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National Resistance Front of Afghanistan

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NRF Battlefield Operations

January, despite its challenges of frigid weather and heavy snowfalls, marked a period of operational success for the National Resistance Front (NRF) of Afghanistan. Throughout the month, our guerrilla units persistently engaged in operations against enemy forces, strategically targeting them across various regions of the country. To mitigate the risk of civilian casualties, NRF operations are primarily conducted at night. Looking forward, the NRF is not only continuing its campaign of unconventional warfare but is also actively preparing for a transition towards conventional warfare. This includes the accumulation of ammunition and resources necessary for establishing bases, with the strategic aim of liberating districts and provinces from enemy control. Currently, NRF guerrilla units have a presence in 12 provinces, with plans to extend their influence into the northern, north-western, and southwestern regions. This expansion strategy is part of a broader vision to lay the groundwork for a southward expansion by the year's end, signaling a significant escalation in the NRF's operational scope and geographical reach.

On January 1, 2024, NRF forces carried out an operation in Kunduz Province, attacking a vehicle carrying Taliban members. The operation took place in the Qol-e-Arbaab Khalil area of Imam Sahib district, resulting in the killing of one terrorist and two wounded.

On January 2, 2024, NRF forces executed a precise operation near the "PRT" in Pul-e-Khumri, Baghlan province. At around 7:30 PM, they detonated an explosive device under a pickup truck carrying Taliban terrorists. This decisive action killed two Taliban members, injured another, and destroyed their vehicle.

On January 2, 2024, NRF forces executed a precision rocket attack on the office of the Taliban's governor of Badakhshan, heavily injuring two terrorists.

This material is distributed by the International Office of the National Resistance Front of AFGH Inc. on behalf of National Resistance Front of Afghanistan. Additional information is available at the Department of Justice, Washington, DC.

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On January 20, 2023, NRF forces launched an offensive against a Taliban stronghold located in the Gandlabuk region of Nuristan province. The engagement endured for close to three hours, resulting in the killing of two terrorists and the injury of seven.

On January 23, 2024, NRF forces detonated a roadside mine near the northern entrance to Charikar, the provincial capital of Parwan. The explosion targeted a military vehicle carrying Taliban personnel. The blast resulted in the destruction of their vehicle, killing one terrorist and injuring three more.

On January 25, 2024, NRF forces conducted attacks on enemy positions in Bagram, Parwan province, and the center of Kapisa province, resulting in 3 Taliban killed and 5 other terrorists wounded.

On January 25, 2024, in the Bagram district of Parwan province, NRF forces launched an attack on a Taliban base situated in the "Ghond Sahib-ul-Haq" area. The assault led to the elimination of two Taliban terrorists and injuries to three others.

On January 25, 2024, NRF forces executed a strategic offensive against a Taliban position in "Lawai Shahin" within Kapisa province. The engagement concluded with one Taliban terrorist dead and two others sustaining injuries.

On January 30, 2024, NRF forces carried out a targeted operation in Taloqan. NRF forces successfully detonated a mine, targeting a Taliban military vehicle in front of the Taloqan municipality building, situated in the heart of Takhar province. The operation resulted in the death of one Taliban member and injuries to two others.



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Statement by NRF Leadership

On January 5th, the leader of the National Resistance Front, commander Ahmad Massoud, released a statement addressing the Taliban's increasingly blatant crackdown against the innocent women of Afghanistan. The Taliban have been filmed on multiple occasions violently arresting women for not meeting their hijab requirement of not being fully covered from head to toe. This dire development has been reported not just by local sources, but also confirmed by Amnesty International and the UN Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights in Afghanistan, condemning these abductions and calling for their release.

We believe that the Taliban is neither today's Afghanistan nor the future oriented towards freedom, justice, stability, and prosperity of our country.

Therefore, I declare that by resorting to kidnapping and disrespecting women, this group signs its own early demise and further strengthens the motivation for resistance among the brave forces and fighters for dignity and freedom of Afghanistan.

Ahmad Massoud, NRF Leader

Ali Nazary, Head of Foreign Relations for the NRF, commended the hearing held by the House Foreign Affairs Committee on January 12th, which exposed the Taliban's crimes and increasing terrorist network operations resulting from the Biden administration's Afghanistan policy since the US withdrawal.

Following the House Foreign Affairs Committee hearing, on June 30th, Mr. Nazary made a critical statement regarding China's recent steps toward legitimizing the Taliban. Mr. Nazary highlighted the People's Republic of China's acceptance of a Taliban member's credentials as an ambassador, marking a concerning move against the will of the people of Afghanistan. He stressed that true legitimacy arises from the people's choice, underscoring the international community's need to adhere to democratic principles in recognizing entities claiming to represent Afghanistan.

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Taliban Human Rights Violations

The Taliban terrorist regime has shown no signs of change as they continue their gender apartheid against women while teenage girls are banned from attending schools for the last two and a half years. The Taliban continue cracking down on society while increasingly arresting women on the excuse of “improper hijab.” They have not stopped their abducting, torture and killing of citizens on the basis of ethnic discrimination and suspicion of dissent as well as revenge on former security forces.

On January 1st, 2024, multiple sources reported the arrest of several girls in the Dashte Barchi area of Kabul by Taliban forces. They were taken on the charge of “bad hijab” and taken to unknown locations. These arrests of young women from public spaces have been seen by eye witnesses and recorded on camera.

On January 2nd, Taliban insurgents beheaded a former government military official named Mohamad Shahi in Uruzgan province after arresting him from his residence in Gizab district.

On January 4th, local sources again in Uruzgan province confirmed the tragic killing of another former military officer, Akhtar Mohammad, by a Taliban fighter in the village of Kandugak in the central district of Gizab. Akhtar Mohammad was a former police officer from the previous government.

On January 4th, the Taliban again arrested multiple girls for “bad/improper hijab” in the Jaghori district of Ghazni province.

On January 7th, photos emerged of the Taliban violently arresting several women for “improper hijab” in the Taimani area of Kabul during the day, as well as a video of the Taliban abducting several women in the Khairkhana area of Kabul at night. This was even confirmed by Zabihullah Mujahid, the Taliban’s spokesperson, accusing young women of promoting “improper hijab.”

On January 6th and the 16th, the Taliban raided three different radio stations in Ghor and Khost provinces, arresting the head of Radio Seda-ye Adalat for promoting UNAMA’s pro-education messages.

On January 18th, the Taliban shot and killed an ex-government military officer named Ali-Gol Hassani in the Barchi district of Kabul.

On January 18th, the Taliban arrested six young women in Mazar-e-Sharif for “improper hijab.”

FURTHER CONFIRMED ATROCITIES

January 21st

The tortured corpse of former Afghan Special Forces commander Sardar Mohammad, was found in the Karkar area of Pul-e-Khumri after being arrested by the Taliban two months earlier.

January 24th

The Taliban shot and killed Mohammad Yaser, a former soldier of the previous government. A photo of his corpse was published, killed in his home in Diyeh village of Badakhshan.

January 26th

A video was released showing the Taliban violently abducting a girl and her mother in Macroyan area of Kabul for “improper hijab.”