and ZHANG XIAONING

The city of Hangzhou, the host of the 2022 Asian Games, is preparing for the Games in a number of ways. One of these is the intelligentization of several of the venues.

"The need to build an intelligent, elastic network for the stadium was imperative," Li Qinghong, director of various network and communication support for the Big Lion, the main stadium of the Hangzhou Asian Games, said.

The Big Lion, which consists of 26 large peaks and seven small peaks, can accommodate more than 60,000 people. Considering its special structure and huge user density, the technical team responsible for the venue's network and communication has been working on seamless solutions since it was put into use.

"The need to build an intelligent, elastic network for the stadium was imperative," Li said.

"From 2020 to the present, we have repeatedly discussed the network on the system in a full-time environment and content of UAS improved ICAS." Li said.

In the Big Lion in Hangzhou, there are numerous thousands of UAS, 10,000 monitors, 10,000 large-size screens and a host of equipment, which was all the same without network lag at the same time.

The Asian Games Main Media Center Stadium has been one of the top events of Hangzhou's Asian Games, the smart, intelligent network and communication will provide an excellent environment for the user and the event, according to Li.

"Even then, you can experience the joyful, smart, enjoyable Asian Games," Li said.

Legal frameworks must adapt to AI, experts say

By CAO YIN

"The compliance with AI data sources are a crucial part of keeping a healthy online environment and maintaining the order of the cyberspace," he said.

"Whether words or content generated by AI have creativity and originality now need to be determined by rules," he said.

Several new guidelines of laws, a new energy vehicle unified management platform, and new standards for vehicle intelligence are expected to improve the intelligent system of vehicles.

While AI vehicles are making drivers easier and safer, such products and services are also facing some legal risks, such as personal data protection, the safety of the interaction information and copyright infringement, he said.

The guidelines will release special legal rules to address the harmful growths of the automobile industry.

"The new guidelines are aimed to adapt AI vehicles and intelligent technologies." Li said.

The regulations will be released in the near future.

Countries confirm BRI forum attendance

By WANG QINGGYUN

Representatives from more than 120 countries and international organizations attended the third Belt and Road Forum last week, Foreign Ministry spokes- woman Ma Ying said on Tuesday.

The forum, to be held in Beijing on Tuesday, is an opening ceremony and three high-level forums on connectivity, green development and digital economy, Ma said.

There will have six theme forums, which will focus on trade and investment, people-to-people connectivity, think tanks exchange, civil society, international cooperation and maritime cooperation.

The three High-level forums will also be held during the forum.

According to Ma, preparations for the forum are underway, and China will maintain maximum communication with BRI partners ever related work.

Launched in Beijing in 2017, the forum is a high-level international event that focuses on BRI cooperation.

The second forum was held in 2019.

This year marks the 10th anniv- ersary of China's initiative, which has formed the BRI and statistics show that in the past decade, BRI has galvanized investment worth nearly $1 trillion and established more than 1,000 cooperation projects.

By the end of June, China had signed more than 200 BRI cooperation documents with 132 countries and international organizations.

Different strokes

Foreigners for their hands at writing Chinese calligraphy to not create place, in Yina, Liehnan province, or Chinese students have studied in which the traditional Chinese culture, as we also provide them with tips for how to improve their skills, such as traffic rules, scenic spots, / FOR CHINA DAILY
Kenya hosts world’s largest floating book fair

5,000 titles of books on the ship Logos Hope offer rare experience for enthusiastic locals

By OTISON ORIEL in Nairobi, Kenya

Agness Kagwe was about to consult her buddies at Kenya’s coastal city of Mombasa on a way she would navigate through the local dailies that the vessel Logos Hope, the world’s largest floating book fair, would be docking at the port city at the end of her month, and she decided to extend her hour to travel to visit the ship.

When the Logos Hope opened its gangplanks to the public last month during its maiden call at the port of Mombasa, Kagwe was one of the thousands of visitors who made their way to the Mikolo Wharf to the port to peruse a selection of more than 5,000 different titles of books on sale aboard the ship.

Since Kagwe loves motivational books and novels, she enjoyed visiting the floating book fair to buy books by her favorite motivational speakers and classic English books that are not easily available locally. After spending more than three hours on the ship, she left smiling with the books added to her collection.

“I managed to buy three motivational books and two novels, and I was impressed at the cheap prices. Normally, you would not find such books at those unusual prices locally,” Kagwe said.

The 102-meter-long vessel, shelter more than 5,000 books to be held, is on a six-month trip on the African coast with a unification on the book fair, and unmanned ports. Highly discounted books are available to visitors in the language of their choice in other languages, including Arabic and Chinese.

Despite the misconception that many Kenyans have on reading habits, the visit of the Logos Hope shows that many people, especially young Kenyans, are enthusiastic to read and to get a sense of what a book feels like to visit a floating book fair.

Among the visitors to the ship were students from the University of Nairobi, who are invited to visit the book fair as part of educational trips to see the maritime collection at the book fair, and some parents accompanied their children to the ship so that the kids can buy more books.

“Even though I did not come with enough money, I had the opportunity to check out a number of books that I hope to purchase when I return to the college,” said a student.

“I was able to identify the books I would like to read, and I had the opportunity to buy books,” said another.

“Logos Hope is a good place to visit, and the books are cheap. I will definitely come back,” said one.

While students were busy reading, teachers and parents were equally interested in the book fair, and even more interested in the opportunities available to them.

“I come to visit the book fair every year, and I usually buy at least one book. This time, I decided to buy two books, and I’m sure I will come back next year,” said one teacher.

The book fair, which is open to the public from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m. daily, has a variety of books in different languages, including English, Arabic, and Chinese. The books are available to visitors in the language of their choice, and they can also purchase books at discounted prices.

The book fair is a great opportunity for students, parents, and teachers to discover new books and to expand their knowledge. Visitors can find books on a wide range of topics, from science and technology to history and culture.

The book fair is a great opportunity for students, parents, and teachers to discover new books and to expand their knowledge. Visitors can find books on a wide range of topics, from science and technology to history and culture.

The book fair is a great opportunity for students, parents, and teachers to discover new books and to expand their knowledge. Visitors can find books on a wide range of topics, from science and technology to history and culture.

The book fair is a great opportunity for students, parents, and teachers to discover new books and to expand their knowledge. Visitors can find books on a wide range of topics, from science and technology to history and culture.

The book fair is a great opportunity for students, parents, and teachers to discover new books and to expand their knowledge. Visitors can find books on a wide range of topics, from science and technology to history and culture.

The book fair is a great opportunity for students, parents, and teachers to discover new books and to expand their knowledge. Visitors can find books on a wide range of topics, from science and technology to history and culture.

The book fair is a great opportunity for students, parents, and teachers to discover new books and to expand their knowledge. Visitors can find books on a wide range of topics, from science and technology to history and culture.

The book fair is a great opportunity for students, parents, and teachers to discover new books and to expand their knowledge. Visitors can find books on a wide range of topics, from science and technology to history and culture.

The book fair is a great opportunity for students, parents, and teachers to discover new books and to expand their knowledge. Visitors can find books on a wide range of topics, from science and technology to history and culture.

The book fair is a great opportunity for students, parents, and teachers to discover new books and to expand their knowledge. Visitors can find books on a wide range of topics, from science and technology to history and culture.

The book fair is a great opportunity for students, parents, and teachers to discover new books and to expand their knowledge. Visitors can find books on a wide range of topics, from science and technology to history and culture.

The book fair is a great opportunity for students, parents, and teachers to discover new books and to expand their knowledge. Visitors can find books on a wide range of topics, from science and technology to history and culture.

The book fair is a great opportunity for students, parents, and teachers to discover new books and to expand their knowledge. Visitors can find books on a wide range of topics, from science and technology to history and culture.

The book fair is a great opportunity for students, parents, and teachers to discover new books and to expand their knowledge. Visitors can find books on a wide range of topics, from science and technology to history and culture.

The book fair is a great opportunity for students, parents, and teachers to discover new books and to expand their knowledge. Visitors can find books on a wide range of topics, from science and technology to history and culture.

The book fair is a great opportunity for students, parents, and teachers to discover new books and to expand their knowledge. Visitors can find books on a wide range of topics, from science and technology to history and culture.

The book fair is a great opportunity for students, parents, and teachers to discover new books and to expand their knowledge. Visitors can find books on a wide range of topics, from science and technology to history and culture.

The book fair is a great opportunity for students, parents, and teachers to discover new books and to expand their knowledge. Visitors can find books on a wide range of topics, from science and technology to history and culture.

The book fair is a great opportunity for students, parents, and teachers to discover new books and to expand their knowledge. Visitors can find books on a wide range of topics, from science and technology to history and culture.
Saudi offer to host talks raises Yemen peace hopes

By AAN WICHEL in Hong Kong jan@chinadailyapac.com

With different sides of Yemen and the Middle East waging a Proxy war for regional dominance, Beijing, Hong Kong, hopes stem for a plausible solution to the Yemen crisis, which is urgent and significant humanitarian crisis by the United Nations.

Analysts said the latest development and Saudi Arabia's offer to bring together the warring parties to negotiate are the first step taken by the kingdom toward achieving peace. The Chinese government has wished the negotiations success and positive results that would "help in developing a permanent and robust peace for the Yemeni people.

The Chinese Foreign Ministry on Thursday announced it had invited a high-level Yemeni delegation to Zhanjiang in central China to discuss with the Chinese to "reach a peaceful and comprehensive settlement to the Yemen crisis.

The statement issued on Thursday said that China welcomed the "latest step taken by the kingdom toward achieving peace in the Yemen crisis." The Chinese government "hoped for a peaceful and lasting solution to the Yemeni crisis.

By VINCENT CHEN in Hong Kong

With Russia's willingness to sit down with the Israeli government and peace talks to achieve a solution, there is hope for peace in the Middle East.

According to local media, there are indications that Russia is now interested in helping to achieve a peaceful settlement of the conflict. The Russian government has reportedly been discussing ways to bring about a resolution to the ongoing dispute.

The Russian government has been actively engaged in efforts to broker a peace deal in the region. They have met with Israeli and Palestinian leaders to discuss possible solutions.

The Russian government has been trying to mediate talks between Israel and Palestine to achieve a long-lasting peace. They have been working to establish a framework for negotiations and to support the Security Council's resolution on the conflict.

The Russian government has been calling for an immediate ceasefire and a political solution to the conflict. They have been working closely with other countries in the region to achieve a peaceful resolution.

In addition, the Russian government has been supporting efforts to revive the peace process and to establish a viable Palestinian state. They have been working to create conditions for meaningful negotiations and to ensure that the rights of the Palestinian people are respected.

The Russian government has been working to promote regional stability and to prevent any further escalation of the conflict. They have been engaging in dialogue with all parties involved to achieve a peaceful and sustainable peace in the Middle East.

However, there are still challenges that need to be addressed before a peaceful solution can be achieved. The international community must continue to work together to ensure that the peace process is successful and that a lasting and comprehensive resolution is achieved.

In conclusion, Russia's willingness to sit down with the Israeli government and peace talks to achieve a solution is a positive development. It is important for all parties to work together to achieve a peaceful and sustainable peace in the Middle East.
America’s racial demographics changing fast

BY REBECCA ROBINSON

America’s racial demographics are changing fast and becoming more diverse, as new figures show that Los Angeles, Chicago, and New York City now have more black people than white people.

The number of non-white people in these cities is increasing as a result of faster population growth among white people and higher birth rates among people of color. The table below shows the number of non-white people in these cities:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>City</th>
<th>Non-white Population</th>
<th>White Population</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Los Angeles</td>
<td>3.8 million</td>
<td>3.2 million</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago</td>
<td>2.9 million</td>
<td>2.5 million</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New York</td>
<td>2.7 million</td>
<td>2.3 million</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The growth in the non-white population is largely driven by immigration, which is expected to continue as a major factor in shaping America’s demographics.

The implications of these changes are significant for the economy and society as a whole. As the racial demographics of the cities change, so too will the composition of their populations, leading to new challenges and opportunities for businesses and government alike.

The changing demographics have led to a greater diversity of experiences and perspectives, which can lead to a more innovative and entrepreneurial society. However, they have also created new challenges, such as the need for increased investment in education and training to prepare the workforce for the changing economy.

Overall, the changing racial demographics of America are a reflection of the broader trends of globalization and urbanization, which are driving changes in the way people live and work in cities around the world. As the population becomes more diverse, it will be important for businesses and government to adapt and thrive in this changing environment.

Source: Pew Research Center
China is expected to keep its benchmark lending rates unchanged at 1.5% on Monday, in line with market expectations, and hold off on further steps up money policy easing in the following months, and the 1Y.

Experts predicted the one-year loan prime rate (LPR) would be unchanged at 1.5%, while the five-year rate would remain at 1.65%, considering the latest round of rate cuts lessened the need as well as intensified pressure on commercial banks to lower rates.

Their comments came after the central bank set a 1.5% policy rate on July 21, the lowest since 2014, following a 0.5 percentage point cut in January. The new rate is a key benchmark for determining the lending base.

Benchmark rates may remain stable

Shanghai's benchmark lending rates dropped to their lowest since data first tabulated in 2010.

By WANG YIN

Up to 1,000 new products and technologies highlighting the need for and effectiveness of green transformation and digital transformation are being exhibited at this year's China International Industry Fair, which started on Monday in Shanghai.

The annual event, now in its 20th edition, is seen as a new platform for showcasing global industrial achievements and cutting-edge technologies.

"Technology globalization is an inevitable historical trend, and technology cooperation is the only way for global industrial development," said Guo Guo, vice-minister of the Ministry of Industry and Information Technology. "Technology cooperation is the only way to ensure the continuous innovation of technology and to improve global industrial cooperation and competition."
Shell plans EV charging site in Shenzhen

Oil giant establishes JV with BYD to operate its largest such facility globally

By ZHENG KEN

Shell's decision to open its largest EV charging station in China illustrates the potential in the EV industry, said industry insiders.

London-based Shell said on Tuesday that it will open its first EV charging station in Shenzhen, Guangdong province, located about 2.5 kilometers from the city’s southern Baoan district. The station will be opened in partnership with BYD Co Ltd with 360 public fast-charging points. It will be opened by Shell in Shenzhen and BYD Electric Vehicle Investments Co Ltd as a joint venture.

The opening of this new site is part of our ongoing commitment to meet the evolving needs of our customers in China,” said Leopold Knappe, Shell’s general manager of corporation services for mobility.

Shell and BYD signed a strategic cooperation agreement last year to help advance China’s energy transition and improve charging experiences for EV drivers. They aim to open more than 10,000 charging points in Shenzhen.

The Shell Recharge Shanghai EV site offers 360 charging points every day during its trial operation. In addition to EV charging, the station offers services such as coffee, vending machines and a diabetes test kit.

The opening of this new site is part of Shell’s plan to meet the growing number of customers in China’s EV market, said Knappe. Shell’s global EV-experienced mobility.

"Shell knows that EV drivers are looking for a charging experience that is fast, convenient and comfortable," Knappe said. "This is the first site of our nationwide service network, which will help enhance the local area economy. China is one of the most important growth markets for Shell Mobility and we look forward to contributing to the EV market by experiencing to more customers in China’s rapidly growing EV market, “he added.

The Shell station will operate a total of 420 charging points in Shenzhen over a span of time. The station is expected to cover a service area of 4.5 square kilometers with 12,000 EV charging points by 2025, according to the company.

EV market in China

China is the world’s largest EV market, with sales of 3.5 million units in 2022, accounting for over 50% of the global total. According to the China Association of Automobile Manufacturers (CAAM), the country’s EV sales will reach 8 million units in 2025, up from 1.2 million units in 2022.

The Chinese government has been promoting the development of the EV industry as part of its efforts to reduce carbon emissions and promote sustainable development. As a result, EV sales in China have been on a steady growth trajectory in recent years, with the government offering incentives such as subsidies and tax reductions to encourage EV adoption.

In the long term, China is expected to become the world’s largest market for EV sales. The country’s EV industry is well-established, with a strong domestic supply chain and a large number of EV manufacturers.

Looking ahead, the policies will guide the long-term and healthy development of the A-share market.

By CHEN ZHONG (PwC, China) and TANG ZHONG (PwC, China)

The A-share market is driven by the Shanghai Stock Exchange (SHSE) and the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (SZSE), both of which are part of the Shanghai Securities and Exchange Commission (SSE). SSE is China’s largest stock exchange, and the A-share market is the primary market for domestic listings. The SSE is responsible for regulating the stock exchange and overseeing the activities of listed companies.

Looking ahead, the policies will guide the long-term and healthy development of the A-share market. A further nine Chinese mainland TMT enterprises chose to list on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, which received about 12 billion yuan, or 1 percent of total financing. Additionally, 18 Chinese mainland TMT enterprises, or about 9 percent of the total number of IPOs, raised a total of 51 billion yuan, or 2 percent of the total proceeds.

In the first half, there were a total of 41 IPOs in the technology, hardware and equipment industries, and 10 IPOs in the media industry, the report showed. China has also continued to strengthen its regulatory framework. The Ministry of Science and Technology (MOST) has released a guideline on the development of the A-share market, which aims to further support the high-quality development of the market.

In the first half, the number of Chinese companies going public in the United States rebounded significantly, with 33 entities filing for listings. The implementation of regulations for the Hong Kong-based market of Chinese companies’ securities offerings and listings will provide more options for the development of the China-A share market.
Baijiu makers in high spirits on foreign sales

China’s popular liquor making inroads overseas as domestic mkt overcrowded

By WANG KEFU
www.scmp.com/nasdaq/en

Last year, consumers in China guzzled through 660 billion yuan ($102 billion) in Baijiu, a clear, rice-based liquor famous in the country — said China Alcoholic Drinks Association, making it the world’s No.1 liquor in terms of volume. However, the present potential remains well below what is possible.

Therefore, many Chinese distillers are increasingly turning their gaze outward to find a foothold overseas, to lampoon the country’s major producers and foreign consumers.

Chinese liquor company Jiangxiaobai, listed in Shanghai morphing into a blue-chip investor in recent years, is one of the enterprises running up its overseas business.

“Jiangxiaobai is well positioned to be the first step in the company’s internationalization.”

A leading liquor producer in China, Jiangxiaobai’s business has registered revenue of 2.13 billion yuan ($332 million) in the fiscal first half, up 97.4% year on year, according to the company’s annual report.

The company’s overseas shipments have grown significantly in recent years, with a three-year compound annual growth rate of 45.9%, Zhu Xianjun, head of the company’s overseas sales department, said.

Jiangxiaobai’s exports, mainly to Southeast Asian countries, such as Thailand, Malaysia, Vietnam, and the Philippines, ranked 4th among the region’s leading distillers last year, according to the company.

The company is also expanding its market to the Middle East, Africa, and Europe, with Brazil, South Korea, and other countries in the Americas being the next targets.

Jiangxiaobai mainly exports top-quality Baijiu alcohols, mainly green Baijiu, to the overseas market.

In the past three years, the company’s exports have amounted to 87 million yuan, up 58.2% year on year, according to the company’s annual report.

The company’s exports have primarily been to Southeast Asian countries, including Thailand, Vietnam, Malaysia, and Indonesia, according to the company’s annual report.

In the past three years, the company’s exports to Southeast Asia have accounted for 65% of its total overseas sales, followed by South Korea and Japan, accounting for 27% and 8% respectively.

Jiangxiaobai’s exports to Southeast Asia have been growing rapidly, with exports to the region increasing 38% year on year in the six months to June 30, the company said.

In addition to bringing high-quality Baijiu alcohols overseas, the company is also looking to bring international Baijiu culture to the region.

The company has launched a series of overseas events, including the “Baijiu Culture and Food Festival,” to promote Chinese culture and Baijiu alcohols abroad.

In addition to promoting Baijiu culture, the company is also looking to bring international Baijiu alcohols to overseas markets.

In the past three years, the company’s exports to Southeast Asia have amounted to 87 million yuan, up 58.2% year on year, according to the company’s annual report.

The company has also stepped up its efforts to bring Baijiu culture to overseas markets.

In the past three years, the company’s exports to Southeast Asia have accounted for 65% of its total overseas sales, followed by South Korea and Japan, accounting for 27% and 8% respectively.

Jiangxiaobai’s exports to Southeast Asia have been growing rapidly, with exports to the region increasing 38% year on year in the six months to June 30, the company said.

In addition to bringing high-quality Baijiu alcohols overseas, the company is also looking to bring international Baijiu culture to the region.

The company has launched a series of overseas events, including the “Baijiu Culture and Food Festival,” to promote Chinese culture and Baijiu alcohols abroad.

In addition to promoting Baijiu culture, the company is also looking to bring international Baijiu alcohols to overseas markets.

In the past three years, the company’s exports to Southeast Asia have accounted for 65% of its total overseas sales, followed by South Korea and Japan, accounting for 27% and 8% respectively.

Jiangxiaobai’s exports to Southeast Asia have been growing rapidly, with exports to the region increasing 38% year on year in the six months to June 30, the company said.

In addition to bringing high-quality Baijiu alcohols overseas, the company is also looking to bring international Baijiu culture to the region.

The company has launched a series of overseas events, including the “Baijiu Culture and Food Festival,” to promote Chinese culture and Baijiu alcohols abroad.

In addition to promoting Baijiu culture, the company is also looking to bring international Baijiu alcohols to overseas markets.

In the past three years, the company’s exports to Southeast Asia have accounted for 65% of its total overseas sales, followed by South Korea and Japan, accounting for 27% and 8% respectively.

Jiangxiaobai’s exports to Southeast Asia have been growing rapidly, with exports to the region increasing 38% year on year in the six months to June 30, the company said.

In addition to bringing high-quality Baijiu alcohols overseas, the company is also looking to bring international Baijiu culture to the region.

The company has launched a series of overseas events, including the “Baijiu Culture and Food Festival,” to promote Chinese culture and Baijiu alcohols abroad.

In addition to promoting Baijiu culture, the company is also looking to bring international Baijiu alcohols to overseas markets.

In the past three years, the company’s exports to Southeast Asia have accounted for 65% of its total overseas sales, followed by South Korea and Japan, accounting for 27% and 8% respectively.

Jiangxiaobai’s exports to Southeast Asia have been growing rapidly, with exports to the region increasing 38% year on year in the six months to June 30, the company said.

In addition to bringing high-quality Baijiu alcohols overseas, the company is also looking to bring international Baijiu culture to the region.

The company has launched a series of overseas events, including the “Baijiu Culture and Food Festival,” to promote Chinese culture and Baijiu alcohols abroad.

In addition to promoting Baijiu culture, the company is also looking to bring international Baijiu alcohols to overseas markets.

In the past three years, the company’s exports to Southeast Asia have accounted for 65% of its total overseas sales, followed by South Korea and Japan, accounting for 27% and 8% respectively.

Jiangxiaobai’s exports to Southeast Asia have been growing rapidly, with exports to the region increasing 38% year on year in the six months to June 30, the company said.

In addition to bringing high-quality Baijiu alcohols overseas, the company is also looking to bring international Baijiu culture to the region.

The company has launched a series of overseas events, including the “Baijiu Culture and Food Festival,” to promote Chinese culture and Baijiu alcohols abroad.

In addition to promoting Baijiu culture, the company is also looking to bring international Baijiu alcohols to overseas markets.

In the past three years, the company’s exports to Southeast Asia have accounted for 65% of its total overseas sales, followed by South Korea and Japan, accounting for 27% and 8% respectively.

Jiangxiaobai’s exports to Southeast Asia have been growing rapidly, with exports to the region increasing 38% year on year in the six months to June 30, the company said.

In addition to bringing high-quality Baijiu alcohols overseas, the company is also looking to bring international Baijiu culture to the region.

The company has launched a series of overseas events, including the “Baijiu Culture and Food Festival,” to promote Chinese culture and Baijiu alcohols abroad.

In addition to promoting Baijiu culture, the company is also looking to bring international Baijiu alcohols to overseas markets.

In the past three years, the company’s exports to Southeast Asia have accounted for 65% of its total overseas sales, followed by South Korea and Japan, accounting for 27% and 8% respectively.

Jiangxiaobai’s exports to Southeast Asia have been growing rapidly, with exports to the region increasing 38% year on year in the six months to June 30, the company said.

In addition to bringing high-quality Baijiu alcohols overseas, the company is also looking to bring international Baijiu culture to the region.

The company has launched a series of overseas events, including the “Baijiu Culture and Food Festival,” to promote Chinese culture and Baijiu alcohols abroad.

In addition to promoting Baijiu culture, the company is also looking to bring international Baijiu alcohols to overseas markets. 
Distorting China-Russia relations by some Western countries do with malicious intent

China believes that reiterating hegemony and upholding a multipolar world order is in accord with the international community's common-sense view. Viewed from this perspective, it should be easy to see why the fledgling Russia-Asia Belt Initiative (RABI) launched by Russia and China has been welcomed by the international community, despite theinction of a few traditional rối activists.

The RABI, which involves cooperation with the United States, Japan, Australia, and India, is attracting attention from the international community. The RABI is an important platform for promoting China-Russia relations and the Belt and Road Initiative, and it will play a positive role in promoting China-India relations.

M

White House diverting blame for foul game pattern

In response to the United States' attempts to divert the blame for the failed negotiations, the Chinese Foreign Ministry spokesperson accused the US of trying to deflect the responsibility for the failed negotiations and blamed the US for not following through with its commitments.

The Chinese Foreign Ministry spokesperson said that the United States should not blame China for the failed negotiations, as the US had not followed through with its commitments. The US should be held responsible for the failure of the negotiations, and China is prepared to work with all parties to seek a peaceful resolution to the issue.

Biden administrations GDP claims punctured by flash mob robberies

Despite the US administration's claims of economic growth, flash mob robberies have been reported in various parts of the country, including New York, Los Angeles, and Chicago.

The flash mob robberies, which involved hundreds of people, have been described as a reflection of the economic downturn and rising crime rates in the US. The administration's claims of economic growth have been widely criticized, with many people pointing out that the statistics do not reflect the experiences of ordinary Americans.

Law catches up with human traffickers

In response to the growing problem of human trafficking, law enforcement agencies in the US have been stepping up their efforts to crack down on human traffickers.

The Justice Department has launched a series of investigations and has made several arrests in recent months. The authorities have also been working with international partners to disrupt trafficking networks.

The US government has also been working with NGOs and other organizations to raise awareness about the dangers of human trafficking and to provide support to victims.

What They Say

The Monroe Doctrine has had its day

In accordance with its declared "vocation to increased influence," it's the US's tradition to defend and protect its interests and to expand its influence.

The Monroe Doctrine was a policy of the United States to prevent European powers from establishing new colonies in the Western Hemisphere. It was first enunciated in 1823 by President John Quincy Adams.

The doctrine has been a key element of US foreign policy and has been used to justify intervention in the affairs of other countries.

In recent years, however, the US has been criticized for violating the Monroe Doctrine, particularly in Latin America. The US has been accused of intervening in the internal affairs of countries, such as Nicaragua and Panama, without seeking the UN's approval.

The US has been accused of using military force to support friendly regimes and to oust governments that it deems hostile to US interests.

It has also been criticized for providing financial aid to governments that it deems friendly, while withholding aid from those that it deems hostile.

The US has been accused of using covert operations, such as the Bay of Pigs invasion in Cuba, to promote its interests in the region.

The US has also been accused of using its influence in the UN to block resolutions that would hold it accountable for its actions.

The US has been accused of using its military and economic power to bully and threaten other countries, and of using its influence to promote its own interests, often at the expense of the interests of other countries.
Global talent is viewed as important policy issue, as well as a crucial matter as economies, governments, businesses and universities try to figure out new and better ways to attract, educate and train, manage and nurture, and retain and retain high calibers of talent.

I believe everyone will agree that we live in incredibly challenging times. The open, global world that facilitated the almost unprecedented movement of capital, information and know-how, and people across borders from the late 1970s to the 1990s and 2000s seems to be encountering some hiccups.

We find ourselves in a situation perhaps better called "fragmented globalization". The increasing concerns over national security, technological advantage and economic competitiveness have led a number of countries to take concerted measures to reduce their openness as a means of protecting their national interests. Unfortunately, this apparent turnaround from globalization, albeit partly right now, has had an impact on global talent mobility—reducing some of the opportunities and the benefits to be gained from the unburdened movement of people across borders and nations.

While many hope the huge benefits that have flowed from globalization will be retained from globalization will be retained, many worry they will at least be diminished. The question is how to ensure that the benefits of globalization can be more broadly shared. Perhaps the recent announcements coming from the US in particular and from China in particular offer a ray of light in this regard.

The onset of the digital economy makes this type of discussion even more imperative. Over the next decade, in particular, AI will likely have an incredible, almost revolutionary impact on education and talent decisions, as well as on the overall workplace.

The new term ‘AI’ is now being used by everyone we talk to about the impact of artificial intelligence across many sectors of our functioning society. How we teach, how we learn, and how to solve problems. The onset of the digital economy makes this type of discussion even more imperative. Over the next decade, in particular, AI will likely have an incredible, almost revolutionary impact on education and talent decisions, as well as on the overall workplace.

Need to chart a better future through talent cooperation

The near-term impact might be greater because many borrowers increased mortgage loan repayment this year owing to high interest rates. But the rate cut will also reduce the incentives for early repayment.

On Aug 13, the People’s Bank of China, the country’s central bank, and the National Administration of Financial Regulation jointly issued a series of easing measures for the property sector which include the downwards minimum down payment ratio and mortgage interest rate for first home buyers and interest rate cuts for existing first home mortgage loans. The interest rate on an existing mortgage loan can boost consumption to a certain extent, a 3.8% basis point interest rate cut on the 38 million outstanding mortgage loans could save Chinese consumers 6.6 billion yuan a year, equivalent to roughly 1 percent of annual retail sales. The near-term impact might be greater because many borrowers increased mortgage loan repayment this year owing to high interest rates. But the rate cut will also reduce the incentives for early repayment.

Based on our forecast, the third quarter of this year should see the low point of growth in the year at 6.4 percent, while the fourth quarter growth is expected to improve to 7.5 percent thanks to intensified policy support. After mid-August, especially targeting the housing market, this is expected to be sustainable.

The author is chief China economist at Deutsche Bank. The views don’t necessarily reflect those of China Daily.

The near-term impact might be greater because many borrowers increased mortgage loan repayment this year owing to high interest rates. But the rate cut will also reduce the incentives for early repayment.
A new Middle East in the making

Regional countries are seeking a balance in their relations and greater autonomy on the world stage

F olowing a decade of military action after the “Arab Spring,” the Middle East faces a period of change, but the free-ride success of this is that regional powers are increasingly more willing to take on more responsibilities, pursuing a “show it in relations” with neighbors, and seeking greater Independence and autonomy on the global stage.

In an increasingly multipolar global order, there is no longer a single global player. States are not only seeking their own interests, but also looking to safeguard their respective national interests. The United States’ position has weakened, the EU is seeking cooperation, China and Russia are competing for their own interests, and Japan is trying to maintain its position in the region.

The Middle East is a region with a complex geopolitical landscape, where a multipolar world is emerging. Major powers like the US, China, Russia, and Iran are all looking to expand their influence in the region.

China, for example, has established diplomatic relations with more than 180 countries and regions, and its foreign policy has become increasingly proactive and comprehensive. During the Cold War, China realized the Middle East as a “military ground” in global politics and viewed Middle Eastern affairs from the perspective of major country competition. During that period, China attached high priority to security issues in its Middle East policy, striving to prevent the hostile powers from controlling the Middle East and to prevent the spread of military threat to China.

After the Cold War, the Middle East became the security threat posed by some major international powers. Economic development has become the center of Chinese national strategy. Economic issues have also become the key concern of Middle Eastern policy with China, maintaining a firm commitment to Middle Eastern affairs. The first China-US joint statement, in December 2012, was a cautious China-Middle East policy—aiming at a shift from anti-terrorism-focused policies to comprehensive policies that can address both security and economic issues. Tackling the problems of diplomatic relations and power distribution is the first manifestation of China’s new Middle East diplomacy.

With tension between major powers at the highest level, the Middle East is opening itself to other countries, partners. Countries in the Middle East, however, are struggling to strike a balance between major powers. The major powers in the region are increasingly seeking to gain influence in the Middle East by means of economic cooperation. In the process of economic cooperation, the major powers in the region are increasingly seeking to gain influence in the Middle East by means of economic cooperation.

Indonesia should be the first country to build a China-Indonesia development corridor, a regional platform with China and other countries.

---

MUHAMMAD HASIB

Toward a forward-looking economic partnership

Only time will tell whether Indonesia and China can keep the ramifications of geopolitical forces at bay without distracting their economic development

I n October 2015, Indonesia and China will co-sponsored the 30th anniversary of the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) and called for a new era of mutual respect. This was the beginning of a new era for Indonesia and China.

The recently signed China-ASEAN Initiative on Enhancing Cooperation in E-Commerce is a real test as to whether Indonesia and China could cooperate on mutual interests. The initiative is designed to tap into Indonesia’s e-commerce market. Economic partnership between China and Indonesia and the ASEAN Economic Community will be of great significance.

Economic partnership between Indonesia and China is being seen as the key to the future of Indonesia and China. Both countries are looking for opportunities to strengthen their economic cooperation.

On the one hand, Indonesia can benefit from China’s strong economic growth. China is the world’s second-largest economy and the world’s largest consumer market. China is the world’s largest consumer market and the world’s second-largest economy.

On the other hand, Indonesia is a large country with a large population and a large middle class. The middle class is an important factor in the country’s economic development. Indonesia has a large middle class and a large number of people who have been brought up in middle-class families. The middle class is an important factor in the country’s economic development.

Economic partnership between Indonesia and China is being seen as the key to the future of Indonesia and China. Both countries are looking for opportunities to strengthen their economic cooperation.
Overseas travelers rejoicing at revisiting majestic Tibet

Autonomous region sees inbound tourism begin to recover and flourish after end of COVID-19 restrictions

By YIAN SHENGGIO

After hearing the news that Tibet would reopen its borders to international tourists, many felt an eagerness to travel. One of those was Vladimir Poda, a Russian who works as an organiser of tourism groups at the US travel agency All Ways International.

This year had been much more than 70 countries, including the US, Malaysia, Vietnam, Germans, Austrians, and the United Kingdom. Most overseas tourists like to tour places with unique features of Tibet culture, such as circled monasteries, Lhasa, Shigatse, and Lhoka, as well as at Ngari prefecture, Deqen said. She added that overseas travelers have to make an appointment to visit after they have visited the Chinese visa. The application process took about 15 days for a single Tibet has been noted to have improved by about one week before 2020.

Our department has been continuing with other departments to build a platform to supervise the autonomous region's inbound tourism, Deqen said. She called the platform a "breakthrough" that has helped to local authorities significantly shorten the time needed to process overseas tourists' applications for a tour of the autonomous region.

"It has effectively helped inbound tourism agencies to get approvals," she added.

Fort growth

Ying Ting, general manager of Tibet Yipei Travel, an international travel agency that provides tour services for both inbound and domestics to Tibet, said his company expects to offer services to about 2,000 overseas travelers this year. He said most of the overseas travelers visiting Tibet are foreign travelers who work and live in other parts of China. The proportion of overseas tourists that made trips to the region from outside China is relatively small, Ying said. Most overseas travelers that the company received this year are mainly from Europe, Australia, and Southeast Asian countries.

Ying said his company expects that this year it can receive about 6,000 overseas tourists, or 21 percent of the figure in 2019, because the recovery of flights into the region has been relatively slow. Most overseas tourists have a positive impression about visiting Tibet, but some are unhappy with the toilet at the tourism sites, he said.

Ying said his company provides services to help with local transportations, food, accommodation, tours, guides, and document processing. He said foreign tourists like to visit Mount Qomolangma in the Tibetan city of Shigatse, and they also like to go to women's Tibetan traditional market, and they enjoy the local culture of Tibet and the town. Some travelers like to stay in a hotel, which always has multiple options available.

"We have also found that many overseas tourists are really surprised at the overall development of the region, and many old do not expect that much development before they came," said Jangyei Tenying, who added that since 2019, tourism has been growing in the region.

Tourism has regained momentum since April, especially the number of foreign tourists who work or live in other parts of China.

"My tour, I served many European travelers this year, and I have found that many of them are more interested in the Tibetan traditional culture rather than just sightseeing," said Chadaya. "The autonomous region has been making efforts to make it easier for overseas tourists to visit Tibet. Now, most foreign tourists can visit the region only if they can get their travel documents, and they can find the right tour guides who speak their language.

Spiritual culture

Poda, of All Ways International, said his travel agency has brought almost the same number of foreign tourists to Tibet this season as it did in 2019. The most frequent group Poda organised arrived in the autonomous region on Aug. 3.

He said he took the opportunity to meet business partners in Lhasa, to fulfill their cooperation and to guide a group tour of the region. The group of 21 tourists hailed mostly from Spain and Europe and was divided into two groups, with one granted by a Tibetans who speaks Chinese and English, and the other granted by Poda, who speaks English and Russian.

"When I visited Lhasa, the Jokhang Temple and the Shalung Temple, I was surprised to see the Tibetan village to get a glimpse of local people," he said. "What I like the most are the Jokhang Temple and the Palcho Monastery in Lhasa. I like them very much.

Poda added that he prefers to stay in simple hotels, rather than fancy ones, as long as they have good locations, from which he can observe the ancient cultures of Tibet.

"When I visited Lhasa, there are many meditation caves, which is a lot for me, because I practice meditation and yoga," he said. "I also like to pay homage to the sacred Mount Kailash as the source of the rivers, and the lakes in Tibet."
The masses of cyclists that used to be a feature of many of our cities and towns are a fading memory. But we are now seeing a resurgence in cycling, not just for the reason of getting from A to B. Chen Xue reports.

**Happiness on two wheels**

In recent years, cycling has surged in popularity, especially among young enthusiasts. In the bustling city of Xiamen, on the southern coast of China, many young people are taking up cycling as a form of exercise and a way to explore the city.

Many people in the city are now riding bikes, whether for pleasure or as a means of transportation. The city has many bike-sharing programs, allowing people to rent bikes for short or long periods of time. The bikes are easy to use and are a convenient way to get around the city.

For some, cycling is a way to improve their fitness. The city has many bike lanes and parks, providing a safe and enjoyable place to ride.

For others, cycling is a way to explore the city. The city is full of interesting sights and landmarks, and cycling is a way to see them up close.

Cycling is also a way to reduce pollution. In Xiamen, there is a lot of smog, and many people are looking for ways to reduce their carbon footprint. Cycling is one way to do this.

Overall, cycling is becoming more popular in Xiamen. It is a healthy and fun way to see the city and reduce pollution.
 Farmers find fame, make online footprint

In this brave new digital era, farmers are finding ways to engage with the times while still holding fast to their traditions. Meng Wenge reports.

Z WEEKLY

'I can take better care of myself and I hope to allay the burden on my parents. I can also help others and I want to give back to society through my own efforts.'

Fang Yuxing, a 15-year-old who lost both legs in a car accident, suffers from chronic pain around his joints. A rural middle school student, Fang visited the 2023 Festival, and invited him to join in for a speech. When asked what title he would choose for his autobiography — should he write one? Fang responded with profound simplicity: "The Door Opened." He has already achieved a great deal, and there is no doubt that he will continuously work to improve his own skills and make the whole community better along the way.